## ORGANIZATIONAL, DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT <br> AND DEPOT MAINTENANCE MANUAL INCLUDING REPAIR PARTS AND SPECIAL TOOLS LISTS <br> OSCILLOSCOPES <br> AN/USM-140B, <br> AN/USM-140C, <br> AN/USM-141A, <br> AND AN/USM-141B

This copy is a reprint which includes current pages from Changes 1 thru 3.

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USASTC (2)
WRAMC (1)
Army Pic Cen (2)
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USATTC (5)
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Ft Monmouth (70)
Ft Hancock (4)
Ft Gordon (10)
Ft Huachuca (10)
WSMR (5)

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# Organizational, Direct Support, General Support, and Depot Maintenance Manual Including Repair Parts and Special Tools List OSCILLOSCOPES AN/USM-140B, AN/USM-140C, AN/USM-141A, AND AN/USM-141B 

TM 11-6625-535-15-1, 5 May 1966, is changed as follows:

1. Title is changed as shown above.
2. Remove and insert pages as indicated in the page list below:

Remove
None

Insert
A4 1 through A4-5
1 through 48
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| Instl (2) except | 11-215 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ft Carson (21) | 11-216 |
| Ft Gordon (10) | 11-500(AA-AC, RL, RU, RV, RX) |
| Ft Huachuca (10) | 12-67 |
| WSMR (3) | 12-77 |
| Svc Colleges (2) | 12-157 |
| USASCS (20) | 29-41 |
| USASESS (20) | 29-51 |
| USAADS (5) | 29-55 |
| USAFAS (5) | 29-57 |
| USAARm MS (5) | 29-102 |
| USAIS (5) | 29-105 |
| USAES (5) | 29-109 |
| USAINTS (3) | 29-134 |
| Army Dep (2) except | 29-136 |
| SAAD (30) LEAD (7) | 29-138 |
| LBAD (14) NAAD (5) | 29-205 |
| TOAD (14) SVAD (5) | 29-206 |
| ATAD (10) | 29-245 |
| Gen Dep (2) | 29-247 |
| Sig Sec, Gen Dep (5) | 29-427 |
| Sig Dep (10) | 29-500 |
| ATS (1) | 30-34 |
| MAAG (1) | 32-56 |
| WRAMC (1) | 32-57 |
| USARMIS (1) | 32-87 |
| ARADG MAC (5) | 32-97 |
| USAERDAA (2) | 44-8 |
| USAERDAW (5) | 44-112 |
| USACRRELI, (2) | 44-255 |
| Sig FLI,DMS (2) | 44-256 |
| Units org under fol TOE: 2 ea. | 55-99 |
| 6-615 67-2 | 55-405 |
| 6-616 77-100 | 55-406 |
| 9-247 | 55-407 |
| 11-15 | 55-457 |
| 11-16 | 55-458 |
| 11-17 | 55-510 |
| 11-19 | 57 |
| 11-117 | 57-100 |
| 11-158 |  |

ARNG: State AG (3).
USAR: None.
For explanation of abbreviations used, see AR 310-50.

The purpose of this temporary correction is to correct minor errors in NAVSHIPS 95706 dated 20 May 1964 which were not covered in temporary correction page T-1, and to indicate changes in model numbers of certain items of the AN/USM-140B equipment. Insert this sheet in the manual immediately behind the front cover.

Make the following pen-and-ink corrections in the text of the manual.
PAGE NO.

## ACTION

v , vi, vii,
1-0, 1-3, 1-6, 1-7,
2-3, 3-11, 4-1, 4-2, 4-3, 6-1, 6-2, 6-26, i-2, i-4

2-2
5-17

5-25
5-26
5-27
5-67
5-71
5-73
5-80

Where applicable, change: "CW-511/USM-105" to "CW-511A/USM";
"MX-3078/USM" to "MX-3078A/USM";
"MX-2817/U" to "MX-2817A/U";
"MX-2962/USM" to "MX-2962B/USM";
add the suffix "A" after "AN/USM-141".
In Figure 2-2, change "1-1/2" to "2-3/8", "19-3/4" to "18-3/8".
After para 5-5a, add "An unused replacement 7308 tube may exhibit a stabilizing action for about twenty-four hours of operation after it is first placed in service. Tubes which have been "aged" at normal operating conditions for this period of time can be used for replacement if it is necessary to avoid a change in tube characteristics during this short break-in period. The V508 position in the MX-2930B/USM Dual Trace Preamplifier is sensitive in this respect and aged tubes are recommended for replacement use in this position.
In Figure 5-10, change "C405" to "L405".
In Figure 5-11, add callout "R270" to resistor directly above C408.
In Figure 5-13, change SWEEP OUTPUT to "J104".
In Figure 5-41, change ground on R258 to "-100V".
In Figure 5-43, at connector marked MILLIVOLTS add "J301".
In Figure 5-44, change R437 to " 2 K ".
In Figure 5-48, below J105 change "166" to "horizontal channel"; below J1 change "162" to "vertical channel".

## TEMPORARY CORRECTION T-1 TO THE TECHNICAL MANUAL FOR OSCILLOSCOPE AN/USM-140B, AN/USM141A, NAVSHIPS 95706.

The purpose of this temporary correction is to correct minor errors in the text of NAVSHIPS 95706 dated 24 March 1964. Insert this sheet in the manual immediately behind the front cover.

Make the following pen-and-ink corrections in the text of the manual.

PAGE NO.
iii
v

4-4
4-7
4-9
4-13
4-17
4-33
5-39
5-41
5-46
5-59
5-63
5-67
5-77

6-1
6-2
6-3
6-4
6-5
6-6
6-9

6-13
6-17
6-24

In running foot, change "ORIGIANL" to "ORIGINAL".
In third paragraph, second line, delete "all"; in last paragraph, ninth line, delete "DC".
In step 6 RESULTS, add "C425" after "L506"; add line across chart between steps 7 and 8 .
At test points All and A18 change arrow to point to "C"; in voltage chart, change A6-A9 voltage from " 3 " to "10".
In table 4-4, steps 14, 15, 16 add "Remove V301 and" before "Measure ." In figure 4-9 add test point "C19, $+41 \mathrm{v}, 40 \mathrm{v} p-\mathrm{p}$ " at junction of C213 and C214.
On etched circuits, for XV206, interchange the tube pin numbers "1" and " 9 ".
On etched circuits, change "R227" to "R277"; in 5-24 caption, change
"Previews" to "Preamp".
In Parts Location Index, delete C413; add "R429, D5" and "R437, B5".
Change value of R88 to " 47 K ".
Change "R105" to "R1012".
In diagram and index change "R227" to R277".
Change value of C1507 to 10; change value of R591 and R592 to 1200;
change value of R570 to 3900; in the transistor connection diagram, interchange " $E$ " and " C ".
Add "Table 6-1" before "List of Tables".
In A202 P/N change "R" to "L".
After "A403, POWER CABLE:" Add "CX-4704/U 8' 0 " ".
For CR416, change "CR403" to "CR103".
For C212, change "Fixed Air" to "Adjustable, ceramic: 0-1 pf, sleeve on resistor body."
For C413 delete description and add "Same as C1".
For Q406 delete "Same as Q401" and add "JAN type 2N1309";
For Q410 delete "JAN type 2N1309" and add "Same as Q406";
For Q411 change "Same as Q410" to "Same as Q406".
Delete "R227"; "R277 RESISTOR: Same as RI".
For W401 change "CX-4704/U" to CO-03LGF(3/18)0206".
For R591 change "RC20GF182K" to "RC20GF122K".

Page 1 of 1

## FRONT MATTER

## UNCLASSIFIED NAVSHIPS 95706

## TABLE OF CONTENTS



## TABLE OF CONTENTS (Cont)

## SECTION 4- TROUBLE SHOOTING (Cont)



| Paragraph |  | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5-1. | Failure, and Performance and |  |
|  | Operational Reports ... | 5-1 |
| 5-2. | Preventive Maintenance | 5-1 |
|  | a. Servicing the Air Filter | 5-1 |
|  | b. Fan Motor | 5-1 |
| 5-3. | Reference Standards Procedures. | 5-1 |
| 5-4. | Adjustments | 5-10 |
|  | a. Low-Voltage Power Supply Adjustment | 5-10 |
|  | b. High-Voltage Power |  |
|  | Supply Adjustment | 5-10 |
|  | c. Geometry Addjustment | 5-12 |
|  | d. Horizontal Amplifier |  |
|  | Adjustment <br> (1) Balance | 5-12 |
|  | (2) Sensitivity | 5-12 |
|  | (3) Frequency Compensation | 5-12 |
|  | e. Sweep Generator Adjust- |  |
|  | ment | 5-14 |
|  | (1) Preset Sensitivity and Trigger Symmetry | 5-14 |
|  | (2) Sweep Length and |  |
|  | Sweep Rate | 5-14 |
|  | f. Main Vertical Amplifier |  |
|  | Adjustment | 5-15 |
|  | (1) Low Frequency Gain | 5-15 |
|  | (2) High Frequency Compensation and Pulse |  |
|  | Response | 5-15 |
|  | g. MX-2930B/USM Vertical |  |
|  | Plug-In | 5-15 |
|  | (1) Balance | 5-15 |
|  | (2) Sensitivity | 5-15 |
|  | (3) Input Capacitance | 5-15 |
|  | (4) Attenuator |  |
|  | Compensation | 5-17 |
|  | (5) High Frequency |  |
|  | Response | 5-17 |
|  | (6) Switching Multivibrator |  |
|  | Frequency | 5-17 |
| 5-5. | Replacement of Components | 5-17 |
|  | a. Tubes | 5-17 |
|  | b. Transistors and Diodes | 5-17 |
|  | c. Removal of Cathode Ray |  |
|  | Tube........................... | 5-19 |
|  | d. Removal of High-Voltage |  |
|  | Power Supply Tubes ... | 5-19 |
|  | e. Access to Sweep Generator | 5-19 |
|  | f. Component Replacement on <br> Etched Circuit Boards | 5-20 |
|  | g. Access to Fan and Power |  |
|  | Supply Transistors ...... | 5-20 |
|  | h. Replacement of Horizontal |  |
|  | Display Switch Assembly, |  |
|  | A200 .......................... | 5-20 |
|  | i. Replacement of Sweep Time |  |
|  | Switch Assembly, A1000 ...... | 5-22 |

SECTION 6--PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES

| Paragraph |  | Pa |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6-1. | Scope of Maintenance | 6-1 |
| 6-2. | Preventive Maintenance | 6-1 |
| 6-3. | Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services Periods |  |
| 6-4. | Daily Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services Chart $\qquad$ | 6-3 |
| 6-5. | Weekly Preventive Maintenance Chec and Services Chart $\qquad$ | 6-4 |
| 6-6. | Monthly Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services Chart .... | 6-4 |
| 6-7. | Quarterly Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services Chart ........ | 6-5 |
| 6-8. | Cleaning | 6-7 |
| 6-9. | Touchup Painting Instructions | 6-7 |


| Paragraph | Page |
| :---: | :---: |
| APPENDIX I. <br>  <br> II. | References .................. A1-1 |
|  | BASIC ISSUE ITEMS LIST (BIIL) and ITEMS TROOP INSTALLED OR AUTHORIZED LIST (ITIAL) |
| SECTION I. | Introduction ................ A2-1 |
| 11. | Basic issue items list .... A2-2 |
| III. | Items troop installed or authorized list (Not applicable) |
| APPENDIX III. | Maintenance Allocation |
|  | Chart ....................... ${ }^{\text {A3-1 }}$ |

Change 3 iv. 1

## LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

Figure
Page
SECTION 1-GENERAL DESCRIPTION

SECTION 3- OPERATION


## SECTION 4- TROUBLE SHOOTING

| 4-1. | Overall Functional Block DiagramOverall Servicing Block Diagram | 4-2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4-2 |  | 4-6 |
| 4-3. | Low-Voltage Power Supply |  |
|  | Functional and Servicing Block |  |
|  | Diagram |  |

4-4. High-Voltage Power Supply
Functional and Servicing Block Diagram
$4 - 1 9 \longdiv { 4 - 2 0 }$
4-5. Simplified Schematic Diagram $\begin{array}{ll}\text { of the Beam Finder Circuit ........... } & 4-18\end{array}$
4-6. Cascode Amplifier/Simplified
Schematic Diagram and Cross-
Coupled Cathode Follower 4-22
4-7. Constant Current Generator Simplified Schematic Diagram ...... 4-23
Main Vertical Amplifier Functional and Servicing Block Diagram
$4-27,4-28$

Figure
Page
SECTION 4- TROUBLE SHOOTING (Cont)

| 4-9. | Horizontal Amplifier Functional and Servicing Block Diagram | 4-33, 4-34 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4-10. | Schmitt Trigger Simplified |  |
|  | Circuit with Waveforms | 4-36 |
| 4-11. | Sweep Generator Functional and Servicing Block | 4-39 4 -40 |
|  | Diagram |  |
| 4-12. | Construction of Vertical |  |
|  | Plug-In Extender 162A-39A | 4-44 |
| 4-13. | Vertical Plug-In Functional and Servicing Block |  |
|  | Diagram .......................... | 4-45, 4-46 |

4-14. Bottom View, Location of Test Points on Low-Voltage Power Supply
4-15. Top View, Location of Test Points on High-Voltage Power Supply 4-48
4-16. Bottom View, Location of Test Points on Horizontal Preamplifier Assembly 4-49
4-17. Top View, Location of Test Points on Main Horizontal Amplifier and Divider Assembly 4-50
4-18. Bottom View, Location of Test Points on Sweep Generator Assembly
4-19. Top View, Location of Test Points on Main Vertical Amplifier Assembly 4-52
4-20. Fan Shroud and Power Transistor Assembly, Location of Test Points and Connections 4-53
4-21. Left Side View of
MX-2930B/USM Vertical Plug-In Assembly, Location of Test Points 4-54
4-22.
Right Side View
of MX-2930B/USM, Location of Test Points4-54

## LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS (Cont)



## LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS (Cont)

| Figure | Page | Figure |  | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SECTION 5- MAINTENANCE (Cont) |  | SECTION 5- MAINTENANCE (Cont) |  |
| 5-47. | MX-3078/USM Horizontal Channel <br> Auxiliary Plug-In Unit <br> Schematic Diagram $\qquad$ | 5-48. | Connections to the Horizontal and Vertical Plug-In <br> Connectors J105 and J1 $\qquad$ | 5-80 |
| LIST OF TABLES |  |  |  |  |
| Table | Page | Table |  | Page |
|  | SECTION 1 - GENERAL DESCRIPTION |  | SECTION 5- MAINTENANCE |  |
| 1-1. | Equipment Supplied with <br> Oscilloscope AN/USM-140B .......... 1-3 | 5-1. | Reference Standards Procedures $\qquad$ | 5-2 |
| 1-2. | Equipment and Publications ........ | 5-2. | Test Equipment for Reference |  |
|  | Required but not Supplied.. |  | Standards Procedures ........... | 5-2 |
| 1-3. | Accessories for Oscilloscope <br> AN/USM-140B ...........................1-7. 1-8 | 5-3. | Power Supply Reference Standards Procedures | 5-3 |
|  |  | 5-4. | Calibrator Reference |  |
|  | SECTION 3- OPERATION |  |  | 5-4 |
| 3-1. | Description of Front-Panel |  |  | 5-5 |
|  | Controls and Connectors .............. | 5-6. | Sweep Generator Reference |  |
| 3-2. | Procedure for Turning On |  | Standards Procedures. | 5-6 |
|  | Oscilloscope and Preparing <br> it for Use $\qquad$ |  | Main Vertical Amplifier Reference Standards |  |
| 3-3. | Selecting and Synchronizing the |  | Procedures ........... | 5-7 |
|  | Sweep and Sweep Magnification ... 3-6 | 5-8. | MX-2930B/USM Vertical Plug-In...... | 5-7 |
| 3-4. | Adjustments Required Following <br> Tube and Semiconductor |  | Reference Standards Procedures | 5-8 |
|  | Replacement .............................. 3-10 | 5-9. | Test Equipment for Adjustment Procedures Reference |  |
|  | SECTION 4. TROUBLE SHOOTING |  | Standards Procedures | 5-10 |
| 4-1. | Test Equipment Required for | 5-10. | Sweep Calibration Reference Standards Procedures | 5-14 |
|  | Trouble Shooting ........................ 4-3 |  |  |  |
| 4-2. | Overall Oscilloscope Trouble |  | SECTION 6- PARTS LIST |  |
| 4-3. | Low-Voltage Power Supply |  | List of Units <br> Maintenance Parts List List of Manufacturers | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 6-1 \\ \hline 6-2 \mid \\ \hline 6-27 \end{array}$ |
|  | Trouble Shooting ........................ 4-8 | $\begin{aligned} & 6-1 . \\ & 6-2 . \\ & 6-3 . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 4-4. | High-Voltage Power Supply Trouble Shooting |  |  |  |
| 4-5. | Main Vertical Amplifier <br> Trouble Shooting $4-23$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 4-6. | Horizontal Amplifier 4 -30 |  |  |  |
|  | Trouble Shooting ........................ 4-30 |  |  |  |
| 4-7. | Sweep Generator Trouble |  |  |  |
| 4-8. | Calibrator Circuit Trouble |  |  |  |
|  | Shooting .................................. 4-41 |  |  |  |



Figure 1-1. Oscilloscope AN/USM-140B

## SECTION A INTRODUCTION

## A-1. Indexes of Publications

a. DA Pam 310-4. Refer to the latest issue of DA Pam 310-4 to determine whether there are new editions, changes, or additional publications pertaining to the equipment.
b. DA Form 310-7. Refer to DA Pam 310-7 to determine whether there are modification work orders (MWO's) pertaining to the equipment.

## A-2. Forms and Records

a. Reports of Maintenance and Unsatisfactory Equipment. Maintenance forms, records, and reports which are to be used by maintenance personnel at all maintenance levels are listed in and prescribed by TM 38-750.
b. Report of Packaging yard Handling Deficiencies. Fill out and forward DD Form 6 (Report of Packaging and Handling Deficiencies)
as prescribed in AR 700-58/NAVSUP PUB 378/AFR 714/MCO P4030.29, and DSAR 4145.8.
c. Discrepancy in Shipment Report (DISREP) (SF 361). Fill out and forward Discrepancy in Shipment Report (DISREP) (SF 361) as prescribed in AR 5538/NAVSUPINST 4610.33/AFM 75-18/MCO P4610.19A, and DSAR 4500.15.

## A-3. Reporting of Errors

The reporting of errors, omissions, and recommendations for improving this publication by the individual user is encouraged. Reports should be submitted on DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publication and Blank Forms) and forwarded direct to Commander, UIS Army Electronics Command, ATTN: AMSEL-MA-C, Fort Monmouth, NJ 07703.

AN/USM-140B
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

UNCLASSIFIED
NAVSHIPS 0967-133-7010
SECTION I GENERAL DESCRIPTION

## 1-1. SCOPE

NAVSHIPS 95706 is a single-volume technical manual that includes operating and servicing instructions and a list of replaceable parts prepared in accordance with MIL-M-15071 E (SHIPS) for Oscilloscopes AN/USM140B, AN/USM-140C, AN/USM-141A, and AN/USM141B. The electrical specifications, operating and servicing instructions, schematic diagrams and parts list are identical for all models with noted exceptions. The AN/USM-140B and AN/'USM-140C are portable models for benchtop use; the AN/'USM-141A and AN/USM141B are designed for permanent installation in a standard 19inch wide rack. No other publications are required or supplied for these oscilloscopes at the date of this publication. Subsequent references to the Oscilloscopes in this manual will list only the cabinet model AN/ USM-140B except to indicate minor differences in details.

## 1-1.1. Items Comprising an Operable Equipment

| FSN | Qty | Nomenclature <br> 6625-987-6603 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oscilloscope AN/USM-140B |  |  |
| consisting of: |  |  |


| FSN | Qty | Nomenclature <br> Cable Assembly, Power, Elec- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5995-985-7744$ |  | (Mbal CX-4704/U (8 ft O in.) <br> tricanted in equipment) <br> (Moun |
| $5935-752-8781$ | 2 | Cord CG-409F/U (Mounted in <br> equipment) <br> Connector, Adapter: MIL type <br> MS35173-274B (Mounted in <br> equipment) |
| 4935-992-6112 | 4892 | 2Adapter, Connector UG-1441/ <br> U |

## 1-2. General Description

The AN/USM-140B is a precision high-speed oscilloscope for displaying the waveforms of electrical voltages at frequencies ranging from direct current to 22 megacycles (equivalent to a risetime of 16 nanoseconds). Vertical deflection sensitivity is continuously adjustable from 200 volts to 20 millivolts per centimeter; horizontal deflection sensitivity is continuously adjustable from 100 volts to 0.1 volt per centimeter at frequencies from direct current to 1 megacycle per second. Sweep rates are continuously adjustable from 15 seconds to 0.1 microsecond per centimeter. The sweep can be synchronized with an external signal or with the signal being viewed. Polarity and sensitivity of the synchronization are selectable to permit synchronization from different voltage points on complex waveforms. The AN/USM-140B is especially developed for general-purpose use in US Navy ship and shore electronic maintenance and research facilities. It is designed for versatility, and reliability under a wide range of environmental conditions, combined with wide frequency range, accurate calibration, and stable synchronization at high sweep rates. Sweep rate, sweep expansion and sensitivity controls are direct-reading. Each calibrated step-type control is equipped with a potentiometer to give

## Change 3 1-1

continuous adjustment between steps. Special features include: a beamfinder pushbutton to simplify the problem of finding and centering off-screen traces; a front-panel calibrator that provides squarewave voltages from 0.2 millivolt to 100 volts for checking the accuracy of the vertical and horizontal sensitivity selectors; an internal 200-nanosecond vertical signal delay to permit viewing the leading edge of the signal that triggers the sweep; sweep and gating output signals for use in external equipment. Typical uses for the oscilloscope include precise waveform analysis and oscillography used ill the research, design and service of electronic circuits, waveform observations required for adjusting operating equipment such as radio transmitters, and precise measurements of time and frequency.

## 1-3. Description of Units

The AN/USM-140B consists of a major oscilloscope unit, two plug-in units which install in recesses in the front panel of the major unit, and a group of accessory cables and connectors stored in the detachable front cover.
a. OSCILLOSCOPE OS-121B/USM-140.The major unit, Oscilloscope OS-121B/USM140, contains the power supplies, horizontal amplifier, sweep generator, main vertical amplifier, cathode ray tube, calibrator and the controls associated with these circuits.
b. OSCILLOSCOPE SUBASSEMBLY, VERTICAL CHANNEL, DUAL TRACE PREAMPLIFIER.-This plugin unit, MX-2930B/ USM, permits simultaneous observation of two separate vertical input signals, each signal being controlled and positioned independently. This unit provides three methods of observing the two input signals, 1) each input signal on alternate sweeps, 2) each input signal on alternate 1-microsecond segments of the two input waveforms, 3) the difference voltage of the two input signals combined. Either channel can be also selected for single-channel operation.

## c. OSCILLOSCOPE

SUBASSEMBLY, HORIZONTAL CHANNEL, AUXILIARY PLUG-

IN UNIT.-This plug-in unit, MX-3078/USM, is required for normal repetitive sweeps and provides for singlesweep operation with either manual or external arming of the sweep, and also permits intensity modulation of the trace by external signals.

## 1-4. Reference Data

The AN/USM-140B is designed for continuous usage in ambient temperatures from $-28^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with relative humidity up to $99 \%$. Within this range, the equipment will operate with the performance and accuracy specified below.

## a. EACH VERTICAL CHANNEL.-

(1) Sensitivity Range (both AC and DC coupling): Ten calibrated ranges in 1-2-5-10 sequence from 0.02 volt/cm to 20 volts $/ \mathrm{cm}$; accuracy $\pm 5$ percent. Vernier control extends sensitivity to 50 volts/cm.
(2) Frequency Pass Band:

DC coupled: dc to 22 mc (down 3 db points at 22 mc$), 0.016 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ rise time;

AC coupled: 2 cps to 22 mc between 3 db points (0.016) $\mu$ sec rise time).
(3) Input Impedance: 1 megohm $\pm 10 \%$ shunted by 30 pf on all ranges. 10 megohms shunted by 10 pf when using Test Prod MX2817/U.
(4) Display Polarity: Selectable, + up or - up.
(5) Electronic Switching: Dual channel display by alternate sweep, or chopped at approximately 1 mc with trace blanking during switching.

## b. DIFFERENTIAL INPUT.-

(1) Both input attenuators may be switched to one channel to give differential input. The input attenuators may be set separately to equalize input signals of different levels.
(2) Common Mode Rejection: At least 40 db at maximum sensitivity; at least 30 db when using attenuators.
c. SWEEP AND SYNCHRONIZATION.-
(1) Internal Sweep: 24 calibrated ranges

Change 3 1-2
in 1-2-5-10 sequence from $0.1 \mu \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{CM}$ to $5 \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$, accuracy $\pm 3$ percent. Vernier control extends slowest sweep to $15 \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$.
(2) Sweep Expansion: 7 calibrated ranges, in 1-2-5-10 sequence up to X100. Increases fastest sweep speed to $0.02 \mu \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$. Accuracy: X1, X2, and X5 ranges $\pm 3 \%$; X10 and X20: $\pm 5 \%$; X50 and X100: $\pm 10 \%$, to $0.02 \mu \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$.
(3) Trigger Modes:

From external signals 0.5 volt peak-topeak or greater;
from internal signals having 0.5 cm vertical deflection or greater; from internal source of line frequency.
(4) Trigger Level and Slope: Uses positive or negative-going voltage, with trigger point continuously adjustable from -30 to +30 volts on external signals or any visible point on the waveform of internal signals.
(5) External Trigger Input Impedance: 1 megohm $\pm 10 \%$ shunted by 70 pf.
(6) Sweep Output: -50 to +50 volts (approx).
(7) Gate Output: +50 volts (approx); length equal to duration of sweep.

## d. HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER.-

(1) Bandwidth:

DC coupled: de to 1 me (down 3 db at 1 me);

AC coupled: 2 cps to 1 me between 3 db points.
(2) Sensitivity: 7 calibrated ranges, in 12-5-10 sequence from 0.1 volt/cm to 10 volts/ cm. Vernier control extends sensitivity to 25 volts/cm.
(3) Input Impedance: 1 megohm $\pm 10 \% \mathrm{c}$ shunted by 30 pf .
e. CALIBRATOR.-
(1) Voltage: 9 calibrated ranges in 1-25-10 sequence, from 0.2 millivolts to 100 volts peak-to-peak; accurate to within $\pm 3 \%$.
(2) Waveform: 1000-cycle square wave, 1 $\mu$ sec rise and decay time.
(3) Current: 5 milliamperes peak-to-peak, $\pm 3 \%$.
(4) Loading: 1 megohm or greater.
f. CATHODE RAY TUBE.-P2 phosphor with compatible green filter. (P31 phosphor may also be used).
(1) Graticule: 10 cm long by 4 cm high graduated in centimeter squares with 2 mm subdivisions on horizontal and vertical axes. Adjustable, edge lighting.
(2) Deflection Plate Connection: Pin type terminals.
(3) Deflection Sensitivity:

Vertical: approximately 20 volts/cm.
Horizontal: approximately 35 volts/cm.
(4) Intensity Modulation: +20 volt pulse blanks CRT trace of normal intensity.
g. PONWER REQUIREMENTS: 115 vac, $\pm 10 \%$; $50 \sim \pm 10 \%, 60 \sim \pm 10 \%$, and $400 \sim \pm 10 \%$; single phase, approximately 480 watts.
h. DIMENSIONS: Seefigures 2-2 and 2-3.

## 1-5. Equipment Supplied

The equipment supplied under AN/USM-140B is listed in table 1-1. In addition to the basic oscilloscope and its two plug-in units, two test prods, two coaxial cables and an assortment of connector adapters are provided to facilitate connecting the oscilloscope to a variety of equipments and circuits. Test Prods MX-2817/U (MX4037/U may also be used) are specially designed broadband probes equipped with alligator jaws for easy attachment to most forms of electrical conductors. Each test prod contains a compensated voltage divider that gives a 10 -times increase in the input resistance of the oscilloscope channel with which it is used (vertical or horizontal input), with a reduced input capacity of 10 picofarads; use of the prod attenuates the input signal and reduces the height of the displayed waveform by a factor of 10 .

Two BNC "TEE" adaptors are provided to facilitate connecting the same input signal to
two different input connectors. Four BNC-to-Binding Post adapters are supplied to permit connecting plain wire leads to the type BNC connector $s$ on the oscilloscope. Two UHF-to-BNC adapters are supplied to permit connection to equipments using UHF connectors. Two eight-foot coaxial cables terminated in BNC
connector s are provided for connection to external equipments.

## 1-6. Equipment and Publications Required but not

 SuppliedA list of all equipments and publications required but not supplied is provided in table 1-2.

## Change 3 1-4

TABLE 1-1. EQUIPMENT SUPPLIED WITH OSCILLOSCOPE AN/USM-140B AND AN/USM-141A

| $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { QTY } \\ \text { PER } \\ \text { EQUIP } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | NOMENCLATURE |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { UNIT } \\ \text { NO. } \end{array}$ | OVERALL DIMENSIONS (IN.) |  |  | VOLUME (CU.IN.) | WEIGHT <br> (LB) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NAME | DESIGNATION |  | HEIGHT | WIDTH | DEPTH |  |  |
| 1 | *Oscilloscope Assembly | AN/USM-140B |  | 14-3/4 | 19-3/4 | 24 | 6700 | $103.5 \dagger \dagger$ |
| 1 | *Oscilloscope | OS-121B/USM-140 | 1 | 12-1/4 | 18 | 22-7/8 | 5100 | 84.5 |
| 1 | Dual Trace Preamplifier | MX-2930B/USM | 2 | 7 | 6 | 11-1/4 | 470 | 7 |
| 1 | Auxiliary Plug-In | MX-3078/USM | 3 | 4-5/8 | 6 | 10-7/8 | 285 | 2 |
| 2 | Prod, test <br> MX-4037/U | MX-2817/U or | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Connector, adapter | UG-255/U |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Connector, adapter | UG-273A/U |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Connector, adapter UG- 1441/U | UG-1035/U or |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Cable Assembly, Power, Electrical | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CX-4704/U } \\ & \text { (8 ft. } 0 \text { inch) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Cord (8t. 0 inch) | CG-409E/U |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Connector, adapter | UG-274B/U |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Technical Manual | NAVSHIPS 95706 |  |  |  |  |  | 3.4 |
| 1 | *Cover | CW-511/USM-150 |  | 14 | 19-1/2 | 3 |  | 4.5 |
| 1 | **Oscilloscope Assembly | AN/USM-141A |  | 12-7/32 | 19 | 24-3/16 |  | $92.5 \dagger \dagger$ |
| 1 | **Oscilloscope | OS-122A/USM-141 | 1† | 12-7/32 | 19 | 24-3/16 |  | 78 |

* Not included in AN/USM- 141A
** Not included in AN/USM- 140B Internal parts of AN/USM-141A are identical to AN/USM- 140B Shipping weight: 136 lbs

TABLE 1-1A. EQUIPMENT SUPPLIED WITH OSCILLOSCOPE AN/USM-140C AND AN/USM-141B

| QTY | NOMENCLATURE |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { UNIT } \\ & \text { NO. } \end{aligned}$ | OVERALL DIMENSIONS (IN.) |  |  | VOLUME (CU.IN.) | WEIGHT <br> (LB) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EQUIP | NAME | DESIGNATION |  | HEIGHT | WIDTH | DEPTH |  |  |
| 1 | *Oscilloscope Assembly | AN/USM-140C |  | 14-3/4 | 19-3/4 | 24 | 6700 | $103.5 \dagger \dagger$ |
| 1 | *Oscilloscope | OS-121C/USM-140 | 1 | 12-1/4 | 18 | 22-7/8 | 5100 | 84.5 |
| 1 | Dual Trace Preamplifier | MX-2930C/USM | 2 | 7 | 6 | 11-1/4 | 470 | 7 |
| 1 | Auxiliary Plug-In | MX-3078B/USM | 3 | 4-5/8 6 | 10-7/8 | 285 | 2 |  |
| 2 | Prod, test | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MX-2817/U or } \\ & \text { OX-4037/U } \end{aligned}$ | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Connector, adapter | UG-255/U |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Connector, adapter | UG-273A/U |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Connector, adapter | UG-1035/U or UG- 1441/U |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Cable Assembly, | CX-4704/U |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Power Electrical | (8ft. 0 inch) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Cord | CG-409E/U <br> ( 8 ft .0 inch ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Connector, adapter | UG-274B/U |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Technical Manual | NAVSHIPS 95706 ( | with | hange 1 Nav\$ | hips 0967- | 133-7010) |  | $4.4 \dagger \dagger$ |
| 1 | *Cover | CW-511/USM-105 |  | 14 | 19-1/2 | 3 |  | 4.5 |
| 1 | **Oscilloscope Assembly | AN/USM-141B |  | 12-7/32 | 19 | 24-3/16 |  | $92.5 \dagger \dagger$ |
| 1 | **Oscilloscope | OS-122B/USM-141 | $1+$ | 12-7/32 | 19 | 24-3/16 |  | 78 |

* Not included in AN/USM-141B
** Not included in AN/USM-140C
$\dagger$ Internal parts of AN/USM-141B are identical to AN/USM-140C
†† Shipping weight: 136 lbs

TABLE 1-2. EQUIPMENT AND PUBLICATIONS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{|c|c|}
\hline \text { QTY } \\
\text { PER } \\
\text { EQUIP }
\end{array}
$$} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{NOMENCLATURE} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{REQUIRED
USE} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{REQUIRED
CHARACTERISTICS} <br>
\hline \& NAME \& * DESIGNATION \& \& <br>
\hline 1

1 \& DC Voltmeter \& | CCUH-825-A-G |
| :--- |
| (AN/USM-98 or Fluke Model 801 or 803) | \& Precision measurement of low voltage power supply and other dc voltages \& Voltage Range: 0 to 400 volts Input Impedance: 1 megohm minimum Accuracy: 0.05\% <br>

\hline 1 \& High Voltage DC Voltmeter \& | AN/USM-116 |
| :--- |
| (Hewlett-Packard Model 410B) | \& Voltage and resistance measurements, highvoltage measurements \& Voltage Range: to 5000 volts Input Impedance: 500 megohms min. Accuracy: 8\% <br>


\hline 1 \& Constant Amplitude \& | No preferred type Generator |
| :--- |
| Tektronix 190A | \& Passband measurement \& Frequency Range: 50 kc to 30 mc Output: 1 volt Accuracy: 2\% <br>


\hline 1 \& Voltmeter Calibrator \& | No preferred type |
| :--- |
| Hewlett-Packard Model 738A | \& Calibrated signal source, dc and 400 cps ac \& Voltage Range: 1 to 100 volts p-p Accuracy: 1\% <br>

\hline 1 \& Square Wave Generator \& No preferred type \& High frequency cornpensation setting \& Rise Time: 3 nsec max. Output: <br>

\hline 1 \& Square Wave Generator \& \[
$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Tektronix } 107 \\
& \text { TS-583-B } \\
& \\
& \text { (TS-583/U or } \\
& \text { Hewlett- Packard } \\
& \text { Model 211A) }
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& Attenuator compensation setting over a wide frequency range \& | 0.5 volt min. |
| :--- |
| Rise Time: |
| 0.14 sec max. |
| Output: |
| up to 25 volts Frequency Range: 1 to 100 kc | <br>


\hline 1 \& Time-Mark Generator \& | AN/USM-108 |
| :--- |
| (Tektronix Model 180A) | \& Sweep time calibration \& | Range: |
| :--- |
| 100 msec to 0.1 psec | <br>


\hline 1 \& Oscilloscope \& | AN USM-140( ) |
| :--- |
| (Hewlett- Packard Model E03-170B) | \& Waveform comparison \& | Calibration: |
| :--- |
| Vertical \& horizontal Input Impedance: 10 megohm/10 pf | <br>


\hline 1 \& | High-Gain Differential Amplifier |
| :--- |
| (Oscilloscope Plug- In) | \& AM-3567/,'USM \& Measuring low-level ac and ripple waveforms \& Sensitivity: $1 \mathrm{mv} / \mathrm{cm}$ from dc to 300 kc Sensitivity: $50 \mathrm{mv}, / \mathrm{cm}$ from dc to above 2.0 mc <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 1-2. (Continued)

| QTY | NOMEN | ATURE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EQUIP | NAME | * DESIGNATION | USE | CHARACTERISTICS |
| 1 | Tube Tester | AN/USM-118( ) | Testing tubes for dynamic and static characteristics | Calibration: <br> $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{pf}$ to 50 pf Range: <br> 1 mv full scale to 300 volts full scale |
| 1 | Q Meter | AN/URM-90 | Capacitance measurement |  |
|  | Electronic AC Voltmeter | ME-6E/U (ME-6/U or | AC voltage measure- |  |
|  |  | Mewlett-Packard |  |  |
| 1 | Transistor Tester Main Vertical Amplifier Test Connector Special Vertical Extender | TS-1100 ( )/U | Testing transistors |  |
|  |  | Construct as shown inffigure 5-1 | To facilitate direct signal connection to |  |
|  |  |  | main vertical amplifier |  |
| 1 |  | Construct as shown in figure 4-12 | To facilitate operation of vertical plug-in unit |  |
|  |  |  | outside of oscilloscope |  |
| 1 | 52-Ohm FeedThrough 5:1 Attenuator | Tektronix | Attenuation for |  |
|  |  | 011-0060-00 | Tektronix Instruments |  |
| 1 | 52-Ohm FeedThrough Termination for Tektronix Instruments | Tektronix | Proper-Impedance |  |
|  |  | 011-001 or | Termination for Tektronix |  |
|  |  | 011-0049-00 | Instruments |  |
| 1 | Instruction Book for DC Voltmeter | Fluke commercial |  |  |
|  |  | manual for Model 801, 803 or 825A |  |  |
| 1 | Instruction Book for High Voltage DC Voltmeter AN/USM- 116 | NAVSHIPS 93808 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Instruction Book for Constant Amplitude Generator, Tektronix Model 190A | Tektronix commercial manual for Model 190A |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Instruction Book for Voltmeter Calibrator, HewlettPackard Model 738A | T.O. 33A1-12-265-1 |  |  |
|  |  | (Hewlett-Packard com- |  |  |
|  |  | mercial manual for |  |  |
|  |  | Model 738A) |  |  |
|  | Instruction Book for Square Wave Generator, Tektronix Model 107 Instruction Book for Square Wave Generator TS-583-B or TS-583/U | T.O. 33A1-8-157-1 |  |  |
| 1 |  | (Tektronix commercial |  |  |
|  |  | Manual for Model 107) |  |  |
| 1 |  | TM 11-5024 |  |  |
|  |  | (Hewlett- Packard com- |  |  |
|  |  | mercial Manual for |  |  |
|  |  | Model 211A) |  |  |
|  | *First entry, preferred test instrument; second entry, commercial |  |  | or military alternate. |

TABLE 1-2. (Continued)


1-7. AUXILIARY ACCESSORY EQUIPMENT.

A list of three accessory plug-in units which may be used with the AN/USM-140B is provided in table 1-3. These units are not supplied with the AN/USM140B, but may be procured separately to increase the oscilloscope's versatility. One unit, Time Delay Generator MX-2962/USM, can be used in place of the MX-3078/USM to provide an accurately calibrated,
adjustable time delay between the time of an externally generated sweep trigger and the start of the oscilloscope sweep. Refer to NAVSHIPS 94309 for instructions. The second is High-Gain Differential Amplifier, AM3567/USM, which can be used in place of the MX2930B/USM to permit display of the differential signals between two channels. The third is High-Gain WideBand Amplifier, AM-3568/USM, which can be used in place of the MX-2930B/USM to view low-level wideband signals requiring high-gain.

TABLE 1-3. ACCESSORIES FOR OSCILLOSCOPE AN/USM-140B

| MODEL | NAME | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| AM-3567/USM | High-Gain <br> Differential <br> Amplifier | Used in place of Dual-Trace Preamplifier <br> MX-2930B/USM for greater input sensitivity. <br> Provides 1-millivolt sensitivity from dc to 300 kc <br> $50-$ millivolt sensitivity from dc to 12 mc |
| AM-3568/USM | High-Gain Wide- <br> Band Amplifier | Used in place of Dual-Trace Preamplifier <br> MX-2930B/USM for viewing fast-rise signals. <br> Provides single-channel, 30-mc passband with <br> 0.05-volt/cm to 50-volt/cm sensitivity. |
| MX-2962/USM | Time Delay <br> Generator | Used in place of Horizontal Channel Auxiliary <br> Plug-in Unit MX-3078/USM to allow expansion <br> of a portion of the waveform. Provides accurately <br> calibrated, adjustable sweep delay. from 10 sec to <br> 1 usec. |

## 1-8. EQUIPMENT SIMILARITIES.

This manual covers both the AN/USM-140B and AN/USM-141 oscilloscopes. The AN/USM-141 is a rack-mount version of the AN/USM-140B, and the two are electrically identical, as described in paragraph 1-1.

## 1-9. FACTORY OR FIELD CHANGES.

Oscilloscope AN/USM-140B (and Oscilloscope AN/USM-141) are new instruments; no factory or field changes have been made as of date of issue.

## 1-10. PREPARATION FOR RESHIPMENT.

Electronic equipment must be packed with special care. The package in which the equipment is originally shipped is designed to give the instrument full protection from adverse environments and from the shock and vibration incurred in shipment. It should be preserved and utilized for reshipment wherever possible. When preparing the AN/USM-140B for shipment, stow the accessory probes, cables, and connectors in their holders inside the cover of the instrument, and lock the cover in place. If the factory-designed package is not in satisfactory condition, pack in accordance with MIL-P116 and MIL-E-17555E.


UNPACKING INSTRUCTIONS OPEN PACKAGE IN ORDER OF LISTING

| ITEM | ACTION | MATERIAL |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | CUT | STEEL STRAPPING |
| 2 | REMOVE | TAPE $-3 "$, GUMMED, FILAMENT |
| 3 | OPEN | CORRUGATED CARTON |
| 4 | REMOVE | TAPE - 3", GUMMED, FILAMENT |
| 5 | OPEN | INNER FLOATING CARTON |
| 6 | OPEN | BARRIER BAG (MOISTURE PROOF) |
| 7 | REMOVE | TAPE -3", GUMMED, FILAMENT |
| 8 | OPEN | CORRUGATED CARTON |
| 9 | REMOVE | CORRUGATED DESICCANT COVER |
| 10 | OPEN | WRAPPER (PAPER) |

Figure 2-0. Exploded View of Shipping Package for AN/USM-140B Oscilloscope

## SECTION 2

## INSTALLATION

## 2-1. UNPACKING AND HANDLING.

The oscilloscope is shipped with all electron tubes installed, including the cathode ray tube. Handle the instrument carefully when removing it from the shipping container.

Inspect the oscilloscope upon receipt for any damage which may have occurred in transit. Check for loose or broken knobs, bent or broken connectors, and dents or scratches on the cabinet and panel surface.

Statements concerning models AN/USM-140B and AN/USM-141A apply also to models AN/USM-140C and AN/USM-141B respectively unless otherwise indicated.

## 2-2. POWER REQUIREMENTS.

The oscilloscope is normally shipped from the factory for use on a single phase, 115 -volt ac source. A power source of 230 -volts may be used if proper connections are made within the oscilloscope, in accordance with the instructions given below. The frequency must be in the range of 50 to 440 cps . The power demand varies, dependent on the combination of plug-in units used. Maximum power demand does not exceed 600 watts. Make sure the power source is proper before plugging in the cord.

The power transformer has two 115 -volt primary windings which are parallel-connected for 115 -volt ac
operation. To convert to series connection for 230 volt use, proceed as follows:
a. First remove the instrument cabinet as follows (not required for the rack-mounted AN/USM141):
(1) Carefully place the oscilloscope with its front panel down, resting it on its carrying handles.
(2) Remove the four cabinet-retaining screws from the rear of the instrument, and lift off the cabinet.
b. Locate the power transformer T401 (see figure 5-10.) Then change its primary wiring from parallel to series connection as follows, in accordance with the detail illustration in figure 2-1.
(1) Remove the jumpers between A1-A4 and

A2-A5.
(2) Connect a jumper between A4-A5.
c. Locate the rectifier circuit board A401 which is also located on the chassis bottom as shown in figure 510. On the rectifier circuit board A401, remove jumper A. Replace it with a $100-\mathrm{K}, 1 / 2$ watt, $10 \%$ resistor. Remove jumper B and replace it with a $68-\mathrm{K}, 1 / 2$-watt, $10 \%$ resistor.
d. Replace fuses F401 and F402 with 4 -ampere slow-blow type fuses. They are located behind the plugin vertical preamplifier, accessible from the side of the instrument as shown in figure 5-11
e. Replace the spare fuses with 4 -ampere, slowblow type. They are located at the side of the plug-in vertical preamplifier.
f. Replace the AN/USM-140B cabinet by the reverse of step a above.


Figure 2-1. Power Connections for Operating the Oscilloscope on 230-volt Power Line

## 2-3. CABINET MODEL AN/USM-140B INSTALLATION.

The dimensions of the cabinet model oscilloscope are shown in figure 2-2. It may be mounted on a mobile test cart or placed on a bench, as desired. Position the oscilloscope to avoid room light reflections and to place all controls within convenient reach. Always provide adequate air circulation around the oscilloscope to ensure cooling. Do not crowd it into a tight enclosure which restricts air flow at sides and rear.

## 2-4. RACK MODEL AN/USM-141 INSTALLATION.

This oscilloscope model is provided in a rack mounting style to fit a standard 19 -inch relay rack. This model is designated AN/USM-141. Figure 2-3 shows the dimensions of this instrument and indicates the installation details. The ends of the chassis
slides attach at the front and rear of the rack as shown in figure 2-3. These slides allow the chassis to be moved in and out without tilting. Panel mounting holes match standard relay panel design. The instrument is shipped with the chassis-mounted portion of each slide attached, and the rack-mounting slides and attaching hardware (as listed in figure 2-3) packed separately ready for installation. To install, mount the rails securely as shown in figure 2-3, and slide the instrument in. Make sure adequate cooling air is available within the rack. Enclosed racks should have air ducts and filters built in.

When the slide-mounted oscilloscope is pulled out from the rack, the slide mechanism has a stop that halts it at the halfway-out position. Depressing the exposed slide button permits extension of the instrument to the full-out position. The slide safety button must be released to allow the oscilloscope to be taken out of the rack from the full-out position.


Figure 2-2. AN/USM-140B Dimensions


Figure 2-3. AN/USM-141 Dimensions

## 2-5. CABLES AND CONNECTORS.

The front cover of the oscilloscope cabinet provides the storage space for all cables and connectors that are needed to operate the oscilloscope. A list of the cables and connectors supplied is given in Table 1-1.
a. POWER CABLE.-An eight foot, three conductor power cable, CX-4704/U ( $8^{\prime} 0$ "), is supplied with the instrument. One end of the cable terminates in a plug which mates with a male jack on the rear of the instrument. The other end of the power cable terminates in a polarized three-contact male plug. One contact of the plug is an offset round pin which grounds the instrument chassis when the plug is used with a grounded receptacle.

To operate the instrument from a two-contact receptacle:
(1) Rotate the offset pin to the side.
(2) Loosen the screw on the offset pin and remove the green (ground) lead.
(3) Connect the green lead to ground.
(4) Insert the plug directly into the receptacle.

## WARNING

If the green lead on the plug is not attached to ground when a twocontact receptacle is used, the instrument panel and cabinet may assume an off-ground potential and present a hazard to operating personnel.
b. TEST PRODS.-Two prods are supplied for connecting the two vertical input channels of the MX2930B/USM to two external signal sources. The test prods permit quick connection to almost any form of
uninsulated circuitry. They are equipped with alligator jaws that are opened by pressing the rear flange on the prode forward. Each probe reduces the waveform height to 1/10th before application to the oscilloscope input: this sacrifice in signal level is made to increase the shunt capacitive reactance and resistance presented to the signal source. The resultant input impedance permits the probe to be connected to most circuits without excessive loading of the circuit under test.

The prods have attached cables terminated in BNC connectors for connection to the vertical channel inputs. A simple external adjustment is provided for adjusting the frequency response of the prods without the need for any additional equipment. The frequency response and waveform height division ratio should be checked whenever exact response must be assured. Refer to figure 3-2.
c. Two BNC terminated cables are supplied for connecting any of the oscilloscope inputs directly to a BNC-terminated signal source.
d. Two UHF-to-BNC adapters are provided so that connections can easily be made to equipments having UHF connectors.
e. Two BNC-to-dual banana adapters are provided to make easy connection at the oscilloscope panel to ordinary test leads terminated in banana connectors.

## 2-6. THE CRT BEZEL, GRATICULE AND FILTER.

The bezel for the CRT will receive standard oscilloscope cameras which are designed to be fitted over and clamped to the bezel. When using a camera on the oscilloscope, the filter and graticule may be left in position or either one may be removed if desired.

The sharpest trace is obtained when using a medium intensity trace.

The graticule is etched on clear plastic. Both the graticule and filter are placed on the inside of the bezel next to the CRT face. The etched side of the graticule must be against the CRT face for least parallax. The filter is for use over the graticule to increase contrast between the trace and CRT face particularly when ambient light is bright and there are reflections on the CRT face. To remove or replace either the graticule or filter, remove the bezel by removing its four attaching screws.

## 2-7. INITIAL ELECTRICAL INSPECTION.

To energize the oscilloscope for the first time, and to check the oscilloscope for proper operation, follow the procedure given in figure 3-2. This procedure includes proper initial control adjustments to prepare the oscilloscope for use.

## SECTION 3

## OPERATION

## 3-1. FUNCTIONAL OPERATION.

Oscilloscope AN/USM-140B is a high-speed, precision instrument used to visually display electrical impulses and simple or complex recurrent waveforms. It consists primarily of a vertical amplifier and a horizontal amplifier which are connected to the deflection plates of a CRT. The vertical amplifier obtains signals from the vertical plug-in unit, amplifies them to the required voltage level, and applies the voltage to the vertical deflection plates of the CRT. The horizontal amplifier accepts either internally generated signals or externally supplied signals and amplifies them to the level required to drive the horizontal deflection plates of the CRT. The interaction of these two systems deflects the CRT beam in a manner that results in a visual display of the waveform on the face of the CRT.

The sweep generator which is part of the horizontal deflection system provides a variable range of sweep times to enable the operator to display one or several cycles of the waveform as required. This range is from 0.1 usec per cm to 5 seconds per cm .

In addition to the main oscilloscope unit the plug-in units listed in table 1-1 are covered in this manual. These plug-in units are designed for quick and easy installation or removal. A single locking knob holds each unit securely in the oscilloscope. No tools are needed to change them, and less than a minute is required.

The calibrator, which is an integral part of the oscilloscope, provides a convenient means of checking horizontal and vertical deflection. The calibrator generates a controlled 1-kc square-wave output which can be displayed on the CRT screen and used as a standard for the oscilloscope.

Two identical test prods are supplied as standard oscilloscope equipment. Isolation networks are built into the probes to reduce the input loading effect of the oscilloscope. The nominal scope input of 1 megohm shunted by 30 pf is changed to 10 megohms shunted by 10 pf at the probe tip. This results in a voltage drop of 10 to 1 in the probe.

## 3-2. PREPARATION FOR USE.

Before attempting to operate the oscilloscope, familiarize yourself with the functions of all the front panel controls and connectors, as given ill paragraph 33 , and read the operating precautions given in paragraph 3-4 Then refer to figure 3-2 for the initial turn-on and operating procedure.

## 3-3. DESCRIPTION OF CONTROLS AND CONNECTORS.

The controls and connectors of the oscilloscope which are normally used by the operator are shown in figure 3-1 and are described in table 3-1. The numbers in figure 3-1 relate each control to the descriptive text in table $3-1$ and do not indicate a preferred order of operation.

## 3-4. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS.

a. Do not apply more than 600 volts peak to either the vertical or horizontal input connector or to the test prods.
b. Prior to turn on, set the INTENSITY control fully counterclockwise to avoid excessive intensity and possible burning of the CRT screen during warm up.
c. Allow at least two inches of clearance at the rear and both sides of the oscilloscope so its forced air cooling system will operate efficiently. Prevent warm air exhausted by other instruments from entering the air intake at the rear of the cabinet.
d. Check the air filter often. Clean it before it restricts air flow. Clean by dipping in warm soapy water. Rinse and dry before replacing. The filter removes easily by lifting the element up in its housing and pulling the bottom outward.

## 3-5. OPERATING PROCEDURES.

Procedures for turning on the oscilloscope, checking oscilloscope performance and obtaining various modes of operation are given in fiqures 3-2, 3-3, tables 3-2, 3-3, and paragraphs 3-6 through 3-14

## 3-6. PROCEDURE FOR TURNING ON OSCILLOSCOPE; COMPENSATING TEST PRODS AND MAKING INITIAL ELECTRICAL INSPECTION.

The procedure of table 3-2, used in conjunction with figure 3-2 gives step-by-step instructions for turning on the oscilloscope, checking its operation and making initial adjustments in preparation for viewing an input signal.

## 3-7. SELECTING AND SYNCHRONIZING THE SWEEP AND ITS MAGNIFICATION.

The procedure of table 3-3. used in conjunction with figure 3-3, gives step-by-step instructions for synchronizing the oscilloscope sweep with an external signal or the signal being viewed, and for obtaining single sweep displays.


Figure 3-1. Oscilloscope Front-Panel Controls and Connectors

## TABLE 3-1. DESCRIPTION OF FRONT-PANEL CONTROLS AND CONNECTORS (INDEX NUMBERS REFER TO FIGURE 3-1)

| ITEM | DESCRIPTION AND FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | POWER Switch. In ON position, turns on all power to the oscilloscope; in off position, removes all power from oscilloscope. The adjacent indicator lamp is illuminated when the oscilloscope is turned on. |
| 2 | CALIBRATOR Switch and VOLTS-MV Connectors (type BNC). A $1-\mathrm{kc}$ square wave calibration signal is provided at the VOLTS and MV connectors, with a peak-to-peak amplitude (in volts or millivolts depending on the connector used) corresponding to the CALIBRATOR switch position. With the CALIBRATOR switch set at CURRENT, a 1 -kc square wave with 5 milliamperes peak current (with source impedance of 200K) is provided at the VOLTS connector. |
| 3 | BEAM FINDER Pushbutton. Used to locate off-screen traces when the oscilloscope beam has been driven offscreen. When this button is pressed, the beam is confined to the screen, brightened and defocused. Then the beam can be centered on the screen by adjusting the HORIZONTAL POSITION and VERTICAL POSITION controls while holding the BEAM FINDER pushbutton depressed. Release of the pushbutton returns the oscilloscope to normal functioning. |
|  | SCALE Control. Adjusts the brightness of the graticule illumination. |
|  | INTENSITY Control. Adjusts the brightness of the oscilloscope t |
| 6 | FOCUS Control. Adjusts the sharpness of the trace in conjunction with the ASTIGMATISM control. |
| 7 | ASTIGMATISM Control. Adjusts the sharpness of the trace in conjunction with the FOCUS control. |
| 8 | VERTICAL POSITION Control (black). Adjusts the vertical position of the Channel A presentation (Channel B has an identical control). |
| 9 | POLARITY Switch (red). Selects the direction of beam deflection for Channel A presentation; in + UP position, a positive signal deflects the beam upward (Channel B has an identical control). |
| 10 | SENSITIVITY Switch (black) and VERNIER Control (red). These controls select the sensitivity of the CHANNEL A input circuit. Each step of the switch is calibrated in VOLTS/CM of vertical deflection. With the VERNIER control in the CALIBRATED position, sensitivity exactly corresponding to the switch setting is provided. Turning the VERNIER control counterclockwise from the CALIBRATED position reduces the height of the displayed waveform and provides continuous adjustment of sensitivity between steps. (Channel B has identical controls.) 11 AC-DC Switch. Selects capacitive (AC) or direct (DC) coupling for the vertical input signal. Set to DC for viewing pulses longer than about 01 second or when the DC component of the signal is desired. Set to AC to avoid beam displacement due to DC voltage on signal (Channel B has an identical control). |

## TABLE 3-1 (Continued)

| ITEM | DESCRIPTION AND FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: |
| 12 |  |
| 13 | Vertical Presentation Selector Switch. Selects mode of CRT presentation of trace(s) from the dual-channel preamplifier: CHANNEL A only; CHANNEL B only; A-B (difference between Channel A and Channel B); ALTERNATE (Channel A and Channel B in sequence on alternate sweeps); CHOPPED (Channel A and Channel B on alternate 1 -usec segments of each sweep). |
| 14 | GATE OUTPUT Connector (type BNC). Provides a +50 -volt unblanking pulse during horizontal sweep time of trace. Connected to ground during retrace. |
| 15 |  |
| 16 | SWEEP OUTPUT Connector (type BNC). Provides a ramp voltage (approximately -50 to +50 volts) which coincides with the internal horizontal sweep. |
| 17 | SWEEP TIME Switch (black) and VERNIER Control (red). These controls select the horizontal sweep rate. The switch is calibrated in 1-2-5 steps, in MICROSECONDS/CM, MILLISECONDS/CM, and SECONDS/CM. With the VERNIER control in the CAL (calibrated) position, the sweep rate corresponds exactly to the switch setting. Turning the VERNIER control counterclockwise from the CAL position slows the sweep and provides continuous adjustment of sweep rate between steps. |
| 18 | INPUT Connector (type BNC). Accepts an external |
| 19 | TRIGGER SOURCE Switch (black). Selects source of the sweep triggering signal (power LINE, INTernal, EXTernal AC, or EXTernal DC). |
| 20 | SWEEP MODE Control (red). Provides a variable adjustment of the sensitivity of the sweep circuit to the trigger signal. Allows selection of either triggered or free running sweep by rotating the control pointer to either the left-hand (TRIGGER) or right-hand (FREE-RUN) sector. When turned fully counterclockwise to the PRESET position, provides greatest sensitivity and permits stable triggering with nearly all signals. |
| 21 | TRIGGER SLOPE Switch (red). Selects the portion of the triggering waveform which triggers the sweep: + (positive-going slope) or (negative-going slope). |
| 22 | TRIGGER LEVEL Control (black). Selects the amplitude point on the input signal waveform at which the sweep will be triggered (range is $\pm 30$ volts from the center 0 position). |
| 23 | SWEEP UNCAL Indicator. Is illuminated when the combined settings of the SWEEP TIME and HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switches place the sweep at an uncalibrated speed. |
| 24 | INPUT Connector (type BNC). Accepts an externally applied horizontal input signal. |
| 25 | AC-DC Switch. Selects capacitive coupling (AC) or direct coupling (DC) for the external horizontal input signal. Set to DC for externally-driven sweep times longer than 1 millisecond or when the DC component of the signal is desired. Set to AC to avoid beam displacement due to DC voltage on signal. |
| 26 | HORIZONTAL DISPLAY Switch (black) and EXTERNAL VERNIER Control (red). Within its EXT SENSITIVITY sector, the switch selects the sensitivity of the horizontal input circuit to an external signal, in VOLTS/CM of horizontal deflection. With the EXTERNAL VERNIER control in the CAL position, sensitivity exactly corresponding to the switch setting is provided. Turning the EXTERNAL VERNIER control counterclockwise from the CAL position reduces the width of the displayed waveform and provides continuous adjustment of sensitivity between steps. Within its INTERNAL SWEEP MAGNIFIER sector, the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch in the X1 position selects the internal sweep as established by the SWEEP TIME switch. In the X2 through X100 positions, the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch expands the waveform presentation horizontally by a factor corresponding to its setting, by increasing the sweep speed a corresponding amount over that selected by the SWEEP TIME switch. |
| 27 | ARMING INPUT Connector (type BNC). Accepts the external signal which arms the internal sweep circuit to allow triggering of one sweep when the SWEEP OCCURRENCE switch is set to SINGLE. <br> (The arming signal must be a pulse of +15 to +25 volts with a duration of 1 to 200 microseconds.) 28 SWEEP ARMED Indicator. Indicates that the sweep circuit is ready to be triggered by an external or internal pulse for a single sweep. Lamp extinguishes after sweep starts. |
| 29 | INTENSITY MODULATION Switch and INPUT Connector (type BNC). Selects NORMAL mode (no intensity modulation) or EXTERNAL modulation of trace intensity. INPUT connector is for the external intensity modulating signal; +20 volts will provide complete blanking of a trace of normal intensity. |
| 30 | SWEEP OCCURRENCE. Selects either NORMAL- or SINGLE-sweep operatio |

## CAUTION

For proper operation, both plug-in units must be pushed in firmly and locked in place with their LOCK knobs. Lock the knobs by turning toward the adjacent side of the instrument following the arrow on the panel.

Figure 3-2

UNCLASSIFIED NAVSHIPS 95706


Figure 3-2. Procedure for Turning on Oscilloscope, Compensating Probe, and Making Initial Electrical Inspection

TABLE 3-2. PROCEDURE FOR TURNING ON OSCILLOSCOPE AND PREPARING IT FOR USE (STEP NUMBERS ARE KEYED TO INDEX NUMBERS ON FIGURE 3-2)

| STEP | ACTION |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Turn INTENSITY control fully counterclockwise. |
| 2 | Connect the oscilloscope to the 115-volt power source and switch POWER to ON. Allow five minutes warm up. |
| 3 | Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch to X1; VERNIER control to CAL. |
| 4 | Set SWEEP TIME switch to .5 MILLISECONDS/CM.; VERNIER control to CAL. |
| 5 | Set SWEEP MODE control to PRESET; TRIGGER SOURCE switch to INT. |
| 6 | Set INTENSITY MODULATION and SWEEP OCCURRENCE switches to NORMAL. |
| 7 | Connect Test Prod BNC terminal to CHANNEL A INPUT connector. |
| 8 | Set Vertical Presentation Switch to CHANNEL A. |
| 9 | Set CHANNEL A SENSITIVITY switch to .05 VOLTS/CM. |
| 10 | Set CALIBRATOR switch to 2. |
| 11 | Connect Test Prod tip to CALIBRATOR VOLTS connector. |
| 12 | Rotate INTENSITY control clockwise until trace appears. If CRT remains blank, press BEAM FINDER button. |

TABLE 3-2. (Continued)

| STEP | ACTION |
| :---: | :--- |
| 13 | Adjust HORIZONTAL POSITION and CHANNEL A VERTICAL POSITION controls until trace is centered on <br> screen. If necessary, readjust INTENSITY. <br> 14 |
| 15 | Adjust FOCUS and ASTIGMATISM controls to obtain a1 thin trace. |
| 16 | Loosen knurled locknut behind rear flange on prod. <br> 17 <br> Holding vinyl sheath behind locknut, rotate rear flange to obtain the best square wave (set insert). <br> Check that vertical deflection is four centimeters (corresponding to .05 volts/cm sensitivity with <br> 2 volts calibrator output and 10:1 attenuation in probe). <br> 18 |
| Tighten prod locknut without changing adjustment. |  |
| Turn Vertical Presentation Switch to CHANNEL B. Repeat the procedure of steps 9 through 17 for <br> Channel B and the other test prod. |  |
| Repeat procedure with the Vertical Presentation Switch set to ALTERNATE and with both prods <br> connected to the calibrator (one driving Channel A and one driving Channel B) to test )both channels <br> simultaneously. |  |
| The oscilloscope is ready for use. To display a single signal connect either probe to the signal <br> and switch the Vertical Presentation Switch to the corresponding channel. Adjust the SENSITIVITY, <br> HORIZONTAL DISPLAY and SWEEP TIME switches and the TRGGER controls as necessary to <br> obtain and synchronize the desired display. (Refer toltable 3-3 and figure 3-3 for more detailed <br> instructions.) For dual-trace operation and other specialized functions, refer to paragraphs 3-7 |  |
| through 3-11. |  |

## 3-8. HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION BY EXTERNAL SIGNALS.

After performing turn-on procedure in table 3-2, steps 1 through 14, connect the external signal to the Horizontal INPUT connector (24, figure 3-1) through either a test prod, a BNC-terminated coaxial cable, or plain wire leads with a BNC -to-binding post adapter. Then set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY selector (26, figure 3-1 within its EXT SENSITIVITY sector to obtain the desired deflection in VOLTS,'CM. To read the voltage of the horizontal deflection directly from the CRT trace, set the EXTERNAL VERNIER (26, fiqure 3-1) to CAL. Set the Input Coupling switch (25, fiqure 3-1) to AC or DC as required (refer to item 25, table 3-1).

## 3-9. DUAL-TRACE OPERATION.

Dual-trace operation is used to compare two different input signals, such as the input and output signals of an amplifier or network.

The vertical plug-in provides two types of dual-trace operation as selected by the Vertical Presentation Switch (13, figure 3-1): ALTERNATE and CHOPPED. On ALTERNATE operation, the output of one channel is shown on the CRT during one sweep and
the output of the other channel during the next sweep. On chopped operation channels are switched at a onemegacycle rate, so both signals appear ill alternate 1 microsecond segments during each sweep.

Alternate operation is for comparing two signals which require use of high sweep speeds. However, for most accurate time comparisons, the sweeps must be triggered by an external signal that is synchronized with both vertical signals. In many cases, one of the vertical signals can be used as the trigger signal as well (by making appropriate external connections). Internal triggering on the vertical signal cannot be used 1) because of the instability that might be produced by the dual-channel display switching. When signal frequency permits, greater accuracy can be obtained by comparing the two signals during a single sweep, as made possible by chopped operation.

Chopped operation is for comparing two signals while using sweep speeds below about five, microseconds/centimeter (which are low compared to the 1megacyclet switching rate). This type of operation permits precise time comparisons because both signals are displayed during the same sweep. In general, external triggering is required. If internal triggering is attempted, the one-megacycle switching signal may trigger the sweep and cause an unstable presentation.


Figure 3-3. Selecting and Synchronizing the Sweep and Sweep Magnification

## TABLE 3-3. SELECTING AND SYNCHRONIZING THE SWEEP AND SWEEP MAGNIFICATION (STEP NUMBERS ARE KEYED TO INDEX NUMBERS ON FIGURE 3-3)

| STEP | ACTION |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Perform turn on procedure as described in steps 1-14 of figure 3-2 and table 3-2. |
| 2 | For normal operation with recurrent sweep, check that INTENSITY MODULATION and SWEEP <br> OCCURRENCE switches are set to NORMAL. <br> 3 |
| 4 | Set HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch to X1. |
| 5 | To provide for internal triggering from the vertical presentation waveform (normally used with <br> single-channel or A-B differential display), set TRIGGER SOURCE switch to INT. If sweep is to <br> be triggered by an external signal, connect signal to trigger INPUT connector and set TRIGGER <br> SOURCE switch to EXT AC or EXT DC. |
| 8 | Set TRIGGER SLOPE switch to trigger on positive- or negative-going slope of the triggering <br> signal as desired. When internal triggering is being used, reversing the POLARITY switch of the <br> channel being monitored reverses the side of the wave that triggers the sweep in addition to <br> inverting the display. |
| 8 | Set SWEEP MODE control to PRESET. For most sync signals and frequencies the PRESET SWEEP <br> position gives stable synchronization. |
| 8 | Select CHANNEL A or CHANNEL B with Vertical Presentation Switch. <br> Connect signal which is to be checked to INPUT connector of channel selected, and set AC-DC |
| Switch for type of coupling desired. |  |

## TABLE 3-3. (Continued)

| STEP | ACTION |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10 | Set SWEEP TIME switch for horizontal display desired. To read time from the horizontal deflection of the trace, set VERNIER control to CAL. Otherwise, set VERNIER control as desired to synchronize the sweep with the frequency of the vertical signal to produce a display containing a specific number of cycles or other desired features of the waveform. |
| 11 | Adjust TRIGGER LEVEL control to the voltage point on the waveform that should begin the sweep. |
| 12 | If necessary readjust SWEEP MODE and/or TRIGGER LEVEL controls to stabilize the sweep. When the trigger frequency is approximately 10 mc or higher, the FREE RUN position of the SWEEP MODE control may be the best position. |
| 13 | Adjust the HORIZONTAL POSITION control so that the portion of trace to be observed or magnified is under the center vertical line of graticule. |
| 14 | Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch to the desired degree of magnification. If combination of selected sweep and degree of magnification produces a sweep faster than $0.02 \mathrm{usec} / \mathrm{cm}$, the SWEEP UNCAL indicator will light indicating that sweep time is no longer calibrated. |
| 15 | For observation of transient pulses and other signals that cannot use recurrent sweep, operate the oscilloscope in the single sweep mode as follows: Set the SWEEP OCCURRENCE switch to SINGLE. (Make all other vertical, horizontal, and trigger control settings as desired, in accordance with the previous directions.) Then apply a +15 to +25 volt (peak) pulse with a duration of 1 to $200 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ to the ARMING INPUT connector, whenever a single sweep is desired. Once the circuit is armed, the next internal or external trigger pulse will trigger a sweep. |
| 16 | Arming can also be accomplished without applying an external pulse to the ARMING INPUT connector by use of the SWEEP MODE control. If the desired position of the SWEEP MODE control for proper triggering is outside the PRESET position, turn the SWEEP MODE control quickly to PRESET and back to the desired position to arm the sweep. If the desired position of the SWEEP MODE control is the PRESET position, momentarily switch the control out of PRESET and back to PRESET to arm the sweep. In either case, the next internal or external trigger pulse will trigger a sweep. |
| 17 | After an external arming pulse is received, or the SWEEP MODE control is switched as in step 16, the SWEEP ARMED indicator lights. This indicator extinguishes as sweep begins. |

## 3-10. DIFFERENTIAL OPERATION.

Differential operation, as selected by the A-B position of the Vertical Presentation Switch (13, figure 31), permits observation of the difference between two signal voltages. It is useful for observing signals which are balanced with respect to ground.

In differential operation, ripple or stray pickup which is common to the two main signals is attenuated. With both the CHANNEL A and CHANNEL B SENSITIVITY switches (10, figure 3-1) set to .02 VOLTS/CM, common-mode signals are attenuated at least 100: 1; with the SENSITIVITY switches at other settings, common-mode signals are attenuated at least 20: 1 . However, the amplitude of common-mode signals (before attenuation) should not exceed the equivalent of 100 centimeters of deflection. For example, if both SENSITIVITY switches are set to .02 VOLTS/CM, the common-mode signal should not exceed 2 volts ( 20 volts at probe input). Excessive common-mode signals overload the amplifiers, causing distortion.

When in differential operation, the most accurate difference signal and greatest common-mode rejection
is obtained when the two input signals to the oscilloscope are balanced and both SENSITIVITY switches are set to the same setting.

During differential operation, the SENSITIVITY and the AC-DC Input Coupling switches (10 and 11, figure 31) of both channels operate on their respective signals; however, only the Channel A VERTICAL POSITION, POLARITY, and VERNIER controls (8, 9, and 10, figure $3-1$ ) are effective.

## 3-11. SINGLE-SWEEP OPERATION.

Single-sweep operation is intended for viewing transients and other one-shot signals and periodic signals which cannot be viewed using normal recurrentsweep operation. In single-sweep operation, the sweep generator is disabled at the end of each sweep and must be armed before it can generate another horizontal sweep trace. The sweep generator can be armed automatically with an external signal or manually with the SWEEP MODE control. Detailed instructions for single-sweep operation are given in steps 15 through 17 of table 3-3.

## 3-12. OPERATION WITH INTENSITY MODULATION.

First perform turn-on procedure in table 3-2, Then set INTENSITY MODULATION switch (29, figure 3-1) to EXTERNAL and connect the external signal to the Intensity Modulation INPUT connector just below the switch. A signal of +20 volts peak will blank the trace when the trace is set for average intensity. Negative voltages brighten the trace.

## 3-13. OPERATION WITH DIRECT CONNECTION TO CRT FOR VERTICAL DEFLECTION.

## WARNING

Before making connections directly to the deflection plates of the CRT, disconnect the oscilloscope from the ac power source. The exposed terminals used for making directdeflection connections operate at bias voltages of about 200 volts dc.
a. With power disconnected from the oscilloscope, remove the access plate on the top of the cabinet, which exposes the CRT direct deflection terminals as shown in figure 3-4.
b. Remove the leads from vertical deflection plate terminals D3 and D4.
c. Connect input coupling components to provide for input signal and bias voltage coupling as shown in figure 3-4. Use capacitors with good high-frequency response, such as C103 listed in table 6-2. With the bias connections shown, the front panel VERTICAL POSITION control remains effective.
d. For single-ended input, ground the common signal lead at the point shown by the dashed ground lead in figure 3-4. For balanced input, leave both signal leads ungrounded.
e. Connect the input power cord and turn the oscilloscope on. The procedures previously described for horizontal sweep operation can be used, except that an external signal must be used for triggering the sweep.

## 3-14. SUMMARY OF OPERATING PROCEDURES.

Refer to table 3-2 and figure 3-2 for a summary operating procedure. Summary information about the function of any particular control(s) can be found in table 3-1 which is keyed to control locations shown in figure 31.

## 3-15. TURN-OFF PROCEDURE.

When the oscilloscope is not being used but it is necessary to leave it turned on for instant service, rotate the INTENSITY control fully counterclockwise to extinguish the trace and prevent burning the CRT. At all other times, turn the intensity control fully counterclockwise and turn the POWER switch off to remove all power from the oscilloscope.


Figure 3-4. Connections for Direct Deflection Operation

## 3-16. OPERATOR'S MAINTENANCE.

Maintenance by operating personnel is limited to checking and adjusting vertical sensitivity and balance, cleaning the air filter, replacing fuses, or emergency replacement of electron tubes and semiconductors. Fuses for the +110 volt and -100 volt power supplies, plus spare fuses for these supplies, are located at the rear of the horizontal plug-in compartment. Fuses for the +370 volt supply, 6.3 volt supply and the power line, plus a spare fuse for each, are located at the rear of the vertical plug-in compartment (see figure 5-11). Localization of trouble to a particular electron tube or semiconductor often requires technical skill and use of trouble-shooting techniques. In many cases a calibration adjustment is required when a tube is replaced. Therefore, only a technician should replace tubes and semiconductors, except in an emergency.

## 3-17. OPERATING CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS.

The following tests show the operating condition of the oscilloscope. The checks consist of testing vertical and horizontal sensitivity calibration, and vertical balance. Vertical sensitivity calibration need be checked only occasionally under normal circumstances. However, if the oscilloscope is subjected to extreme environmental conditions or is to be used to the full extent of its rated accuracy, vertical sensitivity calibration should be checked each time the oscilloscope is put into operation.
a. VERTICAL SENSITIVITY CHECK.-Perform the turn-on procedure given in figure 3-2 and table 3-2 checking Channel A and Channel B in turn. If a test prod is used in this test, set the CALIBRATOR
switch to 2 and input sensitivity to .05 VOLTS/CM and if necessary, adjust the CHANNEL A SENS. CAL. (screwdriver adjustment on panel of Dual Trace Preamplifier) on the panel to obtain a square wave exactly 4 cm high. If a plain wire connection is used for the calibration voltage input, set the CALIBRATOR to . 2 to produce the same deflection. Repeat the procedure for Channel B. If either channel cannot be adjusted to the proper sensitivity, the oscilloscope should be calibrated in accordance with the procedure given ill Section 5.
b. BALANCE CHECK.-Balance is properly set if the presentation for either channel has no vertical shift when the sensitivity VERNIER control for that channel is rotated, or when the POLARITY switch is switched between + UP and UP. The adjustment is not critical and need be set only when the shift is enough to be annoying. Proceed as follows:
(1) With the oscilloscope turned on, set the Vertical Presentation Switch to CHANNEL A and SWEEP MODE to FREE RUN.
(2) Adjust Channel A BAL (screwdriver adjustment on panel of Dual Trace Preamplifier) to obtain minimum vertical shift of trace as Channel A. POLARITY is switched between + UP and UP.
(3) Repeat for Channel B.
c. HORIZONTAL SENSITIVITY CHECK.
(1) Connect VOLTS output of CALIBRATOR to INPUT connector of horizontal amplifier (24, figure 31) using a plain wire connection.
(2) Set CALIBRATOR switch to 5.
(3) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control to EXT., SENSITIVITY to 1 VOLTS/CM, and set the EXTERNAL VERNIER control to CAL.
(4) The trace should be deflected 5 centimeters $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{~cm}$. If the horizontal deflection is outside the above range, the oscilloscope should be calibrated in accordance with the procedure given in Section 5.

## 3-18. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE.

The air filter installed over the air intake on the rear of the cabinet prevents dust and dirt from entering the oscilloscope. The filter must be cleaned periodically so as not to restrict air flow into the cabinet. For the cleaning procedure, see paragraph

5-2a. The fan motor requires one drop of oil in each bearing once every six months, in continuous operation (see paragraph 5-2b).

## WARNING

## This instrument contains voltages as high as 8600 volts, which can cause death on contact. Turn the instrument off before touching any internal part.

## 3-19. EMERGENCY MAINTENANCE.

a. THERMAL SWITCH.-The oscilloscope has a thermal switch which opens the main power circuit if the temperature within the cabinet exceeds $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, $\mathrm{i} 5^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. If the instrument goes off during operation remove the Dual Trace Preamplifier plug-in with POWER still turned ON, and observe the neon lamp to the right of the fuse bracket inside the plug-in compartment. If the lamp is lit, the oscilloscope was overheated. Turn off the POWER switch, and investigate the cause of overheating. Be sure there is adequate clearance around the cabinet for the free circulation of air, that the air entering the cabinet is not preheated by recirculation, that the air filter is clean, and that the motor turns the fan at normal speed (approximately 2400 rpm ). The thermal switch will automatically reclose the main power circuit when the temperature inside the cabinet returns to $120^{\circ} \mathrm{F},+5^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Before returning the oscilloscope to service, be sure the fan is operating.
b. FUSE REPLACEMENT. If the oscilloscope fails to operate when connected to a proper power source, check all fuses by substitution. (See paragraph 3-16 and figure 5-11 for fuse locations.)
c. EMERGENCY REPLACEMENT OF TUBES AND SEMICONDUCTORS.-In an emergency, operating personnel can replace tubes and semiconductors listed in table 3-2 without making the indicated adjustment. However, a technician should make the indicated adjustment as soon as possible after the replacement is made. In non-emergency conditions, tube replacement should be carried out as a part of systematic trouble shooting, following the procedure of Section 4. (See paragraph $5-2 \mathrm{~b}$ for instructions for access to the oscilloscope chassis and figure 5-6 for an overall tube and semiconductor illustration.)

TABLE 3-4. ADJUSTMENTS REQUIRED FOLLOWING TUBE AND SEMICONDUCTOR REPLACEMENT

| TUBE OR SEMICONDUCTOR | FUNCTION | ADJUSTMENT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Main Vertical Amplifier (Etched Circuit Assemblies A1 and A2; figures 5-14]and 5-15 |  |  |
| V1 | Cathode Follower | None |
| V2 | Input Amplifier/Cathode Follower | Main Vertical Amplifier Gain and High Frequency Compensation (paragraph 5-4f) |
| V3 | Input Amplifier/Cathode Follower | Main Vertical Amplifier Gain and High <br> Frequency Compensation (paragraph 5-4f) |
| V4 | Internal Trigger Amplifier/ Cathode Follower | None |
| V5 | Internal Trigger Amplifier/ Cathode Follower | None |
| V6 | Cathode Follower | None |
| V7 | Constant Current Generator | None |
| V10 | Cathode Follower | None |
| V11 through V13 | Output Amplifier | Main Vertical Amplifier Gain and High <br> Frequency Compensation (paragraph 5-4k) |
| Sweep Generator (Etched Circuit Assembly A101 figure 5-17) |  |  |
| CR101 | Clamp | None |
| CR102 | Limiter | None |
| CR103 | Limiter | None |
| CR104 | Switch Diode | Sweep Time Calibration (paragraph 5-4e(2)) |
| V1i01 | Trigger Amplifier | Trigger Symmetry (paragraph 5-4¢(1) |
| V103 | Trigger Generator | None |
| V104 | Gate Generator | Preset (paragraph 5-4e(1)) |
| V105 | Gate Generator/Clamp | Preset (paragraph 5-4e(1)) |
| V107 | Cathode Follower | None |
| V109 | Integrator | Sweep Time Calibration (paragraph 5-4e(2)) |
| V113 | Bias Control Cathode Follower | None |
| V114 | Cathode Follower | None |
| V115 | Output Cathode Follower | None |
| Horizontal Amplifier (Etched Circuit Assemblies A202 and A203; figures 5-23 and 5-24 |  |  |
| Q201/202 | Differential Amplifier | All Horizontal Amplifier Adjustments (par. 5-4d) |
| V201 | External Input Cathode Follower/Input Cathode Follower | External Vernier Balance (paragraph 5-4d(1)) |
| V202 | Cathode Follower | X100 Gain and Balance (paragraph 5-4d(2)) |
| V203 | Cathode Follower | None |
| V204/205 | Differential Amplifier | All Horizontal Amplifier Adjustments (par. 5-4d) |
| V206 | Output Cathode Follower | None |
| V207 | Capacitance Driver | Capacitance Driver (paragraph 5-4d(3)) |

TABLE 3-4. (Continued)

| TUBE OR SEMICONDUCTOR | FUNCTION | ADJUSTMENT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High Voltage Power Supply (Etched Circuit Assemblies A301 and A302; figures 5-26 and 5-27] |  |  |
| V301 | Amplifier | High Voltage, R321 (paragraph 5-4b) |
| V304 | R.F. Oscillator | None |
| V305 | CRT | All Main Vertical Amplifier and Horizontal Amplifier Adjustments (paragraphs 5-4d and f) |
| V308 through | Rectifier | None |
|  |  |  |
| V306 | Multivibrator | None |
| V307 | Clamp Diode/Disconnect Diode | None |
| Low Voltage Power Supplies (Etched Circuit Assemblies A401 and A402; figures 5-28 and 5-29) |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { CR401 through } \\ \text { CR415 } \end{array}$ | Rectifier | None |
| CR413 | Reference Diode | None |
| CR414/415 | Rectifier | None |
| CR416 | Reference | 6.3 Volt Supply paragraph 5-43(2)) |
| Q401 through Q419 | Amplifier, Emitter Followers, Regulators | None |
| V401 | Voltage Regulator | -100 Volt Supply (paragraph 5-4a(1)) |
| MX-2930A/USM Dual Trace Preamplifier (Etched Circuit Assemblies A501 and A502 figures 5-31) and 5-32) |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| CR501 through CR506 | Coupling, Clamp Diodes | None |
| Q501/502 | Differential Amplifier | Sensitivity Calibration and Vernier Balance, Channel A (paragraphs 5-4g(1) and (2)) |
| Q503/504 | Differential Amplifier | Sensitivity Calibration and Vernier Balance, Channel B |
| V501 | Cathode Follower | Vernier Balance, Channel A paragraph 5-4g(1)) |
| V502 | Transistor Driver | Sensitivity Calibration and Vernier Balance, Channel A paragraphs 5-4g(1) and (2)) |
| V503 | Output Cathode Follower | None |
| V504 | Cathode Follower | Vernier Balance, Channel B paragraph 5-49(1)) |
| V505 | Transistor Driver | Sensitivity Calibration and Vernier Balance, Channel B (paragraphs 5-4g(1) and (2)) |
| V506 | Output Cathode Follower | None |
| V507 | Amplifier/Cathode Follower | None |
| V508 | Switching Multivibrator | Multivibrator Frequency (paragraph 5-4g(6)) |
| MX-3078,/USM Auxiliary Plug-In (figure 5-36) |  |  |
| CR1 | Limiter | None |

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## Paragraph

4-1

## SECTION 4

## TROUBLE SHOOTING

## 4-1. INTRODUCTION.

This section contains information that can be used to quickly and efficiently locate and correct the cause of an equipment malfunction or performance degradation. The basic troubleshooting technique is based on the following six logical steps:
a. SYMPTOM RECOGNITION. Not all malfunctions are immediately obvious in normal use, such as performance degradation. Such faults will be exposed however, in the Reference Standards Procedures of Section 5. The technician should be critical of any variation in equipment performance to indicate the "not so apparent" malfunctions.
b. SYMPTOM ELABORATION. When a malfunction is suspected, the technician should test all performance characteristics to gain as much information as possible about the oscilloscope performance. When all the information is collected about the response to front-panel controls, CRT display behavior, etc., it will then be easier to localize the faulty section.
c. DETERMINING PROBABLE FAULTY SECTION. A thorough understanding of the principles of operation of the oscilloscope, which are included in this section, will help the technician to make a logical choice as to which circuit or section could cause the improper performance. In most cases it is a good procedure to "think through" or list the faulty sections stage by stage before proceeding with trouble shooting. This Troubleshooting Section is arranged with a separate theory description and troubleshooting procedures for each major section, including functional and servicing block diagrams, to aid in understanding individual circuits and localizing troubles to them.
d. LOCATING THE FAULTY FUNCTION. Refer to the list of probable faults made in step c and, if necessary, arrange them into the most efficient testing order. The troubleshooting procedures in this section are designed to isolate tests to the major sections of the oscillograph.
e. LOCALIZING THE FAULTY CIRCUIT. When the faulty major section has been isolated, there still remain several possibilities of faulty circuits within that section.
f. FAILURE ANALYSIS: When the faulty circuit or component has been discovered, it is important to review the steps that led to its discovery to determine where the primary fault may be. For example, a faulty vacuum tube may have been caused by an undiscovered shorted capacitor in its circuit. Any additional information about the circuit performance gathered at the very beginning of the troubleshooting procedure can be very useful now. This review is necessary to make certain that the discovered fault is the cause and not the result of the malfunction.
g. TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR TROUBLE SHOOTING. Table 4-1 lists the test equipment required for trouble shooting.
h. WIRING COLOR CODE. Where color coding is not the same in all models, the color coding, for Model AN/USM-140C and AN/USM-141B, is shown in parentheses.

## 4-2. OVERALL OSCILLOSCOPE

a. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION OF OSCILLOSCOPE. The oscilloscope produces a graphical picture of applied voltage variations on the face of a CRT. Figure 4-1 is an overall functional block diagram of the oscilloscope. The functional sections are:
(1) Low-Voltage Power Supply
(2) High-Voltage Power Supply
(3) Beam Finder Circuit
(4) Main Vertical Amplifier
(5) Horizontal Amplifier
(6) Sweep Generator
(7) MX-3078/USM Horizontal Plug-In
(8) Calibrator Circuit
(9) MX-2930B/USM Vertical Plug-In
b. LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLIES. The lowvoltage power supplies provide the voltages required by the oscilloscope and plug-in units. All DC voltages provided by the supplies (except to the fan) are regulated.
c. HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY. The highvoltage power supply generates the high voltages required for operation of the CRT.
d. BEAM FINDER CIRCUIT. The beam finder circuit intensifies and centers the CRT display so that "lost" traces may be located and adjusted.
e. MAIN VERTICAL AMPLIFIER. The main vertical amplifier amplifies the signals received from the vertical plug-in and applies the signals to the vertical deflection plates of the CRT. The main vertical amplifier also applies a synchronization signal derived from the vertical input signal to the sweep generator for internal triggering of the sweep.
f. HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER. The horizontal amplifier converts the sweep or external horizontal signal to a balanced signal, amplifies it, and applies it to the horizontal deflection plates of the CRT.
g. SWEEP GENERATOR. The sweep generator generates a linearly rising voltage to sweep the CRT beam horizontally across the CRT screen. The sweep generator thus provides a linear time base on which to display the vertical signals. The generator can be operated as a triggered or free-running circuit. A delay line (0.2 microsecond) is provided within the main vertical amplifier to delay the displayed signal long enough to allow the sweep generator to be triggered before the signal appears on the CRT.


Figure 4-1. Overall Functional Block Diagram
h. MX-3078/USM HORIZONTAL PLUG-IN. The horizontal plug-in unit makes provision for single sweep operation and for external intensity modulation.
i. MX-2930B/USM VERTICAL PLUG-IN. -This Dual Trace Preamplifier plug-in unit receives the two separate vertical input signals and provides separate attenuation or preamplification as required, with separate sensitivity, positioning, and polarity controls for each channel. This plug-in unit can provide for the following display modes: one signal only, two signals displayed on alternate sweeps, two signals chopped for display on the same sweep, or a difference signal resulting from the subtraction of two signals. In any of these modes, after making the appropriate signal combination, the unit converts the signal into balanced form and applies it to the input of the main vertical amplifier.
j. CALIBRATOR CIRCUIT. The calibrator circuit generates a 1-kilocycle square wave for checking the calibration of the vertical and horizontal amplifiers and for compensating for test prods.

## 4-3. OVERALL OSCILLOSCOPE TROUBLE SHOOTING

Before attempting any trouble-shooting procedure, first make an overall preliminary check of the equipment. Look for external defects such as a dirty filter, broken or loose controls, damaged CRT or graticule, and damaged input connectors. Then remove the cabinet following the directions in paragraph 5-2b, and with power removed,

TABLE 4-1. TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR TROUBLE SHOOTING

| DESIGNATION |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| AN/USM-98 | DC Voltmeter |
| AN/USM-116 | High-Voltage Voltmeter |
| ME-6/U | AC Voltmeter |
| AN/USM-90 | Q Meter |
| AN/USM-108 | Time-Mark Generator |
| Model 107 | Square Wave Generator (Tektronix) |
| AN/USM-140B | Oscilloscope with High-Gain $\quad$ Differential |
| with | Amplifier Plug-In |
| AM-3567/USM | Aler |
| NOTE: See table 1-2 for full description. |  |

CAUTION
If any tubes are replaced as a part of trouble shooting, circuit adjustments may be required before the oscilloscope can be operated. Refer to table 3-4 for a complete listing of tubes and the adjustments required when certain tubes are replaced. Tube locations are shown in figure 5-6.

TABLE 4-2. OVER-ALL OSCILLOSCOPE TROUBLE SHOOTING

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Connect oscilloscope to power source and turn the POWER switch ON. | POWER ON indicator lights and fan operates. | 4 |
|  |  | POWER ON indicator lights and fan doesn't operate. | 2 |
|  |  | If both POWER ON indicator and fan don't operate, check line fuses F401 and F402, the power cable, and the power switch. |  |
| 2 | Check overheat indicator behind vertical plug-in unit. | If indicator is on, thermal relay has turned power off. Remove the cause of overheating. |  |
|  |  | Indicator light is off. | 3 |
| 3 | Check $\pm 6.3$ volts supply fuse F406 behind vertical plug-in unit. | If fuse F406 is good, check the fan. |  |
|  |  | If fuse is faulty, replace F406, and then refer to the trouble-shooting procedures for the $\pm 6.3$ volt supply in the low-voltage power supply. |  |
| 4 | Set the INTENSITY FOCUS, ASTIGMATISM controls for a clear bright spot or trace. Use the BEAM bright spot or HORIZONTAL and VERTICAL POSITION controls to center the trace. | Clear bright trace appears on screen. | 5 |
|  |  | Blurred spot appears when BEAM FINDER pressed but can't be centered. Note whether offset is vertical or horizontal, then refer to the troubleshooting procedures for the vertical or horizontal amplifiers. |  |
|  |  | If trace appears only when the BEAM FINDER is pressed and the INTENSITY set fully clockwise, check the V107 circuit in the sweep generator. |  |
|  |  | If nothing appears on the CRT screen with the BEAM FINDER pressed and the INTENSITY set fully clockwise, refer to the low- and high-voltage power supply trouble-shooting procedures. Also check the output stages of the vertical and horizontal amplifiers, or the CRT. |  |

UNCLASSIFIED
AN/USM-140B
4-2
NAVSHIPS 95706
TABLE 4-2. (Continued)

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | Set Channel A SENSITIVITY to .02, CALIBRATOR to 100 , SWEEP TIME to .5 MILLISECONDS/CM, and the TRIGGER S OURCE to INT. Connect CALIBRATOR MV OUTPUT to the Channel A INPUT. Set the SWEEP MODE to FREE RUN then to PRESET. Repeat for Channel B. | Square wave appears on CRT on both free-running and preset sweep. | 6 |
|  |  | If only one channel of dual channel amplifier functions normally, check |  |
|  |  | If little or no deflection from either channel of dual channel amplifier, refer to trouble-shooting procedures for main vertical amplifier, dual channel plug-in unit, and calibrator. |  |
|  |  | If presentation is unstable or present only with SWEEP MODE set to FREE RUN, check the trigger circuits, including V3, V4, and V5 in the main vertical amplifier, and V101 and V103 in the sweep generator. |  |
|  |  | If sweep appears far out of calibration, check sweep calibration or calibrator frequency. |  |
|  |  | If both vertical sensitivity and sweep appear far out of calibration, check all DC supply voltages. |  |
| 6 | Leave control settings and connections as in step 5 above, except set Vertical Presentation Switch to CHOPPED and then to ALTERNATE. | Dual channel presentation on CRT. Normal operation on steps 5 and 6 indicates all major circuits are operating. Rotate switches and controls to check all possibilities. |  |
|  |  | If dual channel presentation occurs on CHOPPED only, check V507 circuit in dual channel plug-in unit. |  |
| 7 | Disconnect dual trace amplifier by sliding it partially out of oscilloscope. | If sweep is approximately centered vertically $\pm 2 \mathrm{~cm}$, check the dual channel plug-in unit. |  |
|  |  | If sweep remains vertically offset, check the main vertical amplifier. |  |



Figure 4-2. Overall Servicing Block Diagram

## AN/USM-140B TROUBLE SHOOTING

## 4-4. LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY.

a. LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION. The low-voltage power supply section is a group of regulated DC supplies consisting of four voltage-regulator circuits on one etched circuit assembly (A402) which are powered by four sets of solid-state rectifiers on a separate etched circuit assembly (A401). The Low-Voltage Power Supply Functional and Servicing Block Diagram, Figure $4-3$, shows the functional relationship of all circuits in the low-voltage power supply and gives test points and voltages as an aid in trouble shooting. The four regulator circuits supply 12.6 volts, -100 volts, +110 volts, and +260 volts. The output of the +260 volt regulator is connected in series with the output of the +110 volt regulator in order to supply +370 volts. Each supply has an adjustment potentiometer to set its output voltage accurately; however, the - 100 volt supply must be set first as its output voltage is used as a reference voltage for the +110 and +370 volt supplies and as an operating voltage in the 12.6 volt supply. The -100 volt supply uses a type 5651 gas regulator tube for its reference voltage; the 12.6 volt supply uses a breakdown diode to supply its reference voltage.

All four regulators operate in the same manner. In each regulator, a series regulator transistor (such as Q413 in the -100 volt supply) acts as an adjustable resistance in series with the load. A comparison amplifier (such as Q410 and Q411 in the -100 volt supply) compares a sample of the regulator output voltage (obtained from R450 and R451 in the -100 volt supply) against a stable reference voltage (obtained from V401 in the - 100 volt supply). Any DC shift or AC ripple in the output voltage is amplified and applied to the base of the series regulator transistor. The signal is applied to the base with the proper polarity and amplitude to instantly adjust the resistance of the series element to counteract the initial change in output voltage and hold the output constant.

The 12.6 volt supply provides DC current for all tube heaters. The supply is ungrounded, and the heaters are connected in two equal-current parallel strings. The two strings are connected in series, the mid point is grounded, and the ends are connected across the 12.6 volt supply. Correct voltage adjustment consists of setting the 12.6 volts exactly and making sure that the voltages across the two strings are equal to within +0.2 volts. A greater inequality means that some tube heater is open or shorted, or that an improper type of tube has been installed.
b. LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY TROUBLE SHOOTING. Trouble symptoms in any of the lowvoltage power supplies can be divided into four classes: (1) no output; (2) high or low output voltage that cannot be adjusted to proper value; (3) output voltage that does not remain constant as the line voltage is varied $\pm 10 \%$ from 115 volts; and (4) a ripple level on the output that is greater than specified. Table 4-3 is a trouble-shooting chart for the low-voltage power supply. The step-bystep procedure given in table 4-3 s based on the trouble shooting techniques discussed below.

Since the four regulator circuits are interdependent, the first step in trouble shooting is to determine which supply is faulty, and the first supply to check is the -100 volt supply, since it serves as a reference for the other supplies. This is done by measuring the -100 volt supply first to be sure it operates properly, and then proceeding with the 12.6 volt supply, +110 volt supply and the +370 volt supply in that order. First measure the DC output voltage of the regulator under test, then adjust the line voltage $10 \%$, while making the same measurement, to assure that the regulator operates properly when exposed to line voltage variations. Next measure the ripple level on the output of the regulator (with an oscilloscope), and then adjust the line voltage $\pm 10$ while repeating the same measurement. These measurements will identify the trouble symptom; and the trouble can be further localized by following subsequent steps of the troubleshooting chart.

The cause of the symptoms of high and low output voltage and poor regulation are most often located by measuring the DC voltages at the transistor elements and comparing them with the voltages given on the block diagram (figure 4-3) and the schematic diagram (figure 5-44). Because of the large degree of degenerative feedback in each regulator circuit, some trouble symptoms may be difficult to isolate. For such cases, an additional set of voltages is given in parentheses on both the block and schematic diagrams. These voltages are taken with the feedback loop opened in the one supply being measured. The feedback loop in each regulator is opened by disconnecting the lead from the regulator circuit on the etched board to the base of the associated transistor mounted on the fan shroud as specified in the block and schematic diagram notes. The leads to the transistors mounted on the fan shroud are shown in detail in figure 4-20. Within each supply, the leads connect as follows: to test point A29 in the 12.6 volt supply, A9 in the -100 volt supply, A16 in the +110 volt supply, and A22 in the +370 volt supply.

To better understand the symptom of high ripple level in the output voltage of a power supply regulator, consider that the complete circuits consist of the DC power source (rectifiers and filter), complete regulator circuit, and the load. The ripple level across the load is equal to the ripple level across the DC power source minus the ripple level across the series regulator. The ripple across the series regulator is a function of the DC gain of the regulator amplifier. The ripple level across the DC power source is a function of the line voltage, the filter capacity, and the inductance that follows the rectifiers. An increase in ripple can be caused by a loss in gain in the regulator amplifier (which would also cause a loss of DC regulation), or it could be caused by a loss in capacity or inductance in the input filter (which may not be accompanied by a loss of DC regulation), or it may be caused by a large undesired increase in load current resulting from a short circuit. Ripple voltage measurement tests are included in the trouble-shooting chart, table 4-3 and are also indicated in tabular form, keyed to test points, on both the block and schematic diagrams. Test point locations are shown in figure 4-14.

USEFUL ILLUSTRATIONS OF THE LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY

| Illustration | Figure No. | Page No. | Illustration | Figure No. | Page No. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Block Diagram | $4-3$ | $4-13,4-14$ | Location of Parts | $4-20$ | $4-53$ |
| Location of Test Points | $4-14$ | $4-47$ |  | $5-28$ | $5-46$ |
|  |  | $4-47$ |  | $5-29$ | $5-47,5-48$ |
|  |  |  | Schematic Diagram | $5-44$ | $5-73,5-74$ |

TABLE 4-3. LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY TROUBLE SHOOTING

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Measure the DC voltages and AC ripple (peak-to-peak amplitude and frequency) at the supply outputs (test points AI through A5) with the line voltage at 115 volts, 103 volts, and 127 volts. | One or more incorrect DC voltages which cannot be adjusted to correct value | 2 |
|  |  | DC voltages good, but excessive ripple present on one or more supplies | 3 |
| 2 | Measure DC voltage at:A11 <br> A2 <br> A3 <br> A4 <br> A5 | Not +6.3 volts <br> Not -6.3 volts <br> Not -100 volts <br> Not +110 volts <br> Not +370 volts | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ 4 \\ 14 \\ 23 \\ 32 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| 3 | Set SWEEP MODE just out of PRESET. <br> Measure peak-to-peak ripple between: <br> *A1-A2 ( $\pm 6.3 \mathrm{~V}$ ) <br> A3-GND (-100V) <br> A4-GND (+110V) <br> *A4-A5 (+370V) <br> *Differential oscilloscope (AN/USM- <br> 140B with AM-3567/USM plug-in) <br> required for these measurements. | More than about 2.5 mv peak-to-peak More than about 2 mv peak-to-peak More than about 4.5 mv peak-to-peak More than about 7 mv peak-to-peak | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 20 \\ & 29 \\ & 37 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\pm 6.3$ VOLT SUPPLY |  |  |  |
| 4 | Check fuse F406 and replace if faulty. | Voltages at A1 and A2 return to $\pm 6.3$ volts | 1 |
|  |  | If replacement fuse blows, check fan motor and check for short between +6.3 and -6.3 busses. |  |
|  |  | Voltage between A1 and A2 is correct ( 12.6 volts) but is not approximately balanced to ground | 5 |
|  |  | Fuse not faulty | 6 |
| 5 | Measure DC voltage between test points A 2 and H 1 (filament circuit) and between A 3 and H 2 . | Voltage correct (about 0.04 volt) | 10 |
|  |  | Voltage incorrect | 6 |

## Paragraph

4-1
TABLE 4-3. (Continued)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { STEP } \\ 6 \end{gathered}$ | ACTION <br> Measure DC voltage between test points | RESULTS Voltage correct (about 18 volts) | $\begin{gathered} \text { NEXT } \\ \text { STEP } \\ 7 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Measure DC voltage between test points A1 and A30. | If voltage is not about 18 volts, check CR414, CR415, L406, C425 or $\pm 6.3$ volt supply load. |  |
| 7 | Pull off base lead of Q416 and measure DC voltage at test points A1 and A2. | Voltages correct (A1 $=+5.5$ volts; A2 $=-5.5$ volts) | 8 |
|  |  | Voltages incorrect | 9 |
| 8 | With Q416 base lead still off, measure DC voltage at test point A29. | If voltage is correct (about -12.6 volts, check Q415. |  |
|  |  | If voltage is incorrect, check Q414. |  |
| 9 | With Q416 base lead still off, measure DC voltage at test point A30. | If voltage is correct (about -12.5 volts), check CR414 and CR416. |  |
|  |  | If voltage is incorrect, check Q416 and Q417. |  |
| 10 | Check voltage drops between test points A2/A3 and all H test points shown on filament schematic diagram. | Incorrect voltages will point to group of tubes causing unbalance. Replace tubes to correct unbalance. |  |
| 11 | Measure AC voltage between test points A30 and AI with differential oscilloscope (AN/USM- 140B with AM- 3567/USM Plug-In). | Peak-to-peak voltage is less than about 1.2 volts | 12 |
|  |  | If ripple is greater than about 1.2 volts, and frequency is 60 cps , check CR414 and CR415. |  |
|  |  | If ripple is high ;ued 120 cps , check C425, L406, CR414, CR415, or load on i6.3 volt supply. |  |
| 12 | Measure AC voltage between test points A27 and A28. | Peak-to-peak voltage is at least 30 times that measured in step 3 (typically 75 mv ) | 13 |
|  |  | If AC voltage is much less than 30 times that measured in step 3, check Q414 and CR416. |  |
| 13 | Measure AC voltage between test points A28 and A30. | If AC voltage is much less than 16 times that measured in step 12 (typically 1.2 volts), check Q415, Q416, and Q417. |  |
| -100 VOLT SUPPLY |  |  |  |
| 14 | Check fuse F405 and replace if faulty. | Voltage at A3 returns to -100 volts | 1 |
|  |  | Replacement fuse blows | 15 |
|  |  | Fuse not faulty | 17 |
| 15 | Turn instrument off. Disconnect white/ violet (or white/black) lead from test point A3. Measure resistance to ground from test point A3 and from this lead. | If resistance at A3 is less than about 13K ohms, check load on - 100V supply for shorts. |  |
|  |  | If resistance at white/violet (or white/ black) lead is less than about 2000 ohms, check for short within the -100 V supply. |  |
|  |  | Both resistances normal | 16 |

Table
4-3
TABLE 4-3. (Continued)

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | Connect dummy loads to - 100 volt, +110 volt, and +370 volt supplies as follows: connect a resistance of 165 ohms ( 75 watts) between ground and white/violet (or white/black) lead removed from test point A3. Disconnect white/orange (or orange/ white) lead from test point A4, and connect a resistance of 125 ohms ( 150 watts) between ground and white/ orange (or orange/white) lead. Disconnect white/red (or red/orange) lead from test point A5, and connect a resistance of 1160 ohms ( 150 watts) between ground and white/red (or red/orange) lead. Turn instrument ON. | If voltage at test point A3 returns to - 100 volts, check load for shorts. |  |
|  |  | If F405 blows again, check for short in -100 volt supply. |  |
| 17 | Pull off base lead of Q413 and measure DC voltage at test point A3. | Voltage correct (about -52 volts) | 18 |
|  |  | Voltage incorrect | 19 |
| 18 | With Q413 base lead still off, measure DC voltage at test point A8. | If voltage is correct (about -57 volts), check Q412. |  |
|  |  | If voltage is incorrect, check Q410 and Q411. |  |
| 19 | With Q413 base lead still off, measure DC voltage at test point A11. | If voltage is correct (about - 143 volts), check diodes CR409 through CR412, or -100 volt supply load. |  |
|  |  | If voltage is incorrect, check Q413 and Q419. |  |
| 20 | Measure AC voltage between test point A11 and ground. | Peak-to-peak voltage is less than about 8 volts. | 21 |
|  |  | If ripple is greater than about 8 volts and frequency is 60 cps , check diodes CR409 through CR412. |  |
|  |  | If ripple is high and 120 cps , check C416, C420, L404, L405, CR409 through CR412, or load on - 100V supply. |  |
| 21 | Measure AC voltage between test points A6 and A9 with differential oscilloscope (AN/USM- 140B with AM- 3567/USM Plug-In). | Peak-to-peak voltage is at least 1.5 times that measured in step 3 (typically 3 mv ) | 22 |
|  |  | If AC voltage is much less than 1.5 times that measured in step 3, check Q410, Q411, and Q412. |  |
| 22. | Measure AC voltage between test points A9 and A11. | If AC voltage is much less than 2500 times that measured in step 21 (typically 8 volts), check Q413 and Q419. |  |
| +110 VOLT SUPPLY |  |  |  |
| 23 | Check fuse F404 and replace if faulty. | Voltage at A4 returns to normal | 1 |
|  |  | Replacement fuse blows | 24 |
|  |  | Fuse not faulty | 26 |

TABLE 4-3. (Continued)

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 | Turn instrument off. Disconnect white/ orange (or orange/white) lead from test point A4. Measure resistance to ground from test point A4 and from white/orange lead. | If resistance at A4 is less than about 55K ohms, check load on +110 volt supply for shorts. |  |
|  |  | If resistance at white/orange (or orange/ white) lead is less than about 3000 ohms, check for short within the +110 volt supply. |  |
|  |  | Both resistances normal | 25 |
| 25 | Connect dummy loads to +110 volt, -100 volt, and +370 volt supplies as follows: connect resistance of 125 ohms (150 watts) between ground and white/orange (or orange/white) lead removed from test point A4. Disconnect white/violet (or white/black) lead from test point A3, and connect resistance of 165 ohms (75 watts) between ground and white/violet (or white/black) lead. Disconnect white/ red (or red/orange) lead from test point A5, and connect resistance of 1160 ohms ( 150 watts) between ground and white/red (or red/orange) lead. | If voltage at A4 returns to +110 volts, check load for shorts. |  |
|  |  | If F404 blows again, check for short in +110 volt supply. |  |
| 26 | Pull off base lead of Q409 and measure DC voltage at test point A4. | Voltage correct (about +80 volts) Voltage incorrect | $\begin{aligned} & 27 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ |
| 27 | With Q409 base lead still off, measure DC voltage at test point A15. | If voltage is correct (about -10 volts, check Q408. |  |
|  |  | If voltage is incorrect, check Q406 and Q407. |  |
| 28 | With Q409 base lead still off, measure DC voltage at test point A18. | If voltage is correct (about -16 volts), check diodes CR405 through CR408, or +110 volt supply load. |  |
|  |  | If voltage is incorrect, check Q418. |  |
| 29 | Measure AC voltage between test points A18 and A4 with differential oscilloscope (AN/USM-140B with AM-3567/USM Plug-In). | Peak-to-peak voltage is less than about 11 volts | 30 |
|  |  | If ripple is greater than about 11 volts, and frequency is 60 cps , check diodes CR405 through CR408. |  |
|  |  | If ripple is high and 120 cps , check C408, C411, L402, L403, CR405 through CR408, or load on +110 volt supply. |  |
| 30 | Measure AC voltage between test points A13 and A16. | Peak-to-peak voltage is at least 4 times that measured in step 3 (typically 20 mv ) | 31 |
|  |  | If AC voltage is much less than 4 times that measured in step 3, check Q406, Q407, and Q408. |  |
| 31 | Measure AC voltage between test points A16 and A18. | If AC voltage is much less than 500 times that measured in step 30 (typically 10 volts), check Q409 and-Q418. |  |

## 4-11 CHANGE 1

TABLE 4-3. (Continued)

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| +370 VOLT SUPPLY |  |  |  |
| 32 | Check fuse F403 and replace if faulty. | Voltage at A5 returns to normal | 1 |
|  |  | Replacement fuse blows | 33 |
|  |  | Fuse not faulty | 35 |
| 33 | Turn instrument off. Disconnect white/ red (or red/orange) lead from test point A5. Measure resistance to ground from test point A5 and from white/red (or red/orange) lead. | If resistance at A5 is less than about 17K ohms, check load on +370 volt supply for shorts. |  |
|  |  | If resistance at white/red (or red/orange) lead is less than about 13 K ohms, check for short within the +370 volt supply. |  |
|  |  | Both resistances normal | 34 |
| 34 | Connect dummy loads to +370 volt, -100 volt, and +110 volt supplies as follows: connect resistance of 1160 ohms ( 150 watts) between ground and white/red (or red/orange) lead removed from test point A5. Disconnect white,' violet (or white/black) lead from test point A3, and connect resistance of 165 ohms ( 75 watts) between ground and white/ violet (or white/black) lead. Disconnect white/orange (or orange/'white) lead from test point A4, and connect resistance of 125 ohms ( 150 watts) between ground and white/orange (or orange/white) lead. | If voltage at A5 returns to +370 volts, check load for shorts. |  |
|  |  | If F403 blows again, check for short in +370 volt supply. |  |
| 35 | Pull off base lead of Q405 and measure DC voltage at test point A5. | If voltage is correct (about +320 volts), check Q401 or Q402. |  |
|  |  | Voltage incorrect | 36 |
| 36 | With Q405 base lead still off, measure DC voltage at test point A25. | If voltage is correct (about -15 volts), check diodes CR401 through CR404, or +370 volt supply load. |  |
|  |  | If voltage is incorrect, check Q403, Q404, and Q405. |  |
| 37 | Measure AC voltage between test points A25 and A5 with differential oscilloscope (AN/USM- 140B with AM- 3567/USM Plug-In). | Peak-to-peak voltage is less than about 11 volts. | 38 |
|  |  | If ripple is greater than about 11 volts, and frequency is 60 cps , check diodes CR401 through CR404. |  |
|  |  | If ripple is high and 120 cps , check C401, C403, CR401 through CR404, or load on +370 volt supply. |  |
| 38 | Measure AC voltage between test points A20 and A22. | Peak-to-peak voltage is at least 0.8 times that measured in step 3 (typically 10 mv ) | 39 |
|  |  | If AC voltage is much less than 0.8 times that measured in step 3, check Q401 and Q402. |  |
| 39 | Measure AC voltage between test points A22 and A25. | If AC voltage is much less than 1000 times that measured in step 38 (typically 11 volts), check Q403, Q404, and Q405. |  |

## 4-12 CHANGE 1

## AN/USM-140B TROUBLE SHOOTING

## 4-5. HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY. <br> a. HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION. The high-voltage power supply consists of a single 50 -kilocycle oscillator supplying power to three different sets of rectifiers: (1) +8500 volts for the CRT post accelerator; (2) -1500 volts for the CRT cathode; and (3) an additional -1600 volts for the CRT control grid. The reason for the additional 1600 volt supply is to permit this supply to be varied for intensity control and intensity modulation without affecting the voltage applied to the cathode. The HighVoltage Power Supply Functional and Servicing Block Diagram figure 4-4 shows the functional relationship of all circuits in the highvoltage power supply, and gives test points and voltages as an aid in trouble shooting.

The amplitude of the $50-\mathrm{kc}$ oscillator is regulated by feedback taken from the -1500 volt CRT cathode voltage. A sample of the -1500 volts is fed through a voltage divider and the H . V. ADJ potentiometer (R321) to the grid of the regulator amplifier, whose cathode is grounded. Any shift in the 1500 volts is amplified in both V301A and B and applied to the screen grid of the oscillator tube V304. If the 1500 volt output tends to decrease (vary in a positive direction), the voltage applied to the oscillator grid also goes positive and increases the oscillation amplitude. If the -1500 volts should tend to increase, the oscillation amplitude would be decreased by the applied screen voltage, and thus the -1500 volts is held constant in either case. A shift in the +8500 and -1600 volt supplies is not sensed by the regulator amplifier unless that shift also causes a shift in the -1500 volt supply. The +8500 volts is obtained by voltage doubling in V308 and V309. During the negative half cycle at terminal 1 on T301, V309 conducts and charges C305 to about 4300 volts. During the positive half cycle V308 conducts with the +4300 volts charge in series with (adding to) the transformer voltage. C306 and C315 bypass the 50 -ke ripple.

The high-voltage oscillator is located on etched circuit A301 mounted under a cover on the upper left side of the oscilloscope chassis as shown in figure 5-9. When the cover is removed, voltages in excess of 8500 volts are exposed.
b. HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY TROUBLE SHOOTING. Malfunctions in the high-voltage power supply fall into three classes: (1) no voltage, or incorrect voltage that cannot be adjusted, (2) output voltage which does not remain constant when the intensity control is adjusted over its full range, and (3) excessive noise in the output voltage. The first step in trouble shooting the high-voltage supply is to classify the trouble symptom by observation of the CRT trace. No voltage, or high or low voltage are usually identified by such symptoms as no spot when the beam finder is pressed, a poorly focused spot, a spot that cannot be turned off, a high or low horizontal and vertical deflection sensitivity. The step-by-step trouble-shooting procedure is given in table 4-4. Trouble-shooting techniques are further discussed below.

Poor regulation of the high voltages is usually identified as such by a change in horizontal and vertical
sensitivity as the intensity control is varied over its full range.

Noise in the high-voltage power supply usually appears as undesired intensity modulation of the spot. The usual cause is corona discharge, arcing, or breakdown of capacitors and other dielectrics in the +8500 -volt supply components. To locate the source of such a malfunction, first look for signs of arcing while the oscilloscope is operating; darkening the room may help. If no signs of arcing appear, measure the DC voltage at the test points and note any signs of jumpiness. Look for the test point where jumpiness is greatest. If the source of the breakdown still cannot be located, make resistance checks of suspect components or substitute new parts for C305, C306, C315, associated wires, R311, etc.

## WARNING

Use great care in making voltage
measurements when trouble
shooting the high-voltage supply.
The high-voltage power supply
produces lethal voltages as high as
+8500V. Read and understand each
step betore beginning. Work with
one hand only and do not touch
exposed wires or terminals with
power applied.

USEFUL ILLUSTRATIONS OF THE HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY

| Illustration | Figure No. | Page No. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Block Diagram | $4-4$ | $4-19,4-20$ |
| Location of Test | $4-15$ | $4-48$ |
| Points of Parts | $5-26$ | $5-43$ |
| Location of Par | $5-27$ | $5-45$ |
| Schematic Diagram | $5-43$ | $5-71,5-72$ |

## 4-6. BEAM FINDER CIRCUIT.

a. BEAM FINDER CIRCUIT FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION. The BEAM FINDER pushbutton switch reduces both the horizontal and vertical amplifier gains and momentarily brightens the CRT display. As a result, any elusive trace is brought to an on-screen position on the CRT and can be located with the regular positioning controls to remain in the center when the BEAM FINDER switch is released.

A simplified schematic of the beam finder circuit is shown in figure 4-5. The connection of the beam finder circuit to the main vertical amplifier is also shown in the functional block diagram of figure 4-8. To reduce the horizontal gain, the switch adds R268 in series with the cathode supply for V204/V205, greatly reducing the current supplied to this stage. Thus, with the BEAM FINDER pushed, the stage gain is low enough to restrict the deflection to within the exposed face of the CRT.

To reduce the vertical gain, the switch adds R88 in series with the cathode supply for $\mathrm{V} 11 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{V} 12 \mathrm{~B}$ and $\mathrm{V} 11 \mathrm{~B} / \mathrm{V} 13 \mathrm{~B}$. The vertical gain is further reduced by lowering the common cathode voltage for V12A and V13A. A stabilizing resistor, R99, is used
table 4-4. HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY TROUBLE SHOOTING

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Measure DC voltage at supply outputs (test points B1, B2, and B3). | If voltages are correct, check CRT. |  |
|  |  | One or more voltages are incorrect | 2 |
| 2 | Remove CRT socket. | If voltages return to normal, replace CRT. |  |
|  |  | Voltages still incorrect | 3 |
| 3 | Measure DC voltage at test points B1, B 2 , and B3. | Voltage at B1 incorrect <br> Voltage at B2 incorrect <br> Voltage at B3 incorrect <br> All voltages low <br> If all voltages high, check V301. | $\begin{gathered} 14 \\ 13 \\ 15 \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ |
| 4 | Observe waveform at test point B9. | If indication is normal ( $50-\mathrm{kc}$ sine wave, indicated on schematic), check rectifiers and load on all three supplies. |  |
|  |  | Waveform incorrect, intermittent, or not present | 5 |
| 5 | Remove rectifiers V308 through V311, and observe waveform at test point B9. | Indication returns to normal | 6 |
|  |  | Waveform still incorrect (Replace rectifiers for next step.) | 7 |
| 6 | Replace rectifiers one at a time and recheck waveform at test point B9. | Note which supply stops or causes incorrect oscillation. Check components including transformer T301 for that supply. |  |
| 7 | Remove V301 and measure DC voltage at test point B8. | Voltage about -47 volts (voltage shown on 11 schematic in parentheses) |  |
|  |  | Voltage incorrect or intermittent | 8 |
| 8 | Measure DC voltage at test point B9. | Voltage about +366 volts | 9 |
|  |  | Voltage incorrect | 10 |
| 9 | Measure DC voltage at test point B7. | If voltage is correct ( +180 volts), check V304, T301, or C304. |  |
|  |  | If voltage is incorrect, check R302 and C303. |  |
| 10 | Measure DC voltage at test point B10. | If voltage is correct (+370 volts), check V304, T301, or C304. |  |
|  |  | If voltage is incorrect, check L301 or +370 volt supply. |  |
| 11 | Measure DC voltage at test point B5. | Voltage about -43 volts | 12 |
|  |  | Voltage incorrect | 13 |
| 12 | Re-install V301 and measure DC voltage at test point B7. | Voltage about +170 volts | 13 |
|  |  | If voltage is incorrect, check V301. |  |
| 13 | Remove V301 and measure DC voltage at test point B2. | Voltage about -1940 volts | 14 |
|  |  | Voltage incorrect | 16 |

TABLE 4-4. (Continued)

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | NEXT <br> STEP |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 14 | Remove V301 and measure DC voltage <br> at test point B1. | Voltage about -1760 volts | 15 |
|  | If voltage is incorrect, check V310, <br> C307, and C311. |  |  |
| 15 | Remove V301 and measure DC voltage <br> at test point B3. | If voltage is correct (10, 100 volts), check <br> CRT and voltages at CRT elements. |  |
|  | If voltage is incorrect, check V308 and <br> V309. |  |  |
| 16 | Remove V301 and measure DC voltage <br> at test point B2. | If voltage is correct (-1940 volts), check <br> V311 and C308. |  |
|  |  | If voltage reading of -1940 volts is not <br> obtained, check V311, C308, and T301. |  |

to keep the plate potential constant for these two tubes. As a result of these conditions, the vertical gain is low enough with the BEAM FINDER switch pressed that the beam cannot be deflected off the CRT face.

In the high-voltage supply, the -1500 volt cathode supply for the CRT is returned to -83 volts instead of to ground when the BEAM FINDER is pressed. This additional negative voltage at the CRT cathode causes the grid to become relatively more positive, and thereby overrides any cut-off bias voltage which may exist between the CRT grid and cathode, producing a brightened, defocused beam.
b. BEAM FINDER CIRCUIT TROUBLE SHOOTING. Trouble shooting the beam finder circuit assumes that the high-voltage supply, the main vertical amplifier, and the horizontal amplifier are known to be operating satisfactorily. Trouble symptoms in the beam finder circuit fall into four classes:
(1) spot cannot be centered horizontally, (2) spot cannot be centered vertically, (3) spot does not brighten, or (4) no spot.

The first step in trouble shooting the beam circuit is to measure the voltage differences given in figure 4-5. These will indicate the general location of the trouble. From the class of trouble and its general location, a logical choice can be made as to the faulty components. Tubes within the suspected circuit should be checked by comparison, and the required adjustments should be made if any tubes are replaced. If the tubes are operating correctly, check the BEAM FINDER switch, S1. With all power removed from the oscilloscope, use an ohmmeter to check continuity of the opened and closed circuits in the four-pole switch. If the switch, its wiring, and all connections are satisfactory, check the passive elements in the suspected circuit.


Figure 4-5. Simplified Schematic, Beam Finder Circuit

## 4-18 CHANGE 1

## AN/USM-140B TROUBLE SHOOTING

## 4-7. MAIN VERTICAL AMPLIFIER.

a. MAIN VERTICAL AMPLIFIER FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION. The main vertical amplifier receives a balanced input signal from the MX-2930B/USM Vertical Plug-In Amplifier, amplifies this signal, and drives the CRT deflection plates. The main vertical amplifier consists of two etched circuit assemblies AI and A2 located on each side of the upper oscilloscope chassis (see figure 5-9). The signal from the input circuit Al is coupled to the output amplifier A2 through a pair of 0.2 microsecond delay lines DL1 and DL2 located around the fan housing, as shown in figure 5-4. The Main Vertical Amplifier Functional and Servicing Block Diagram is shown in figure 4-8.

Input etched circuit A1 includes a balanced input Cathode Follower V1 followed by a balanced Cascode Amplifier V2 and V3, and a separate four-stage, singleended amplifier that supplies the internal sync signal to the sweep generator for use in generating an internal sweep trigger. By taking the sync signal from the vertical amplifier ahead of the delay lines, it is possible to start the sweep before the vertical signal that initiated the sync is presented to the CRT. Thus, the vertical signal is automatically synchronized with a horizontal time-variable sweep

The cascode amplifier is a two-stage amplifier with a conventional grid-coupled input and a groundedgrid output. It is used to obtain the high gain of a pentode and the low noise of a triode. Figure 4-6 shows a simplified schematic of the V2/IV3 balanced cascode amplifier circuit. A positive input signal from the input cathode follower is fed to the control grid of V2B. The signal is amplified and the phase is shifted 180-. There is no additional phase shift in the grounded-grid section. The Gain Adj resistor, R13, in the cathode circuit adjusts the gain of the cascode amplifier and sets the overall gain of the main vertical amplifier.

Output amplifier A2 includes an input Cathode Follower V6, a Cascode Amplifier All, A12, and A13 supplemented by a Constant Current Generator to permit DC coupling between the input and output stages. The Cross-Coupled Cathode Follower (shown in simplified form in figure 4-6 consists of tube V6A and B which provides a high input impedance load to the delay line and a low output impedance to drive the following cascode amplifier. To compensate for the tendency of the load to increase with frequency, the cathode followers are cross-coupled. Cross-coupling places the plate impedance of the opposite side in parallel with the cathode impedance of the first side, thus decreasing it. The crosscoupling capacitors C23 and C24 add this parallel impedance at the high frequencies only.

Constant Current Generator V7 provides a constant direct current through coupling resistors R52 and R68, thus producing a constant DC drop of about 150 volts across each resistor and allowing the following cascode amplifier grids to be operated at near 0 volts. A simplified schematic of this circuit is shown in figure $4-7$. There is no significant loss in signal across the voltage-dropping network. R50 and R67 apply a small signal to each grid of V7, thereby maintaining a constant current through the tube as the plate voltage changes through the signal cycle. Capacitors C22 and C25 prevent DC shorting of the voltage drop; inductors L19
and L20 provide series resonance with the input capacity of V11A/B, V12B, and V13B to increase high frequency gain. Resistors R53 and R69 isolate the output capacity of V 7 from the grids of $\mathrm{V} 10, \mathrm{~V} 11, \mathrm{~V} 12$, and V13. V8 and V9 are safety devices that prevent the voltage applied to the following grids from rising excessively in the event V7 fails or is removed from the socket during operation.

The final Cascode Amplifier uses parallel input triodes to double the gain without increasing the plate capacity in the output. The additional current required by the two parallel triodes is drawn through R91 and R94.

The cathode follower stages of V10A and V10B are used only when a special scanner plug-in unit is installed in place of the MX-3078/USM Auxiliary Plug-In Unit. At other times this stage has no effect on the main vertical amplifier circuit operation.

In the servicing block diagram (figure 4-8) and the schematic diagram for the main vertical amplifier (figure 5-37), the DC voltages shown at the test points are measured with the balanced amplifier stages in exact balance. In practice, various degrees of unbalance are normal. When the vertical position control is adjusted to balance the voltages of a particular stage, the voltages should be within about $10 \%$ of those shown and the CRT trace will normally be within 1 centimeter of center. Stage gain measurements are usually made at frequencies between 400 cycles and 20 kilocycles to avoid the loading effect of the test prod. Gain can also be measured at DC, using a DC voltmeter and by adjusting the vertical position control to provide the signal. The DC gain is equal to the AC gain.
b. MAIN VERTICAL AMPLIFIER TROUBLE SHOOTING. Trouble symptoms in the main vertical amplifier fall into four classes: (1) the spot cannot be centered vertically (DC unbalance); (2) high noise level (ripple or microphonics); (3) incorrect midband sensitivity; or (4) poor high-frequency (pulse) response. Three separate procedures are given for trouble shooting these problems in the troubleshooting chart, table 4-5. The procedure given for trouble shooting for DC unbalance should also be used in trouble shooting for excessive noise level. Before trouble shooting a problem of sensitivity, be sure that the DC balance and the CRT deflection sensitivity are satisfactory (CRT deflection sensitivity can be checked in response to horizontal deflection, indicating that proper high-voltage power supply voltages are applied to the CRT). Since proper pulse (high frequency) response depends upon suitable balance and midband sensitivity, the procedure for trouble shooting high frequency response is presented last in table 4-5, and presumes that the balance and midband sensitivity are properly set. The troubleshooting techniques upon which the step-by-step procedures of table 4-5 are based are discussed below.

The quickest way to isolate the source of noise or DC unbalance is to connect a jumper across corresponding circuit points on the top and bottom sides of the vertical amplifier. If this eliminates the noise or unbalance the trouble is ahead of the short; if the trouble persists, the source is after the short. The


Figure 4-6. Cascode Amplifier/Simplified Schematic Diagram and Cross-Coupled Cathode Follower
noise level in the output, across test points E15 and E16, should not exceed 0.2 volt peak-to-peak. Sharp taps on the rear of the chassis should not produce a spot deflection of more than 5 millimeters.

The trouble-shooting procedure of table 4-5 utilizes this method of a "half-split" sequence, i.e., making the first test midway in the amplifier, the second test midway in the amplifier half found defective by the first test, and so on. After the trouble is isolated to a stage, the faulty part can be located by making DC voltage measurements and comparing them to the voltages given on the servicing block diagram and the schematic diagram.

Insufficient sensitivity (low gain) in the amplifier is usually caused by a weak tube, incorrect heater, or defective plate supply voltage. The method used to
isolate the source of low sensitivity is to apply a 400cycle sine-wave signal directly to the vertical amplifier and then to make the AC measurements as shown on the servicing block diagram, figure $4-8$. Again the "halfsplit" method is used, beginning at the center of the amplifier to determine which half is defective, going to the center of the defective half for the second test, and so on. The AC measurements are made across the two sides of the amplifier to simplify the readings. The measuring instrument used must not shift the vertical position of the trace when it is connected to the circuit. After the stage causing low sensitivity is repaired, adjust the Vert Gain control, R13, to obtain 2.5 -centimeters vertical deflection with an 0.5 -volt peak-to-peak input.

Before trouble shooting a problem of high frequency response, be sure that the DC balance and midband sensitivity are satisfactory. The test for correct pulse response is to apply a $1-\mathrm{mc}$ square wave of nearperfect shape to the oscilloscope input. If any undershoot or overshoot is observed on the CRT, the most likely cause is a defective tube, lack of proper adjustment following replacement of a tube, or physical damage to the delay lines, their terminations, or any of the series-peaking coils on the vertical amplifier etched circuit assemblies.

## USEFUL ILLUSTRATIONS OF THE MAIN VERTICAL AMPLIFIER

| Illustration | Figure No. | Page No. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Block Diagram | $4-8$ | $4-27,4-28$ |
| Location of Test Points | $4-19$ | $4-52$ |
| Location of Parts | $5-14$ |  |
| Schematic Diagram | $5-15$ | $5-31$ |
|  | $5-37$ | $5-59,5-60$ |



Figure 4-7. Constant Current Generator Simplified Schematic Diagram

TABLE 4-5. MAIN VERTICAL AMPLIFIER TROUBLE SHOOTING

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DC UNBALANCE |  |  |  |
| 1 | Remove Dual Channel Vertical Plug-In. Set up controls to get spot or trace on screen. | Trace or spot is within $\pm 2 \mathrm{~cm}$ of center | 2 |
|  |  | Trace or spot greater than $\pm 2 \mathrm{~cm}$ from center | 3 |
| 2 | Insert MX-2930B/USM Dual Channel Vertical Plug-In. Allow to warm up. Set to CHANNEL A and center spot with VERTICAL POSITION control. Repeat for CHANNEL B. | Trace can be centered in both CHANNEL A and CHANNEL B, with positioning controls near center of range. Main vertical and dual channel plug-in operating normally. |  |
|  |  | If trace can't be centered by one or the other or both positioning controls, with control approximately in center of range, refer to Dual Channel Plug-In Trouble Shooting procedure. |  |
| 3 | Connect jumper between test points E5 and E6. | Trace centers | 4 |
|  |  | Trace doesn't center | 5 |

TABLE 4-5. (Continued)

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | Connect jumper between test points E3 and E4. | If trace centers, check DC voltages around V1A and V1B. |  |
|  |  | If trace doesn't center, check DC voltages around V2 and V3. |  |
| 5 | Connect jumper between test points E11 and E12. | Trace centers | 6 |
|  |  | Trace doesn't center | 8 |
| 6 | Connect jumper between test points E9 and E10. | Trace centers | 7 |
|  |  | If trace doesn't center, check DC voltages around V7A/B. |  |
| 7 | Connect jumper between test points E7 and E8. | If trace centers, check delay line. |  |
|  |  | If trace doesn't center, check DC voltages around V6A/B. |  |
| 8 | Connect jumper between test points E13 and E14. | If trace centers, check DC voltages around V11A/B, V12B, V13B. |  |
|  |  | Trace doesn't center | 9 |
| 9 | Connect jumper between test points E15 and E16. | If trace centers, check DC voltages around V12A and V13A. |  |
|  |  | If trace doesn't center, check CRT and connections to CRT. |  |
| SENSITIVITY |  |  |  |
| 10 | Set up equipment as in table 5-7, step 10. | If peak-to-peak deflection is 4 cm 0.2 cm , main vertical sensitivity is correctly set. |  |
|  |  | Peak-to-peak deflection is not 4 cm $\pm 0.2 \mathrm{~cm}$ | 11 |
| 11 | Adjust Vert Gain R13 for peak-to-peak deflection of $4 \mathrm{~cm} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~cm}$. | If gain can be adjusted to correct sensitivity, main vertical amplifier is operating correctly. |  |
|  |  | R13 can't adjust deflection to 4 cm | 12 |
| 12 | Adjust R13 for maximum gain. Set CALIBRATOR signal to 0.5 volts peak-to-peak. | If vertical deflection is greater than 2.5 cm (peak-to-peak), main vertical amplifier is operating correctly. Repeat step 11. |  |
|  |  | Less than 2.5 cm deflection | 13 |
| 13 | Measure AC voltage between test points E5 and E6 with differential oscilloscope (AN/USM-140B with AM-3567/USM Plug-In). | AC voltage approximately 2.9 volts peak-to-peak | 16 |
|  |  | AC voltage less than about 2.9 volts peak-to-peak | 14 |
| 14 | Measure AC voltage between test points E3 and E4. | If AC voltage is about 0.48 volt peak-topeak, measure DC voltages around V2A/B and $V 3 A / B$, including heaters. |  |
|  |  | AC voltage low (less than about 0.48 volt peak-to-peak) | 15 |

TABLE 4-5. (Continued)

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | Measure AC voltage between test points E1 and E2. | If AC voltage is about 0.5 volt peak-topeak, measure DC voltages around V1A/B including heaters. |  |
|  |  | If AC voltage is low, check instrument set up. |  |
| 16 | Measure AC voltage between test points E11 and E12. | AC voltage about 2.46 volts peak-to-peak | 19 |
|  |  | AC voltage low (less than about 2.46 volts peak-to-peak) | 17 |
| 17 | Measure AC voltage between test points E9 and E10. | If AC voltage is about 2.54 volts peak-topeak, check DC voltage around V7A/B, including heaters. |  |
|  |  | AC voltage low (less than about 2.54 volts peak-to-peak) | 18 |
| 18 | Measure AC voltage between test points E7 and E8. | If AC voltage is about 2.8 volts peak-topeak, check DC voltages around V6A/B, including heaters. |  |
|  |  | If AC voltage is low (less than about 2.8 volts peak-to-peak), check delay line. |  |
| 19 | Measure AC voltage between test points E13 and E14. | AC voltage about 0.84 volt peak-to-peak | 20 |
|  |  | If AC voltage is low (less than about 0.84 volt peak-to-peak), check DC voltages around VIIA/B, V12B, and V13B. |  |
| 20 | Measure AC voltage between test points E15 and E16. | If AC voltage is about 19.2 volts peak-topeak, check connections to CRT, highvoltage power supply, and CRT. |  |
|  |  | If AC voltage is low (less than about 19.2 volts peak-to-peak), check DC voltages around V12A and V13A, including heaters. |  |
| HIGH FREQUENCY RESPONSE |  |  |  |
| 21 | Check main vertical amplifier rise time as in table 5-7, step 12. | If rise time (10-90\%) is 11 nanoseconds or less, high frequency response is correct. |  |
|  |  | Rise time greater than 11 nanoseconds | 22 |
| 22 | Check DC unbalance by removing all connections from J1 (vertical plug-in connector). | Spot within +2 cm of center of screen If spot is not within $\pm 2 \mathrm{~cm}$ of center of screen, refer to DC unbalance trouble shooting procedure (step 1 of this procedure). | 23 |
| 23 | Check main vertical sensitivity as in table 5-7. step 10. | Peak-to-peak deflection is $4 \mathrm{~cm} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~cm}$ | 24 |
|  |  | If peak-to-peak deflection Is not 4 cm $\pm 0.2 \mathrm{~cm}$, refer to sensitivity trouble shooting procedure (step 10 of this procedure). |  |

TABLE 4-5. (Continued)

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 | Check main vertical amplifier passband as in table 5-7. step 11. | If 3 -db point is higher than 30 me , passband is correct. |  |
|  |  | 3 -db point is lower than 30 mc | 25 |
| 25 | Make a continuous check of frequency response from 50 kc to 35 mc . | If there are 1100 dips or peaks in response, and $3-\mathrm{db}$ point is higher than 30 mc , response is correct. |  |
|  |  | Dips or peaks present, or 3-db point is lower than 30 mc | 26 |
| 26 | Check DC voltages at test points E15 and E16 with spot centered. | Voltages are +180 volts -10 volts | 27 |
|  |  | If voltages are not +180 volts 10 volts, make DC measurements throughout the amplifier until fault is located. Correct fault and repeat step 21. |  |
| 27 | Set up equipment as in table 5-7. Adjust C31 (see Figure 5-3) and vertical deflection plate lead dress for flat top on pulse. Adjust C20, L1, and L2 for best corner on pulse. | If rise time (10-90\%) is 11 nanoseconds or less, pulse response is correct. |  |
|  |  | If, with best setting of adjustments, rise time is greater than 11 nanoseconds: <br> a. Check vertical deflection plate leads for poor connections. <br> b. Replace tubes one at a time in the following order: V1, V6, V7, V12, V13, V11, V2, V3, V10, and V4. <br> c. Short out inductor on opposite sides of the amplifier. If shorting on one side has same effect on pulse rise as opposite side, inductors are not faulty. If not, check and replace. Check pairs in the following order: $\begin{gathered} \text { L1-L2 - } 2 \\ \text { L3-L5 } \\ \text { L13- L16 } \\ \text { L14- L17 } \\ \text { L6- L3 } \\ \text { L4- - } 6 \\ \text { L19- L20 } \\ \text { L21- L22 } \end{gathered}$ <br> d. Check C 22 and C 25 by paralleling with good one or replacing. <br> e. If there are steps on the pulse top at multiples of 0.2 microseconds apart, replace delay lines. |  |

## AN/USM-140B TROUBLE SHOOTING

## 4-8. HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER.

a. HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION. The horizontal amplifier amplifies the internal sweep signal or an external signal applied to the horizontal INPUT connector, and drives the horizontal deflection plates of the CRT. The horizontal amplifier consists of three etched circuit boards: A201, located on the bottom (center, front) of the instrument; A203, located perpendicular to A201; and A202, the output circuit, Jocated on the top (center, rear) of the instrument (see figures 5-9 and 5-10).

The Horizontal Amplifier Functional and Servicing Block Diagram is shown in figure 4-9. The sweep signal is applied through the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch to cathode follower V201A. From V201A the signal passes through cathode follower V202A and one side of a balanced attenuator to one input of a differential amplifier. Cathode follower V202B controls the second input to the differential amplifier through the other side of the balanced attenuator. The input to cathode follower V202B is grounded through a resistance.

The differential amplifier amplifies the difference between its two input signals and provides a balanced output signal, which is applied to cathode followers V206A and V206B. These cathode followers drive the CRT deflection plates. Cathode follower V206B also drives capacitance driver V207, which acts as the cathode resistance for cathode follower V206A. The capacitance driver, which is effective only at high frequencies due to the small value of coupling-capacitor C216, takes a small amount of signal from the cathode of V206B (positive-going sweep), inverts the signal, and adds it (in-phase) to the negative-going sweep at the cathode of V206A. Cap Driver Adj, C216, adjusts the amount of signal added so that differences in slope at the start of the sweep at both cathodes of V206 are canceled, resulting in a linear sweep at high sweep speeds.

External horizontal signals applied to the INPUT connector pass through an attenuator, cathode follower V201B, and the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch to cathode follower V201A. Otherwise the operation is the same as described above for the sweep signal.

The HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch selects the signal to be applied to the horizontal deflection plates. The switch also controls the input attenuator and the balanced attenuator. The balanced attenuator provides a means of sweep expansion and in combination with the input attenuator provides steps of external horizontal sensitivity. The EXTERNAL VERNIER control varies the series resistance in the output of cathode follower V201B and thereby varies the output of V201B. The range of the EXTERNAL VERNIER is sufficient to provide continuous adjustment of external horizontal sensitivity between the calibrated settings of the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch.

A section of the BEAM FINDER switch is in the common cathode circuit of V204 and V205. When pressed, the switch reduces the gain so that an unbalance prior to V204 and V205 cannot deflect the CRT beam off the screen.
b. HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER TROUBLE SHOOTING. Trouble symptoms in the horizontal amplifier fall into four classes: (1) the spot cannot be centered horizontally (DC unbalance); (2) high noise level (ripple or microphonics); (3) incorrect midband sensitivity; or (4) poor high-frequency response. Three separate trouble-shooting procedures are given for trouble shooting these problems in the trouble-shooting chart, figure 4-6. The procedure given for trouble shooting for DC unbalance should also be used in trouble shooting for excessive noise level. Before trouble shooting a problem of sensitivity, be sure that the DC balance and the CRT deflection sensitivity are satisfactory (CRT deflection sensitivity can be checked in response to vertical deflection, indicating that proper high-voltage power supply voltages are applied to the CRT). Since high-frequency response depends upon suitable balance and midband sensitivity, the procedure for trouble shooting high-frequency response is presented last ill table 4-6, and presumes that the balance and midband sensitivity are properly set. The troubleshooting techniques upon which the step-by-step procedure of table 4-6 is based are discussed further below. Voltage measurements at test points are shown on both the servicing block diagram (figure 4-9) and the schematic diagram (figure 5-41).

The quickest way to isolate the source of noise or DC unbalance is to connect a jumper across corresponding circuit points on the top and bottom sides of the horizontal amplifier. If so doing eliminates the noise or unbalance, the trouble is ahead of the short; if the trouble symptom persists, the source is after the short. The noise level in the output, across test points C20 and C21, should not exceed 7 millivolts peak-topeak. Sharp taps on the rear of the chassis should not produce a spot deflection of more than 5 -millimeters.

The trouble-shooting procedure given in table 46 presents the above method of a "half-split" sequence, i. e., making the first test midway in the amplifier, the second test midway in the amplifier half that is found defective by the first test, and so on. After the trouble is isolated to a stage, the faulty part can be located by making DC voltage measurements and comparing them to the voltages given on the servicing block diagram and the schematic diagram.

Insufficient sensitivity (low gain) in the amplifier is usually caused by a weak tube, incorrect heater, or defective plate supply voltage. The method used to isolate the cause of low sensitivity is to apply a 400cycle sine-wave signal to the front-panel horizontal INPUT connector and then make AC voltage measurements at the test points shown in the servicing block diagram. Again the "half-split" sequence is used, beginning at the center of the amplifier to determine which half of the amplifier is low in sensitivity, and then going to a point midway in the defective amplifier half. The AC measurements are made across the two sides of the amplifier to simplify the readings. The measuring instrument used must not shift the horizontal position of the trace when it is connected to the circuit. After the stage causing low sensitivity is repaired, apply a 1.0 -volt
peak-to-peak input signal with the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control set to 0.1 VOLTS/CM, and adjust the EXT. GAIN control, R212, to obtain 10 -centimeters vertical deflection.

Before trouble shooting a problem of highfrequency response, be sure that the DC balance and midband sensitivity are satisfactory. The test for correct frequency response is to apply a 1 -volt peak-to-peak, 400 -cycle sine wave to the horizontal INPUT and note
the deflection sensitivity as in the previous procedure. Then change the input frequency to 1 megacycle while holding the input level constant, and note how much the deflection sensitivity decreases. The most likely cause of poor high-frequency response is a weak tube or lack of proper circuit adjustment following replacement of a tube.

TABLE 4-6. HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER TROUBLE SHOOTING

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DC UNBALANCE |  |  |  |
| 1 | Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch between INTERNAL SWEEP X1 and . 1 VOLTS/CM positions. | If spot is exactly in the center of the graticule horizontally, DC balance is correct. |  |
|  |  | Spot not centered | 2 |
| 2 | Refer to paragraph 5-4d(1) (Balance) and perform adjustments. | If adjustments put spot exactly in the center of the graticule horizontally, DC balance is correct. |  |
|  |  | Adjustments don't center spot | 3 |
| 3 | Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch to 0.1. Short test point C13 to C14. | Spot appears on screen | 4 |
|  |  | Spot does got appear on screen | 7 |
| 4 | Short test points C11 and C12. | Spot appears on screen | 5 |
|  |  | If spot does not appear, check V203 circuit. |  |
| 5 | Short test points C8 and C9. | Spot appears on screen | 6 |
|  |  | If spot does not appear, check Q201 and Q202 circuits. |  |
| 6 | Short test points C6 and C7. | If spot appears, check attenuator. |  |
|  |  | If spot does not appear, check V202 circuit. |  |
| 7 | Short test points C16 and C17. | If spot appears, check V204 and V205 circuits. |  |
|  |  | Spot does not appear on screen | 8 |
| 8 | Short test points C20 and C21. | If spot appears, check V206A and B circuits. |  |
|  |  | If spot does not appear, check: <br> a. V207 circuits <br> b. Connections to CRT horizontal deflection plates <br> c. Low-voltage power supply <br> d. High-voltage power supply <br> e. CRT |  |

TABLE 4-6. (Continued)

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SENSITIVITY |  |  |  |
| 9 | Check Horizontal Sensitivity Calibration as in table 5-5 steps 5 and 6. | If horizontal sensitivity meets performance standards, amplifier is correctly set. |  |
|  |  | Horizontal sensitivity does not meet performance standards | 10 |
| 10 | Make Horizontal Amplifier gain and balance adjustments as outlined in paragraph 5-4d. | Gain adjustments can be made | 9 |
|  |  | Gain adjustments cannot be made | 11 |
| 11 | Set up equipment as in step 9. Measure the AC voltage between test points C13 and C14 with differential oscilloscope (AN/USM-140B with AM-3567/USM Plug-In). | AC voltage approximately 3.4 volts peak-to-peak | 12 |
|  |  | AC voltage less than 3.4 volts peak-topeak | 14 |
| 12 | Measure the AC voltage between test points C16 and C17. | AC voltage approximately 300 volts peak-to-peak | 13 |
|  |  | If AC voltage is less than 300 volts peak-to-peak, check V204 and V205 circuits. |  |
| 13 | Measure the AC voltage between test points C20 and C21. | If AC voltage is approximately 290 volts peak-to-peak, check: <br> a. Connections to CRT <br> b. DC voltage on CRT horizontal deflection plates <br> c. V207 circuit <br> d. CRT <br> e. High-voltage power supply <br> f. Low-voltage power supply |  |
|  |  | If AC voltage is less than 290 volts peak-to-peak, check circuit around V206A and B |  |
| 14 | Measure the AC voltage between ground and test points C 8 and C 9 . | AC voltage about 0.19 volt peak-to-peak at C8, and 0.175 volt at C9 | 15 |
|  |  | AC voltage at C8 and C9 not as above | 16 |
| 15 | Measure the AC voltage between test points Cll and C12. | If AC voltage is approximately 3.7 volts peak-to-peak, check circuit around V203A and $B$. |  |
|  |  | If AC voltage is less than 3.7 volts peak-to-peak, check circuit around Q201 and Q202. |  |
| 16 | Measure the AC voltage between test point C5 and ground. | AC voltage approximately 0.4 volt peak-to-peak | 17 |
|  |  | AC voltage less than 0.4 volt peak-topeak | 18 |

TABLE 4-6. (Continued).

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 | Measure the AC voltage between ground and test points C 6 and C 7 . | If AC voltage is about 0.23 volt peak-to-peak at C6 and 0.13 volt peak-topeak at C7, check circuit around V202A and $B$. |  |
|  |  | If $A C$ voltages at C 6 and C 7 are less than above, check attenuator. |  |
| 18 | Measure the AC voltage between test point C3 and ground. | If AC voltage is approximately 0.93 volt peak-to-peak, check circuit around V201A. |  |
|  |  | AC voltage less than 0.93 volt peak-to-peak | 19 |
| 19 | Measure the AC voltage between test point C2 and ground. | If AC voltage is approximately 1 volt peak-to-peak, check circuit around V201B. |  |
|  |  | If AC voltage is less than 1 volt peak-to-peak, check set up or input circuit. |  |
| HIGH FREQUENCY RESPONSE |  |  |  |
| 20 | Set up equipment as in table 5-5. | If frequency at which deflection on CRT decreases to 7.1 cm ( $3-\mathrm{db}$ point) is greater than 1 me , horizontal passband is acceptable. |  |
|  |  | $3-\mathrm{db}$ point less than 1 mc | 21 |
| 21 | Make adjustments as in paragraph 5-4d(3) (frequency compensation and external frequency compensation). | If adjustments can be made, passband is acceptable. |  |
|  |  | Adjustments cannot be made | 22 |
| 22 | Check DC balance and sensitivity as in DC unbalance, step 1, and table 5-5 horizontal sensitivity calibration. | DC balance and horizontal sensitivity correct | 23 |
|  |  | If DC balance and horizontal sensitivity are incorrect, use DC Unbalance and | 21 |
|  |  | Sensitivity trouble-shooting procedures to isolate the faulty component. Replace faulty component. |  |
| 23 | Determine from step 2 if poor passband is in internal horizontal amplifier or external horizontal amplifier only. | Problem in external horizontal amplifier only | 24 |
|  |  | Problem in internal horizontal amplifier | 25 |
| 24 | Check V201B and associated circuitry. | Replace deflective component and repeat external frequency compensation, paragraph 5-4d |  |
| 25 | Check DC voltage at horizontal deflection plates. | If voltage is +150 volts $\pm 10$ volts, check deflection plate lead dress. |  |
|  |  | If voltage is not +150 volts $\pm 10$ volts, make DC measurements in amplifier to locate faulty stage. Check stages in the following order: V204, V205, V207, V206, V203, Q201, V202, V201, CRT, and highvoltage power supply. |  |

# AN/USM-140B TROUBLE SHOOTING 

## 4-9. SWEEP GENERATOR.

a. SWEEP GENERATOR FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION. The sweep generator produces a linear sawtooth waveform for sweeping the spot across the CRT. It also includes the circuit for synchronizing the start of the sawtooth with a specific voltage level on an applied signal. The sweep generator consists of two sections, the sweep generator circuit and the synchronizing circuit, both located on etched circuit A101 on the bottom of the oscilloscope chassis (see figure 5-10). The output of the sweep generator is connected through the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch to the horizontal amplifier. The Sweep Generator Functional and Servicing Block Diagram shows the functional circuit arrangement of the sweep generator. The circuits and operating modes are described below.
(1) SYNCHRONIZING CIRCUIT. The synchronizing circuit consists of an input amplifier V101 and a Schmitt trigger V103. The input amplifier is composed of two triodes, V1011A and VIO1B, which receive the input sync signals as selected by TRIGGER SOURCE switch S101. When the amplified signal drives the V103 grid through the lower hysteresis limit, V103 produces a negative pulse at the plate of V103B, which is differentiated by the following coupling network to supply a negative spike to the input grid of V104A/V105A, also a Schmitt trigger.

The Schmitt trigger circuit is a form of bi-stable multivibrator used where fast-rising signals are required. Figure 4-10 shows a simplified Schmitt trigger circuit with input and output waveforms. The output of-the circuit is a voltage step, either positive or negative depending upon the slope of the input. The input voltage levels at which a Schmitt trigger circuit switches are its hysteresis limits. Note that the circuit does not switch unless the input crosses both limits.

The TRIGGER LEVEL control sets the zerosignal output level of trigger amplifier V101. Since the trigger amplifier is DC coupled to trigger generator V103, the control determines the voltage levels the trigger signal must cross if the amplified trigger signal is to cross the hysteresis limits of V103. The TRIGGER SLOPE switch determines whether or not the trigger amplifier inverts the trigger signal and thereby determines whether the sweep starts on the positivegoing or negative-going portion of the trigger signal.
(2) SWEEP GENERATOR CIRCUIT. Gate generator V104/V105A is a Schmitt circuit with wide hysteresis limits. Between sweeps, the A section of bias control cathode follower V113 holds the bias at the input of the gate generator close to the lower hysteresis limit. Trigger generator V103 applies both positive and negative triggers. The positive triggers are reduced in amplitude and have no effect, but a negative pulse drives the input to the gate generator below the lower hysteresis limit and causes the gate generator to switch.

When it switches, gate generator V104/V105A provides a positive and a negative gate. The positive gate is applied to the high voltage power supply to turn on the CRT beam and to the front-panel GATE OUTPUT connector for external use. The negative gate applies reverse bias to switch diode CR104. Prior to the
gate, the switch diode had been forward-biased and had been holding the input to integrator V109 at about zero volts. The negative gate opens the diode switch and frees the input to the integrator.

Once freed, the input to integrator V109 starts going negative because it is connected to -100 volts through the sweep resistor. The integrator amplifies and inverts its input to produce a large, positive-going output which is applied back to the input through cathode follower V115 and the sweep capacitor. As a result, the voltage at the input to integrator V109 changes by about one volt during sweep time. The voltage across the sweep resistor, then, changes by about $1 \%$, and the current through the resistor changes by the same amount. The current through the sweep resistor is the charging current for the sweep capacitor; therefore the voltage across the sweep capacitor changes quite linearly with time, and the sweep signal is a nearly linear voltage ramp.

The SWEEP TIME switch changes the value of sweep resistor or capacitor to change the sweep time. The sweep output is applied to the horizontal amplifier and to the front-panel SWEEP OUTPUT connector.

An attenuated sweep signal is applied to the input of gate generator V104/V105A through hold-off cathode follower V114A and section B of bias control cathode follower V113. This signal drives the input of the gate generator up to the upper hysteresis limit and causes the gate generator to switch back to its presweep state. The gate generator then ends the gates, blanking the CRT and forward-biasing switch diode CR104. The switch diode returns the input to integrator V109 to its pre-sweep level, discharging the sweep capacitor.

During the time period of one sweep, hold-off cathode follower V114A charges a hold-off capacitor. After the sweep ends, this capacitor lets the input to gate generator V104/V105A down slowly enough to prevent that circuit from being triggered again until the remaining sweep circuits have recovered completely. The SWEEP TIME switch changes the size of the holdoff capacitor to match the selected sweep time.

Clamp V105B ensures that each sweep starts from the same voltage level, about -50 volts.

The SWEEP MODE control determines the nosignal bias at the input to gate generator V104/V105A by setting the bias on the A section of bias control cathode follower V113. With the control set to PRESET or in the TRIGGER portion of its adjustable range, the gate generator bias cannot drop below its lower hysteresis limit unless the trigger generator provides a trigger. With the control set in the FREE RUN portion of its adjustable range, the gate bias is allowed to drop below its lower hysteresis limit. Thus as the hold-off capacitor discharges, it lets the gate generator bias all the way down to the lower hysteresis limit, and another sweep starts automatically without requiring a trigger.
(3) SINGLE SWEEP OPERATION. The SWEEP OCCURRENCE switch selects normal or single-sweep operation. Normal operation is discussed above. For single-sweep operation, the

## AN/USM-140B <br> TROUBLE SHOOTING

SWEEP OCCURRENCE switch converts V113 into a Schmiitt circuit. As the sweep signal from hold-off cathode follower V114A rises to end the gate from the gate generator, the sweep signal also switches the Schmitt circuit of V113 so that V113B conducts and V113A is cut off. The B section of V113 then holds the input to gate generator V104/V105A high enough so that triggers from the trigger generator cannot actuate the gate generator, and the sweep generating circuits are effectively disabled. A positive signal applied to V113A switches the Schmitt circuit of V113 so that V113A conducts and V113B is cut off. The "A" section of V113 then sets the input to the gate generator according to the setting of the SWEEP MODE control, and the sweep generating circuits are effectively armed. The switching signal for V113A can be an external signal applied to the ARMING INPUT connector or an internal signal obtained from the SWEEP MODE control when the control is rotated just out of PRESET.
b. SWEEP GENERATOR TROUBLE SHOOTING. To begin trouble shooting the sweep generator, first determine whether the sync circuit operates satisfactorily by measuring the output waveform at test point D4 (see figure 4-18). AC and DC voltage measurements and waveforms useful in trouble shooting, and conditions for their measurement, are given in both the block diagram (figure 4-11) and the schematic diagram [figure 5-38) If the waveform is not present or is low in amplitude, check AC waveforms in the sync circuit. Waveforms on the schematic are given for a 2 -volt peak-to-peak 400 -cycle sine-wave input at INPUT J101. If the waveform has the indicated amplitude, an incorrect non-operating sweep will probably be due to a fault in the sweep generator circuit. Trouble symptoms in the sweep circuit fall into three classes: (1) sweep out of calibration, (2) non-linearity, or (3) no sweep. A step-by-step procedure for localizing the cause of a non-operative sweep is given in the troubleshooting chart for the sweep generator, table 4-7. Trouble shooting techniques for improper calibration and nonlinearity, and a further discussion of the technique for localizing the trouble causing a non-operative sweep are given below.

If the sweep rate as measured with a time-mark generator is found to be out of calibration (on only certain ranges, the probability is that the adjustment for those ranges is not properly set. If all ranges are out of calibration, the probability is that the horizontal amplifier sensitivity is not properly set or the CRT sensitivity is down.

If the sweep is found to be non-linear the probability is that the horizontal amplifier or the CRT is defective: check the horizontal amplifier according to its trouble-shooting procedure for poor high frequency response.

If the sweep circuit produces no sweep signal, the first item to check is the waveform at test point D4, to determine whether the gate generator receives and input signal. Then measure the output of the gate generator at test point D11 (see figure 4-18) to see if it has been switched ( -6.8 volts if it has; -3.6 volts if it has not). If the gate generator has not been switched, check tubes in gate
and hold-off circuits (V104, V105, V113, and V114). If the gate generator has been switched, check tubes and diodes in the integrating circuit (V109, V115, V105B, CR103, and CR104). A non-operating sweep can be caused by faults other than defective tubes. Table 4-7 gives a systematic procedure for locating the cause of a non-operating sweep.

## USEFUL ILLUSTRATIONS OF THE SWEEP GENERATOR

| Illustration | Figure No. | Page No. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Block Diagram | $4-11$ | $4-39,4-40$ |
| Location of Test Points | $4-18$ | $4-51$ |
| Location of Parts | $5-17$ | $5-33$ and |
|  | through | $5-34$ |
|  | $5-20$ | $5-61,5-62$ |
| Schematic Diagram | $5-38$ | 58 |
| Sweep-Time Switch Func- | $5-39$ | $5-63,5-64$ |
| tional Schematic Diagram |  |  |



Figure 4-10. Schmiitt Trigger Simplified Circuit with Waveforms

TABLE 4-7. SWEEP GENERATOR TROUBLE SHOOTING

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NO SWEEP |  |  |  |
| 1 | Unsolder the C109 end of R124. |  | 2 |
| 2 | With a clip lead, connect R124 to ground then -100 volts. Measure the DC voltage at test point D15. | DC voltage changes from -50 volts to +84 volts | 3 |
|  |  | Not as above | 9 |
| 3 | Same as step 2. Measure the DC voltage at test point D19. | -67 volts to -3 volts | 4 |
|  |  | Not as above | 6 |
| 4 | Same as step 2. Measure the DC voltage test point D6. | -38 volts to -5 volts | 5 |
|  |  | Not as above | 8 |
| 5 | Same as step 2. Measure the DC voltage test point D21. | +9 volts (normal) |  |
|  |  | If not +9 volts, SWEEP MODE is not in PRESET, or problem is in preset circuit or V113A. |  |
| 6 | Same as step 2. Measure the DC voltage at test point D17. | -75 volts to -8.4 volts If not as above, check sweep length circuit. | 7 |
| 7 | Same as step 2. Measure the DC voltage at test point D18. | If voltage is -67 volts to -3 volts, check horizontal plug-in connections (be sure plug-in is set for NORMAL sweep). |  |
|  |  | If not as above, check V114A circuit. |  |
| 8 | Same as step 2. Measure the DC voltage at test point D20. | If -38 volts to -.04 volt, V113B is operating correctly. |  |
|  |  | If not as above, check V113 circuit. |  |
| 9 | Same as step 2. Measure the DC voltage at test point D11. | -4.2 volts to -6.6 volts | 10 |
|  |  | If not as above, refer to steps 14 and 16, or check CR103. |  |
| 10 | Same as step 2. Measure the DC voltage at test point D13. | +67 volts to -332 volts | 11 |
|  |  | Not as above | 12 |
| 11 | Same as step 2. Measure the DC voltage at test point D-4. | If -58 volts to +83 volts, check V115 circuit. |  |
|  |  | If not as above, check circuit around R156, C123, R157, and R313, or highvoltage power supply. |  |
| 12 | Same as step 2. Measure the DC voltage at test point D12. | If -4.6 to -7.0 volts, check V109 circuit. |  |
|  |  | If not as above, check CR104 circuit. |  |
| 13 | Same as step 2. Measure the DC voltage at test point D16. | If -50.8 volts to -52.0 volts, check CR103 and V105B circuit. |  |
|  |  | Not as above | 14 |

TABLE 4-7. (Continued)

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { NEXT } \\ & \text { STEP } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | Same as step 2. Measure the DC voltage at test point D8. <br> Same as step 2. Measure the DC voltage at test point D9. | +7.8 volts to +110 volts | 15 |
| 15 |  | If not as above, check V105 circuit, V104A/B circuit, and CR101. <br> If -51.7 volts to -16.7 volts, check V105A circuit. |  |
|  |  | Not as above | 16 |
| 16 | Same as step 2. Measure the DC voltage at test point D10. | If -1.83 volts to -17.6 volts, check V104B. |  |

## 4-38

4-10. CALIBRATOR CIRCUIT.
a. CALIBRATOR CIRCUIT FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION. The calibrator is located on the highvoltage power supply etched circuit assembly, and is shown on the schematic diagram for the high voltage power supply, figure 5-43. It consists of a type 7308 tube (V306) connected as a free-running 1KC multivibrator, a diode clamp V307A to limit the positivegoing voltage at the output plate of the multivibrator, and a second diode V307B in series with the output signal to prevent the voltage at the CALIBRATOR output connectors from going negative as the output plate passes the 0 -volt level during half of the cycle. Thus, the calibrator circuit produces an output 1KC square wave voltage which is clipped on negative and positive peaks at 0 and +110 volts. This output is applied to an attenuator which provides calibrated outputs in volts and millivolts. When the CALIBRATOR switch is set to OFF, the output side of the multivibrator is cut off by an applied grid bias of -100 volts.
b. CALIBRATOR CIRCUIT TROUBLE SHOOTING. Problems in the calibrator fall into four categories: (1) no output, (2) poor symmetry and/or
period, (3) low amplitude on all ranges, or (4) poor calibration on some ranges. Table 4-8 is the troubleshooting chart for the calibrator circuit.

In all cases of trouble, except for poor calibration on only some of the ranges (category 4), first check tubes V306 and V307 while observing the output waveform and the output plate waveform as instructed in the procedure of table 4-8. Although tube element voltages are shown in the schematic diagram for the calibrator, practically all troubles will be found by replacing tubes and observing the output waveform. Poor calibration on only certain ranges almost certainly points to damaged resistors in the range selector switch S302.

TABLE 4-8. CALIBRATOR CIRCUIT TROUBLE SHOOTING

| STEP | ACTION | RESULTS | NEXT <br> STEP |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Check calibrator waveform at CALI- <br> BRATOR OUTPUT (test point FI). | No output | 2 |
|  |  | Symmetry not within $45 \%$ to $55 \%$ | 3 |
|  |  | Period not within 0.9 to 1.1 milliseconds | 3 |
|  | Amplitude not within $\pm 3 \%$ on all ranges | 3 |  |
|  | Poor waveform | 4 |  |
|  | Amplitude not within $\pm 3 \%$ on certain <br> ranges |  |  |
| 3 | Check waveform at test point F3 or F5 | If waveform is as indicated on schematic, <br> check V307 by replacement. | If waveform is incorrect, check V306 by <br> replacement. |
| 4 | Check V306 and V307 by replacement, <br> and observe output waveform. | If no improvement, check resistors and <br> capacitors in multivibrator circuit. |  |

## AN/USM-140B TROUBLE SHOOTING

4-11. MX-2930B/USM VERTICAL PLUG-IN UNIT.
a. MX-2930B/USM VERTICAL PLUG-IN FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION. This Dual-Trace Preamplifier vertical plug-in unit receives one or two input signals from external sources, amplifies them, combines them in one of four different ways, and applies them to the main vertical amplifier input. The plug-in contains two separate differential amplifiers on etched circuit A501 and a switching circuit on etched circuit A502. The outputs of both amplifier channels are connected in parallel, and each provides a balanced output to drive the main vertical amplifier. The frontpanel Vertical Presentation Switch (S505), however, allows only one amplifier to operate at a time. S505 operates the switching circuit to turn on either one amplifier or the other (individual Channel A or Channel B operation), or to alternately turn on one amplifier during one sweep and the other amplifier on the next sweep (ALTERNATE operation), or to turn on the amplifiers alternately in 1 -microsecond segments during each sweep (CHOPPED operation). A fourth mode of operation, $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{B}$, connects the A and B channel inputs to opposite sides of the Channel A differential amplifier.

The Vertical Plug-In Functional and Servicing Block Diagram, figure 4-13, gives a simplified version of the circuits and switching arrangements. Basically, the circuit consists of two identical input attenuators, two identical amplifier channels, and a switching circuit as described in detail below.
(1) INPUT ATTENUATORS. Each input attenuator divides its signal in a calibrated ratio for each setting of the SENSITIVITY switch to give sensitivities of 0.02 to 20 volts per centimeter. Except for the 0, 02 VOLTS/CM range, each range is provided with a compensating attenuator (Atten Comp) to maintain these ratios for high frequencies by capacitive division. Each range also has a capacitor (Cap. Adj) for adjusting input capacity, so that frequency compensation with the test prod will be constant on all ranges.
(2) AMPLIFIERS. Each of the two amplifying channels consists of four stages: two balanced cathode follower stages, a common-base transistor amplifier, and a balanced output cathode follower stage. The SENS CAL control, R504 (R546), varies the bias on the second cathode follower stage, causing a gain variation of between 0.4 and 0.7. The BAL control, R508 (R543), balances the DC levels at the cathodes of V502A/B (V505A/B), so that no vertical shift takes place when the POLARITY switch is operated. The signal from V502A/B (V505A/B) drives the emitters of the transistor amplifier Q501/Q502 (Q503, Q504). This stage is controlled by the switching circuit, being either cut off or operating as determined by the bias supplied through CR501 (CR505). The output cathode followers drive the main vertical amplifier in the AN/USM-140B. The VERTICAL POSITION control, R520 (R530), varies the DC levels at the grids of V503A/B (V506A B), and since the main vertical amplifier is also DC-coupled, these DC levels will determine the vertical position of the trace on the CRT.
(3) SWITCHING CONTROL CIRCUIT. The switching control circuit consists of a multi-vibrator, an amplifier, and a Vertical Presentation Switch. With the Vertical Presentation Switch at position A, both the input and output of the switch signal amplifier are disconnected, and the signal from input $A$ is connected
to the A Channel amplifier (V501A/B), and the input B to the B Channel (V504A/B) amplifier. Negative bias is applied to switch off the B half (V508B) of the multivibrator. CR505 conducts, applying a positive voltage to the bases of transistors Q503, Q504, thereby switching off Channel B. With the A half (V508A) conducting, diode CR501 cuts off, and with Q501, Q502 conducting, Channel $A$ is free to amplify the signal from input A. The reverse is true with the Vertical Presentation Switch on position B.

On CHOPPED, the negative bias is eliminated, and the switching multivibrator free runs at a frequency set by C509 and C510, switching on and off Channels A and B. Breakdown diode CR506 limits the saturation to assure the multivibrator self-starting. During chopping, the transient at the beginning of each chop is high. Blanking out the oscilloscope trace at such times erases the transients from observation, and the smooth chopped traces shown in figure 4-18 result. The blanking signal to the CRT is derived from the switching multivibrator, transferred through CR502 and CR503, amplified by V507A, and isolated by cathode follower V507B. Diode CR504 clips off all the negative pulses; the positive pulses are applied to the cathode of the CRT to blank the switching transient.

On $A-B$, the switching multivibrator switches Channel A on and Channel B off. The signal input to B is applied to the lower half of differential amplifier A, and the differential input, Channel A minus Channel B, is amplified and presented.

On ALTERNATE, the switching multi-vibrator is rendered bi-stable by applying negative bias on both halves. Pulses, from the oscilloscope, and synchronized with the horizontal sweep signal, are amplified by the switch signal amplifier (V507A /B) to trigger the switching multi-vibrator, presenting the signals $A$ and $B$ on0 thle screen on alternate sweeps.
b. MX-2930B/USM VERTICAL PLUG-IN TROUBLE SHOOTING. Trouble shooting the vertical plug-in unit presumes that the main vertical amplifier in the oscilloscope is known to be operating satisfactorily. Trouble symptoms in the plug-in unit fall into six classes: (1) the spot cannot be centered vertically (DC balance) in one of the channels; (2) high noise level (ripple or microphonics) in one of the channels, (3) midband sensitivity is low in one of the channels, (4) poor high-frequency (pulse) response, (5) no ALTERNATE operation, or (6) no CHOPPED operation.

Test points and voltage measurements that are useful in trouble shooting are shown on the servicing block diagram, figure 4-13 and the schematic diagram, figure 5-46. A vertical plug-in extender which permits operation of the vertical plug-in unit outside the chassis for convenient access to test points, etc., can be constructed as shown in figure 4-12.

The first step in trouble shooting is to determine if the trouble symptom occurs irn one or both of the amplifier channels or in the switching circuit. To determine if the switching circuit operates, measure its tube socket voltages and compare them against those given in the block diagram or schematic diagram.

For the switching multi-vibrator to turn on the Channel A (Channel B) amplifier, a negative voltage must appear at the plate of V508B (V508A). When the Vertical Presentation Switch is set to ALTERNATE, each unblanking pulse from the sweep generator must cause V508 to switch from one state to the opposite state. When set to CHOPPED, V508 must oscillate at approximately 1 megacycle. To trouble shoot either of the amplifiers, refer to the trouble-shooting data given for the main vertical amplifier.

The quickest way to isolate the source of noise or DC unbalance in either of the amplifiers is to connect a jumper across the corresponding circuit test points on the top and bottom sides of the amplifier. If so doing eliminates the noise or unbalance, the trouble is ahead of the short; if the trouble symptom persists, the trouble is after the short.

Before trouble shooting a problem of sensitivity, be sure that the DC balance is satisfactory, and that the main vertical amplifier sensitivity is properly set. Low gain in the amplifier is usually caused by a weak tube or transistor or incorrect supply voltages. AC measurements for obtaining the gain of each stage are given in the block diagram, for an input of 0.05 volts peak-to-peak. Use a differential oscilloscope (AN. USM-140B with AM-3567/USM Plug-In) for measuring low-level peak-to-peak voltages between test points indicated. Progress in numerical order through both
amplifiers until the low gain stage is located. Set the Vertical Presentation Switch to \}the appropriate channel position for measuring channel gain.

Before trouble shooting a problem of highfrequency response, be sure that the attenuator compensation adjustments are correctly set, and that DC balance, R508 (R543), and midband sensitivity, R504 (R546), are satisfactory. The most likely cause ot inadequate high-frequency response is a defective tube or transistor or lack of proper circuit adjustment following replacement of a tube or transistor. Be sure that L501, L502, L511, and L512 have been correctly set.

## USEFUL ILLUSTRATION OF THE MX-2930B USM VERTICAL PLUG-IN

| Illustration | Figure No. | Page No. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Block Diagram | $4-13$ | $4-45,4-46$ |
| Location of Test Points | $4-21$ | $4-54$ |
|  | $4-22$ | $4-54$ |
| Location of Parts | $5-30$ | $5-49$ |
|  | through | through |
|  | $5-34$ | $5-55$ |
| Schematic Diagram | $5-46$ | $5-77,5-78$ |



Figure 4-12. Construction of Vertical Plug-In Extender 162A-39A


Figure 4-14. Bottom View, Location of Test Points on Low-Voltage Power Supply


Figure 4-15. Top View, Location of Test Points on High-Voltage Power Supply


Figure 4-16. Bottom View, Location of Test Points on Horizontal Preamplifier Assembly
ORIGINAL
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Figure 4-17. Top View, Location of Test Points on Main Horizontal Amplifier and Driver Assembly ORIGINAL

UNCLASSIFIED


Figure 4-18. Bottom View, Location of Test Points on Sweep Generator Assembly


Figure 4-19. Top View, Location of Test Points on Main Vertical Amplifier Assembly


Figure 4-20A. Fan Shroud and Power Transistor Assembly, Location of Test Points and Connections AN/USM- 140C

## CHANGE 1

UNCLASSIFIED


Figure 4-20. Fan Shroud and Power Transistor Assembly, Location of Test Points and Connections ORIGINAL

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Figure 4-21. Left Side View of MX-2930B/USM Vertical Plug-In Assembly, Location of Test Points


Figure 4-22. Right Side View of MX-2930B/USM, Location of Test Points

## SECTION 5 <br> MAINTENANCE

5-1. FAILURE, AND PERFORMANCE AND OPERATIONAL REPORTS.


#### Abstract

Note The Bureau of Ships no longer requires the submission of failure reports for all equipments. Failure Reports and Performance and Operational Reports are to be accomplished for designated equipments (refer to Electronics Installation and Maintenance Book, NAVSHIPS 900, 000) only to the extent required by existing directives. All failures shall be reported for those equipments requiring the use of Failure Reports.


## 5-2. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE.

Preventive maintenance consists mainly of cleaning the air filter and checking the fan motor brushes. In addition the instrument should be given a periodic visual inspection for potential sources of trouble, which should include inspection for loose switch knobs, unseated vacuum tubes, loose or frayed wires, burned or bulging components, etc.
a. SERVICING THE AIR FILTER. The air filter is located on the rear of the instrument cabinet. Inspect the filter bi-weekly and clean it as often as necessary. Monthly cleaning is sufficient in normal operating environments; when the instrument is used in extremely dusty environments, the filter must be cleaned more often. Proceed as follows:
(1) Remove filter by pushing it down and pulling on its top edge.
(2) Wash filter in warm water and detergent; then dry it thoroughly.
(3) Prepare and maintain a maintenance checkoff list for the air filter, using the following format:

| WEEK OF | AIR FILTER |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | CLEANING NOT <br> REQUIRED | CLEANED |

b. FAN MOTOR. Every six months, add one or two drops of 10 -weight machine oil to the motor bearings. The motor can be lubricated through the access hole in the right side gusset when the gusset cover plate is removed. This plate is secured by two screws. Also inspect the motor brushes and replace them when they are worn to $3 / 16$ inch in length. Proceed as follows:
(1) Remove the cabinet for access to the fan, by resting the oscilloscope front panel down, supported by the guard rails, and removing the four retaining screws from the
rear, allowing the cabinet to be lifted off.
(2) Remove the eight fan shroud screws and open the motor supporting strap.
(3) Slip the entire fan, shroud, and motor out the rear of the chassis, noting cable dress and shroud position. See figures 4-20 and 5-10. Twist slightly to give transistors clearance.
(4) Remove and inspect the brushes.

Clean, replace, and dress as necessary. Brushes should be contoured to fit commutator to minimize arcing and bounce. Use air pressure to blow dust from brush holders and fan case.
(5) Add one or two drops of SAE 10 machine oil to motor bearings. Wipe off excess oil to avoid dust coating.
(6) Prepare and maintain a maintenance checkoff list for the fan motor, using the following for mat:

| MONTH | FAN MOTOR BRUSHES | BEARINGS |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
|  | REPLACEMENT REPLACED <br> NOT REQD | LUBRICATE |
|  |  |  |

(7) To reinstall assembly, reverse the above procedure. In AN/USM-140B or AN/USM-141A, position the heat sink bracket (with two transistors) at 3 o'clock and position fan motor leads in notch of motor bracket. In AN/USM/140C or AN/USM141B, position the access port in the fan shroud at 6 o'clock.

## 5-2A. WIRING COLOR CODE.

Where color coding is not the same in all models, the color code is shown in parentheses for Model AN/USM140C.

## 5-3. REFERENCE STANDARDS PROCEDURES.

## Note

The procedures listed below constitute the minimum number of reference standards which will indicate, when completed, the relative performance of tile oscilloscope and its plug-in units. Each group of tests represents a functional section of the instrument. The procedures are listed in the suggested sequence of performance, and the power supply test must always be performed first, as indicated, to assure that all units are being supplied proper power. Otherwise, however, deviation from the listed order will in no way affect the unity or result of the reference standards.

TABLE 5-1. REFERENCE STANDARDS PROCEDURES


Test equipment required to complete the Reference Standards Procedures is listed in table 5-2 shows the test connector that must be fabricated to allow test of the main vertical amplifier with the vertical channel plug-in unit removed.

TABLE 5-2. TEST EQUIPMENT FOR REFERENCE
STANDARDS PROCEDURES

| DESIGNATION | NAME |
| :--- | :--- |
| Model 738A | Voltmeter Calibrator (Hewlett- <br> Packard) <br> AN/USM-108 <br> Model 107 |
| Time-Mark Generator <br> Square Wave Generator <br> (Tektronix) <br> Constant-Amplitude Signal <br> Generator (Tektronix) |  |
| AN/USM- | AC Voltmeter <br> Voltmeter |
| ME-30/U |  |

NOTE: Se table 1-2 for full description.


Figure 5-1. Main Vertical Amplifier Test Connector

## CHANGE 1

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TABLE 5-3. POWER SUPPLY


TABLE 5-4. CALIBRATOR

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Control Settings: Test Equipment Required: |  |  |  |
| HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to X1 Hewlett-Packard Model 738A <br> TRIGGER SOURCE to INT Voltmeter Calibrator <br> SWEEP MODE to PRESET  <br> SWEEP TIME to 2 MILLISECONDS/CM  <br> VERTICAL SENSITIVITY to 2 VOLTS/CM  <br> CALIBRATOR to OFF  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { STEP } \\ & \text { NO. } \end{aligned}$ | ACTION REQUIED RQU | READ INDICATION ON | PERFORMANCE STANDARDS |
| 3 | Check amplitude of CALIBRATOR voltage | Oscilloscope | The amplitudes of the |
|  | PROCEDURE: Set the Voltmeter Calibrator for a 10 -volt, 400 -cycle peak-to-peak output, and connect this signal to the vertical INPUT. Set sensitivity vernier for 4 cm amplitude of the sine wave on the CRT. Leave vernier at this setting, disconnect the Voltmeter Calibrator, set the CALIBRATOR control at 10-volt output, and connect the CALIBRATOR output at VOLTS to the vertical INPUT. Note the exact amplitude of the square wave. |  |  |
| 4 | Check CALIBRATOR voltage divider | Oscilloscope | Same as above |
|  | PROCEDURE: Check all the CALIBRATOR voltage ranges by comparing equal voltages from the CALIBRATOR output and from the Voltmeter Calibrator. Use the same procedure as above. |  |  |

TABLE 5-5. HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER


TABLE 5-6. SWEEP GENERATOR

|  | TIME-MARK GODEL 18OA |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Control Settings: Test Equipment Required: <br>   <br> HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to X1 AN USM-108 Time-Mark Generator <br> TRIGGER SOURCE to INT Hewlett-Packard Model 738A Voltm <br> SWEEP MODE to TRIGGER Calibrator <br> SWEEP TIME to 1 MICROSECOND/CM  <br> Adjust VERTICAL SENSITIVITY for 1-CM Deflection  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { STEP } \\ & \text { NO. } \end{aligned}$ | ACTION REQUIRED | $\begin{aligned} & \text { READ } \\ & \text { INDICATION ON } \end{aligned}$ | PERFORMA STANDARD |
| 8 | Check sweep time | Oscilloscope | 1 marker per $\pm 3 \%$ in each |
|  | PROCEDURE: Connect $1-\mu \mathrm{sec}$ time marks from Time-Mark Generator to vertical INPUT, check that the SWEEP TIME control is 1 MICROSECOND/CM, and note the CRT display. Change the SWEEP TIME control to 1 MILLISECOND/CM and then to 1 SECOND/CM and simultaneously set the Time-Mark Generator to produce the corresponding time markers (i.e., 1 millisecond markers and 1 second markers). |  |  |
| 9 | Check sweep trigger sensitivity | Oscilloscope | Sweep trigge without jitter |
|  | PROCEDURE: Disconnect the Time-Mark Generator. Change the VERTICAL SENSITIVITY control to 1 VOLT/CM, the VERNIER to CALIBRATED, the SWEEP TIME to 1 MILLISECOND/CM, SWEEP MODE to PRESET, and TRIGGER LEVEL to 0 . Connect a 0.2 -volt peak-to-peak signal from the Voltmeter Calibrator to the vertical INPUT. |  |  |

TABLE 5-7. MAIN VERTICAL AMPLIFIER


TABLE 5-8. MX-2930B/USM VERTICAL PLUG-IN


TABLE 5-8. (Continued)

| STEP NO. | ACTION REQUIR | READ INDICATION ON | PERFORMANCE STANDARDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | Check vertical pulse response | Oscilloscope | Overshoot on leading edge of applied signal must not exceed $3 \%$. |
|  | PROCEDURE: Change SWEEP TIME control to 0.2 MICROSECOND/CM and Channel A SENSITIVITY to 0.02 VOLTS/CM. Set the Square Wave Generator to produce a 0.25 -volt AC peak-to-peak $500-\mathrm{kc}$ signal and couple this to the Channel A INPUT. Change the Vertical Presentation Switch back to CHANNEL A. Repeat for CHANNEL B. |  |  |
| 16 | Check vertical bandwidth | Oscilloscope | The frequency must be at least 22 mc when the deflection is 2.8 cm |
|  | PROCEDURE: Set the SENSITIVITY control to . 02 VOLT/CM, the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch to X1, and connect a 50 -kc sine wave from a Constant-Amplitude Signal Generator to the Channel A INPUT. Adjust the input signal level for a CRT deflection of exactly 4 centimeters. Without changing the signal level, increase the signal frequency until the height of the display is reduced to 2.8 centimeters. Repeat for CHANNEL B. |  |  |
| 17 | Isolation check | Oscilloscope | The height of CRT display should not Vertical exceed 0.3 cm |
|  | PROCEDURE: Disconnect the Square Wave Generator. Change the <br> Presentation switch to CHANNEL B, the SENSITIVITY control to $0.5 \mathrm{VOLT} / \mathrm{CM}$ on Channel A and . 02 VOLT/CM on Channel B, the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to XI, the SWEEP TIME control to 1 MILLISECOND/CM, and center the display with the VERTICAL POSITION control. Apply a 20 -volt square wave to Channel A INPUT from the CALIBRATOR output. After noting the deflection, check the reverse coupling by reversing the settings and connection of Channels A and B and their controls. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | Common mode rejection check | Oscilloscope | A\&B Input Deflec-SENSI- Volt- tion TIVITY age (cm) |
|  | PROCEDURE: Connect the output of the CALIBRATOR to Channel A and B INPUTS in parallel (through a T-connector). Change the Vertical Presentation Switch to A-B, the AC-DC switch to DC, and keep the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch at X1. Measure the common mode rejection on all SENSITIVITY ranges and note that the deflections correspond to the table at the right. |  |  |
|  |  |  | . 0221 |
|  |  |  | . $05 \quad 5 \quad 3$ |
|  |  |  | . 10103 |
|  |  |  | . 20203 |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{lll} .50 & 50 & 3 \\ 1 & 100 & 3 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{lll} 2 & 100 & 1.5 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{lll} 5 & 100 & 0.6 \\ 10 & 100 & 0.3 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | $20 \quad 100 \quad 0.15$ |
| 19 | Chopped display check | Oscilloscope | The chopped period should be between 0.9 and 1.1 microsecond. The transition between the chopped traces should be blanked out at normal intensity levels |
|  | PROCEDURE: Remove all connections from the INPUT jacks. Set the Vertical Presentation Switch to CHOPPED, the SWEEP TIME control to . 5 MICROSECOND/CM, and adjust the VERTICAL POSITION control for two distinct chopped traces. There should be no signal at any input to the Oscilloscope. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 20 | Check on alternate display | Oscilloscope | The display should show two distinct traces throughout the sweep range |
|  | PROCEDURE: With the Oscilloscope setup as in step 19, change the Vertical Presentation Switch to the ALTERNATE position. Vary the SWEEP TIME from 20 MILLISECONDS/CM to 0.1 MICROSECONDS/CM. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## CHANGE 1

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## 5-4. ADJUSTMENTS.

The procedures below give instructions for complete calibration to insure optimum equipment performance. However, complete calibration is seldom required, and the adjustment for any one particular section can be performed separately if the other sections are known to be calibrated and operating correctly. Table 3-4 lists the adjustments required following replacement of individual tubes, diodes, and transistors. Whether complete or partial calibration is to be done, make the adjustments in the sequence in which they are given below, since the adjustments on one section may influence the performance of another section. For cabinet removal procedure, see paragraph 5-2b.

Test equipment and special tools required to complete the adjustments are listed in table 5-9 Equipment with similar specifications can be substituted for that listed. The special vertical test connector shown in figure $5-1$ is required to apply signals directly to the main vertical amplifier. The connector makes the frequency response adjustment in the main vertical amplifier independent of the plug-in units.
a. LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY ADJUSTMENT. Location of adjustments in the low voltage supply is shown in figure $5-2$. Test points are shown in table 5-3 and figure 4-14.

## CAUTION

Never allow any power supply voltage to short directly to ground or to another circuit. Such a short will destroy the power supply transistors instantaneously.
(1) -100 VOLT SUPPLY. Adjust -100 V Adj, R452, for exactly - 100 volts at test point A3 white-violet (or violet/white).
(2) $\pm 6.3$ VOLT SUPPLY.
(a) Adjust 6.3V Adj, R464, for +6.3 volts at test point A1 brown wire.
(b) Check for -6.3 volts $\pm 0.1$ volt at test point A2 white-brown (or gray) wire. Any unbalance is due to unbalance in tube heaters. If the unbalance is excessive, it can be remedied by changing vacuum tubes.
(3) +110 VOLT SUPPLY. Adjust +110V Adj, R431, for exactly +110 volts at test point A4 whiteorange (or yellow brown) wire.
(4) +370 VOLT SUPPLY. Adjust +370 V Adj, R411, for +370 volts at test point A5 white-red (or red/orange) wire.
b. HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY ADJUSTMENT. Location of the adjustment for the 1500 -volt-high-voltage power supply is shown in figure $5-3$. Test points are shown in figure 4-15

## WARNING

Dangerous voltages will be encountered in the following procedure. Use extreme caution and follow the directions exactly.
(1) Remove the shield from the high voltage power supply which is accessible through the left-side gusset.
(2) Turn on the oscilloscope and allow a 5minute warm-up period.
(3) Connect the high-voltage voltmeter (AN/USM-116) between ground and test point B1, V310 plate cap). The voltmeter should indicate -1500 volts. If not, recheck the oscilloscope low-voltage power supply before continuing.
(4) If necessary, adjust R321 to produce exactly 1500 volts. After making this adjustment, it will be necessary to recheck horizontal and vertical gains, frequency response, and sweep times.

TABLE 5-9. TEST EQUIPMENT FOR ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

| DESIGNATION | NAME |
| :--- | :--- |
| AN/USM-98 | Voltmeter |
| AN/USM-116 | High-Voltage Voltmeter |
| Model 738A | Voltmeter Calibrator (Hewlett- <br> Packard) <br> Square Wave Generator <br> (Tektronix) |
| Model 107 | Time- Mark Generator |
| AN/USM-108 | Q Meter |

NOTE: See table 1-2 for full description


Figure 5-2. Location of Low-Voltage Power Supply Adjustments


Figure 5-3. Top View, Location of Adjustments
c. GEOMETRY ADJUSTMENT. The geometry adjustment control (R361) sets the voltage applied to the CRT grid (pin 4) for minimum deflection distortion at the edges of the graticule. Before making any adjustments, check that the CRT trace is properly aligned with the graticule.
(1) With the MX-2930B/USM Vertical Plug In installed, apply a signal from the amplitude CALIBRATOR to the vertical INPUT. Set the SWEEP MODE control just out of PRESET and position the vertical trace ( $4-\mathrm{cm}$ high) parallel and next to the left edge of the graticule. Note any non linearity and reposition the display at the right edge of the graticule. Again note any non linearity in the display. Remove all vertical input signal-, and set the SWEEP MODE control to FREE RUN. Position the trace ( $10-\mathrm{cm}$ long) alternately at the top and the bottom of the graticule, noting in each case any deviations from a straight line trace as compared to the graticule edge.
(2) If there is excessive distortion in the vertical or horizontal traces, change the adjustment of the Geometry control, R361, to correct this. The trace should be moved from one end to the opposite end of the graticule both horizontally and vertically to compare the effects of any adjustments. Seefigure 5-3 for location of R361.
d. HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER ADJUSTMENT. The location of test points and adjustments for the horizontal amplifier are shown in figures 4-16, 4-17, and 5-24. For parts location refer to figure 5-23.
(1) BALANCE.
(a) Remove oscilloscope cabinet, turn ie instrument on and allow a 5-minute warm up.
(b) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control midway between the INTERNAL SWEEP X1 and the . 1 VOLT/CM positions.
(c) Adjust the Balance control R243 (see figure 5-3 to center position the spot in the center of the CRT graticule.
(d) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control to $.1 \mathrm{VOLTS} / \mathrm{CM}$.
(e) Adjust the Vern. Bal. control R211 (seefigure 5-4) until the spot remains horizontally stationary as the EXTERNAL VERNIER control is rotated over its full range. If necessary, adjust the HORIZONTAL POSITION control to keep spot approximately centered.
(2) SENSITIVITY.
(a) With the instrument off, unsolder the yellow wire on the edge of the etched circuit board A101 (see figure 5-17.
(b) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control to INTERNAL SWEEP X1, and center spot with the HORIZONTAL POSITION control.
(c) Connect a 50-volt peak-to-peak sine wave from a Model 738 Voltmeter Calibrator to the etched circuit board A101 at the point from which the yellow wire was removed.
(d) Turn instrument on, allow a few minutes to warm up, and adjust Sweep Gain, R202 for 5.5centimeters of deflection. (See figure 5-4),
(e) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control to INTERNAL SWEEP X100.
(f) Change the 50 -volt signal to a 0.5 volt peak-to-peak sine wave from the voltmeter calibrator.
(g) If necessary, adjust the X100 Gain, R223, for 5.5-centimeters of deflection. See figure 5-4 for R223 location. Disconnect the voltmeter calibrator. Reconnect the yellow lead unless the frequency response should also be checked, as in paragraph 5-4d(3).
(h) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control to .1 VOLTS/CM and the horizontal AC-DC switch to AC.
(i) Connect a 1 -volt peak-to-peak sine wave from the voltmeter calibrator to the horizontal INPUT, and, if necessary, adjust the Ext. Gain control, R212 (see figure 5-4), to give 10-centimeters horizontal deflection.
(3) FREQUENCY COMPENSATION.
(a) Turn instrument off and disconnect yellow lead from circuit board A101, if not already disconnected in previous adjustments.
(b) Connect the 75 -ohm output of the Model 211A Square Wave Generator to etched circuit board A101 at the point from which the yellow lead mms removed Connect the 600-ohm output of the Model 211A Square Wave Generator to the TRIGGER SOURCE INPUT connector, SWEEP MODE to PRESET.
(c) Connect the SWEEP OUTPUT connector to the vertical INPUT.
(d) Turn the instrument ON and allow a few minutes warm-up time.
(e) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control to INTERNAL SWEEP X5 and the SWEEP TIME to. 1 MILLISECONDS/CM.
(f) Set the vertical SENSITIVITY control to obtain a vertical sweep trace 4-centimeters long. Set the square wave generator frequency to 4 kc and the output amplitude as necessary to produce a 3centimeter wide square wave.
(g) Adjust the Sweep Gain Comp trimmer, C201 (see figure 5-4) to flatten the square wave, if necessary.
(h) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control to X10 and the SWEEP TIME to 5 MICROSECONDS/CM.
(i) Set the square wave generator frequency to 100 kc and the output to give about a 5centimeter deflection.
(j) Adjust the LF. Comp capacitors C211 and C213 (see figure 5-3) for an approximately flat-topped square wave, if necessary.
(k) Increase the Cap Driver Adj. trimmer, C216 (see figure 5-3) until some overshoot appears on the left side of square wave; then readjust until this overshoot just disappears.
(1) Increase the square-wave amplitude to maximum and adjust the HORIZONTAL POSITION control until the right side of the square wave is just visible on the left edge of CRT (most of the square wave is off the CRT to the left). Overshoot will appear on square wave.
(m) Readjust the L.F. Comp capacitors C211 and C213 until peak of overshoot is even with top of the square wave.
(n) Disconnect the square wave generator, turn off the oscilloscope, and reconnect the yellow wire to etched circuit board A101.


Figure 5-4. Bottom View, Location of Adjustments

AN/USM-140B
NAVSHIPS 95706
MAINTENANCE
(o) Connect a jumper from the junction of R143 and the white/yellow/violet wire on the etched circuit board A101 (see figure 5-17) to test point A3 at the white/violet wire (see figure 5-2].
(p) Turn on the instrument, and set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control to .5 VOLTS/CM and the SWEEP TIME control to .1 MILLISECONDS/CM.
(q) Connect the SWEEP OUTPUT to Channel A INPUT.
(r) Connect the 75 -ohm output of the square wave generator to the horizontal INPUT, set square wave frequency to 4 kc , and adjust its amplitude to make square wave about five-centimeters wide on CRT.
(s) Set the vertical SENSITIVITY to make the sweep (now vertical) about four-centimeters high.
(t) Adjust the Ext. Gain Comp trimmer, C207 (see figure 5-4), to flatten the square wave, if necessary.
(u) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control to 1 VOLTS/CM and adjust the square wave generator output to obtain a five-centimeter wide square wave.
(v) Adjust the Atten Comp trimmer, C204 (see figure 5-4), to flatten the square wave, if necessary. Remove the jumper installed in step o.
e. SWEEP GENERATOR ADJUSTMENT. The location of test points and adjustments in the sweep generator is shown in fiqures 4-18 and 5-4. For parts location refer to figures 5-10 and 5-17
(1) PRESET SENSITIVITY AND TRIGGER SYMMETRY.
(a) Remove the oscilloscope from the cabinet, turn it on, and allow a five-minute warm-up period.
(b) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control to INTERNAL SWEEP X1 and the SWEEP TIME control to 1 MILLISECONDS/CM or faster.
(c) Measure the voltage at test point D20 (see figure 4-18 while slowly rotating the SWEEP MODE control from just out of PRESET to FREE RUN. Note the voltage at which the sweep starts (meter pointer jumps).
(d) Set the SWEEP MODE control to PRESET.
(e) Set the Preset Adj. control, R163 (see figure 5-4), fully counterclockwise, then turn it clockwise to obtain a voltmeter reading of exactly 1.5 volts less negative than the reading noted in step c.
(f) Set the TRIGGER SOURCE control to INT, the SWEEP MODE control to FREE RUN, the TRIGGER SLOPE control to + , and the SWEEP TIME control to .5 MILLISECONDS/CM.
(g) Connect the CALIBRATOR output to Channel A INPUT and set the Vertical Presentation Switch to CHANNEL A.,
(h) Set the CALIBRATOR control, vertical SENSIIVITY control, and sensitivity VERNIER control to obtain 0.2-centimeter vertical deflection.
(i) Ground pin 7 of V101 with a jumper (see figures 5-6 and 5-17)
(j) Set SWEEP MODE control to PRESET and adjust Trig Sym. control, R114 (see figure 5-4) to obtain a triggered sweep. Remove the ground jumper from VI01.
(2) SWEEP LENGTH AND SWEEP RATE. (a) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control to INTERNAL SWEEP X1, the SWEEP TIME control to 20 MILLISECONDS/CM, and the SWEEP MODE control to FREE RUN.
(b) Connect the CALIBRATOR output to the vertical INPUT and set the CALIBRATOR and vertical SENSITIIVITY to obtain a 5-centimeter vertical deflection.
(c) -Adjust the TRIGGER LEVEL control to obtain the shortest POSSIBLE SWEEP.
(d) Adjust the Sweep Length control R178 (see figure 5-4) to obtain a sweep trace length exactly 11centimeters long.
(e) Set the SWEEP MODE control to PRESET and the TRIGGER SOURCE control to EXT. AC.
(f) Connect the AN/USM-108 Time Mark Generator to the vertical INPUT and connect the time-mark generator trigger output to the TRGGOER SOURCE INPUT.

TABLE 5-10. SWEEP CALIBRATION

| Sweep Time | Marker | Adjust | Adjust For |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| . $1 \mathrm{msec} / \mathrm{cm}$ | $100 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ | . 1 msec Timing R1024 | 1 marker/cm |
| $1 \mathrm{msec} / \mathrm{cm}$ | 1 msec | 1 msec Timing R1004 | 1 marker/cm |
| $10 \mathrm{msec} / \mathrm{cm}$ | 10 msec | 10 msec Timing R1003 | 1 marker/cm |
| . $1 \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$ | 100 msec | .1 sec Timing R1002 | 1 marker/cm |
| . $1 \mu \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$ | 10 mc (sine wave) | $.1 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ Timing C121 (on circuit board A101) | $1 \mathrm{cycle} / \mathrm{cm}$ |
| $.02 \mu \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$ (HORIZONTAL DISPLAY set to X 5 ) | 10 mc (sine wave) | H. F. Comp C212 and C214 (on circuit board A202) | Adjust to equal values to make signal symmetrical about center line of graticule. |
| . $2 \mu \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$ | 5 mc (sine wave) | . $2 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ Timing C1016 | $1 \mathrm{cycle} / \mathrm{cm}$ |
| . $5 \mu \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$ | $1 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ | . $5 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ Timing C1014 | I marker/2 cm |
| $11 \mu \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$ | $1 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ | $1 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ Timing C1012 | 1 marker/cm |
| $10 \mu \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$ | $10 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ | $10 \mu \mathrm{mec}$ Timing C1010 | 1 marker/cm |
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(g) Set the vertical SENSITIVITY to obtain easily read vertical deflection of markers.
(h) Refer to table 5-10 to select sweep time and time-mark generator output and to adjust indicated control. See figures 5-4, 5-17, and 5-18, for adjustment locations.
f. MAIN VERTICAL AMPLIFIER ADJUSTMENT. Location of test points and adjustments in the main vertical amplifier is shown in figures $4-19$ and $5-3$ and $5-15$. For location of parts refer to figures 5-14 and 5-15
(1) LOW-FREQUENCY GAIN.
(a) Remove the oscilloscope from the cabinet, turn it ON, and allow a five-minute warm-up.
(b) Remove the vertical plug-in unit and install the test connector shown in figure 5-1
(c) Connect a 0.8 -volt peak-to-peak 400cps signal from the Model 738A Voltmeter Calibrator to the connector, as shown in table 5-7, step 10; set the oscilloscope controls as follows:

HORIZONTAL DISPLAY to X1
SWEEP TIME to 2 MILLISECONDS/CM
TRIGGER SOURCE to INT
SWEEP MODE to PRESET TRIGGER
LEVEL to 0
(d) Adjust the Vert Gain control, R13 (see figure 5-3) to produce exactly 4-centimeters vertical deflection on CRT. Disconnect the voltmeter calibrator.
(2) HIGH FREQUENCY COMPENSATION AND PUILSE RESPONSE.
(a) Set the TRIGGER SOURCE control to INT, the SWEEP MODE control to PRESET, and the SWEEP TIME control to .5 MICROSECONDS/CM.
(b) Connect a Model 107 Square Wave Generator to the test connector. Set the square wave generator frequency to 0.5 megacycles and the output amplitude to obtain 3-centimeters vertical deflection on the CRT.
(c) Be sure the vertical deflection plate leads have maximum clearance between adjacent leads and any chassis parts.
(d) If necessary, adjust the Hi Freq Comp capacitor, C31 (see figure 5-3), to produce a flat-topped square wave. Ignore any high-frequency ringing at this time.
(e) Center the square wave vertically, and adjust the Pulse Response Adjust capacitor, C20 (see figure $5-3$ ), to obtain the best leading edge on the square wave. Any ringing in step d should now decrease in amplitude. Disconnect the square wave generator.
(f) Perform the vertical passband test to table 5-7. step 11. If the passband is not equal to or greater than 30 megacycles ( 35 megacycles is typical) repeat steps d and e comprising the ideal square wave, but with overshoot not to exceed 0.05 centimeters.
g. MX-2930B/USM VERTICAL PLUG-IN. Location of test points and adjustments in the MX-2930B/USM Vertical Plug-In is shown in figures 4-21 4-22 and 5-5. For location of parts refer to figures 5-30 through 5-34.
(1) BALANCE.
(a) Set the Vertical Presentation Switch to CHANNEL A and the SWEEP MODE switch to FREE RUN.
(b) Center the sweep vertically with the Channel A VERTICAL POSITION control.
(c) Adjust Channel A BAL, R508 (see figure 5-30), to obtain no vertical shift on the trace as the Channel A POLARITY switch is turned from +UP to -UP.
(d) Repeat the above for Channel B, setting the associated BAL control, R543 (see figure 5-30),
(2) SENSITIVITY. -
(a) Set the Vertical Presentation Control to CHANNEL A, the AC-DC switch to AC, the VERNIER adjustment to CALIBRATED, and the SENSITIVITY control to 0.02 VOLTS/CM.
(b) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control to X1, the SWEEP TIME control to 50 MICROSECONDS/CM, the SWEEP MODE control to PRESET, and the TRIGGER SOURCE switch to INT.
(c) Apply 400-cycle sine wave from a Model 738A Voltmeter Calibrator to the Channel A INPUT; set the amplitude to .05 volt peak-to-peak.
(d) Adjust the SENS CAL control for a CRT deflection height of exactly 2.5 centimeters. See figure 5-30.
(e) Check all the other ranges of the SENSITIVITY control and adjust the SENS CAL control if necessary for agreement with the following list.

| SENSITIVITY <br> VOLTS/CM | Peak-to-Peak <br> Input Voltage | Display Height <br> (centimeters) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.02 | 0.05 | 2.5 |
| 0.05 | 0.2 | 3.88 to 4.12 |
| 0.10 | 0.3 | 2.91 to 3.09 |
| 0.20 | 0.5 | 2.42 to 2.58 |
| 0.50 | 2.0 | 3.88 to 4.12 |
| 1.00 | 3.0 | 2.91 to 3.09 |
| 2.00 | 5.0 | 2.42 to 2.58 |
| 5.00 | 20.0 | 3.88 to 4.12 |
| 10.0 | 30.0 | 2.91 to 3.09 |
| 20.0 | 50.0 | 2.42 to 2.58 |

(f) Repeat the above for Channel B, setting the associated SENS CAL control.
(3) ATTENUATOR COMPENSATION
(a) Set the Vertical Presentation Switch to CHANNEL A and the Channel A SENSITIVITY control to . 02 VOLTS/CM.
(b) Connect the AN/URM-90 Q Meter to the Channel A INPUT and adjust the A Cap Adj, C1590, to make the input capacitance 30 pf .
(c) Set the Vertical Presentation Switch to CHANNEL B and the Channel B SENSITIVITY control to . 02 VOLTS/CM.
(d) Connect the capacity meter to the Channel B INPUT and adjust the B Cap Adj, C1594, to make the input capacitance 30 pf .
(e) Set the Vertical Presentation Switch to CHANNEL A and connect the 600 -ohm output of a Model 211A Square Wave Generator to the Channel A INPUT; set the square-wave frequency to 5 kc .
(f) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control to INTERNAL SWEEP X1, the SWEEP TIME switch to 5 MILLISECONDS/CM, the TRIGGER SOURCE switch to INT, and the SWEEP MODE control to PRESET.


Figure 5-5. Location of Adjustments in MX-2930B/USM
(g) Set the Channel A SENSTIVITY as
indicated in the list below. In each case adjust the indicated in the list below. In each case adjust the
square wave generator output amplitude for 2 - or 3 centimeters of deflection and adjust the indicated centimeters of deflection and adjust the indicated
capacitor for the best square wave on the CRT. See figure 5-5 for locations.
(h) Set the Vertical Presentation Switch to CHANNEL $B$ and change the square wave generator output to the B INPUT.
(i) Repeat steps b and c above for Channel B controls.

| SENSTIVITY VOLTS/CM | ADJUST |  | Channel A | Channel B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| . 05 | . 05 | Atten | C1547 | C1504 |
|  |  | Comp |  |  |
| . 1 | . 1 | Atten Comp | C1551 | C1508 |
| . 2 | . 2 | Atten | C1555 | C1512 |
| . 5 | . 5 | Comp | C1559 | C1516 |
|  |  | Comp |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | Atten | C1563 | C1520 |
| 2 | 2 | Comp | C1569 | C1526 |
|  |  | Comp |  |  |
| 5 | 5 | Atten | C1573 | C1530 |
| 10 | 10 | Comp | C1577 | C1534 |
|  |  | Comp |  |  |
| 20 | 20 | Atten comp | C1581 | C1538 |

(4) INPUT CAPACITANCE
(a) Set Vertical Presentation Switch to Channel A and connect the AN/USM-90 Q Meter to the Channel A Input.
(b) Set the Channel A SENSITIVITY switch as indicated in the table below, in paragraph (e), and adjust each indicated capacitor for 30 pf . See figure 5-5 for locations.
(c) Set Vertical Presentation Switch to Channel B and connect the AN/URM-90 Q Meter to the Channel B Input.
(d) Set the Channel B SENSITIVITY switch as indicated in the table below, and adjust each indicated capacitor for 30 pf . See figure 5-5 for locations.
(e) Set the Vertical Presentation Switch
th SENSIIVITY switches to .02 VOLTS/
he AN/URM-90 Q Meter on Channel B.
-B Cap Adj, C1592, to make input to A-B and both SENSITIVITY switches to .02 VOLTS/ CM. Leave the AN/URM-90 Q Meter on Channel B.
(e) Set the Vertical Presentation Switch
to A-B and both SENSITIIITY swithes to . 02 VOLTS/
CM. Leave the AN/URM-90 Q Meter on Channel B.
Adjust the A-B Cap Adj, C1592, to make input
capacitance 30 pf. capacitance 30 pf.

| SENSTIVITY <br> VOLTS/CM | ADJUST |  | ChannelA | ChannelB |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| .05 | .05 | Cap Adj | C1548 | C1505 |
| .1 | .1 | Cap Adj | C1552 | C1509 |
| .2 | .2 | Cap Adj | C1556 | C1513 |
| .5 | .5 | Cap Adj | C1560 | C1517 |
| 1 | 1 | Cap Adj | C1564 | C1521 |
| 2 | 2 | Cap Adj | C1567 | C1524 |
| 5 | 5 | Cap Adj | C1571 | C1528 |
| 10 | 10 | Cap Adj | C1575 | C1532 |
| 10 | 20 | Cap Adj | C1579 | C1536 |

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Paragraph
5-4g
(5) HIGH FREQUENCY RESPONSE. -
(a) Set the Vertical Presentation Switch to CHANNEL A, the Channel A SENSITIVITY to . 02 VOLTS/CM, and the VERNIER to CALIBRATED.
(b) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control to INTERNAL SWEEP X1, the SWEEP TIME switch to .5 MICROSECONDS/CM, the TRIGGER SOURCE control to INT, and SWEEP MODE to PRESET.
(c) Connect a fast-rise square wave generator to the Channel A INPUT. Adjust the squarewave frequency for 2 or 3 cycles on the CRT and 3or 4centimeters of deflection.
(d) Adjust the High Freq coils L501 and L502 for the best square wave with minimal overshoot. Although these coils are on the left side of the Dual Trace Preamplifier, they are adjusted from right side through special holes in the circuit board (see figure 55).
(e) Repeat steps a through d for Channel B; adjust the High Freq coils L511 and L512 for minimum overshoot.
(6) SWITCHING

MULTIVIBRATOR
FREQUENCY. -
(a) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY control to INTERNAL SWEEP X1, the SWEEP TIME control to 11 MICROSECONDS/CM, the VERNIER to CAL, the TRIGGER SOURCE switch to INT, the SWEEP MODE control to FREE RUN, and the INTENSITY MODULATION control to EXTERNAL.
(b) Set the Vertical Presentation Switch to ALTERNATE and adjust the VERTICAL POSITION controls for two traces about 4 centimeters apart.
(c) Set the Vertical Presentation Switch to CHOPPED and the SWEEP MODE control to PRESET.
(d) Adjust Freq Adj capacitors C509 and C510 for symmetrical square wave 10 -centimeters long (neglect transients during switching).
$5-5$. REPLACEMENT OF COMPONENTS.
a. TUBES. Electron tubes are best checked by replacement. Results obtained from an external tube tester can sometimes be misleading. Mark the tubes for identification as you remove them so you can return them to their original sockets if they are still good. Figure 5-6 shows the locations of the tubes and table 34 indicates the adjustments required following replacement of tubes, transistors, and diodes. Tube type 7308 may be replaced, in emergencies, by tube type 6922. The latter type, however, draws a different heater current and may unbalance the heater supplies. If such a substitution is made, check the $\pm 6.3$ volt supplies to assure that they are within 0.2 volts of each other. Balance can be restored by tube selection. An unused replacement 7308 tube may exhibit a stabilizing action for about 24 hours of operation after it is first placed in service. Tubes which have been "aged" at normal operating conditions for this period of time can be used for replacement if it is necessary to avoid a change in tube characteristics during this short break-in period. The V508 position in the MX2930B/USM Dual Trace Preamplifier is sensitive in this respect. Aged and balanced tubes are recommended for replacement use in this position.


Figure 5-6. Top and Bottom Views, Location of Electron Tubes
b. TRANSISTORS AND DIODES. For the general procedure for component replacement on etched circuit boards, refer to paragraph 5-5f. Transistors on etched circuit boards are mounted on insulated spacers that provide added support for the pigtail leads. The simplest way to remove a transistor is to cut its leads, remove and save the spacer, and unsolder the ends of the leads that are left in the board. When removing these remaining leads, use a toothpick or a small awl to clear the holes of softened solder. Avoid excessive heat, and always insulate the instrument from ground or ground the body of the soldering iron to prevent leakage voltage from damaging the component. When connecting the replacement transistor, place the insulated spacer on the new transistor and trim the leads so they will penetrate the board about $1 / 16$ inch with the transistor positioned about $1 / 8$ inch above the board. Solder the leads with an absolute minimum of heat necessary to completely melt the solder. If possible, place a heat sink (such as a pair of needlenosed pliers) between the transistor and the soldering iron. Because of the inherent stability of transistors, they should be the last elements suspected in case of equipment failure. When other elements have been checked in the defective circuit, locate open or shorted transistors by resistance measurements across the elements. Because of the difference in ohmmeters, no specific information can be given about exact resistances; however, generally the ratio of forward and backward emitter-collector resistance is from 10:1 to 100:1, the ratio being lower for the higher powered transistors. When a defective transistor is located, always look for another faulty element in the circuit which might have caused its failure.
c. REMOVAL OF CATHODE RAY TUBE. To remove the CRT, refer to figure 5-7 and proceed as follows:

## WARNING

Wear plastic face mask or goggles and gloves when handling the cathode ray tube. Flying glass and internal parts of the CRT caused by implosion can cause severe injury. Tube is not dangerous if handled with due care.
(1) Remove the oscilloscope from cabinet, and place chassis upright.
(2) Remove 5 leads from neck of CRT.
(3) Loosen two screws holding clamp on CRT base. Do not remove screws or clamp.
(4) Remove post-accelerator cap from CRT (see figure 5-7) by prying.
(5) Remove four mounting screws from bezel and remove bezel, filter and graticule.
(6) Slide CRT slightly forward and loosen rubber gaskets between the clamp and CRT.
(7) Remove socket from CRT base.
(8) Slide CRT forward out of instrument, keeping one hand on front face of the CRT.

To install CRT, reverse above procedure. When the CRT is installed, turn the instrument on, obtain a free-running sweep, and check sweep alignment with horizontal lines on the graticule. If necessary, loosen the clamp on the CRT base and rotate the CRT by means of the tab on the socket to align the sweep with the graticule.


Figure 5-7. Removal of Cathode-Ray Tube CHANGE 1 5-19
d. REMOVAL OF HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY TUBES. The four high-voltage rectifier tubes, the oscillator, and regulator tubes are located under a cover accessible through the left side gusset (see figures $5-6$ land $5-12$ ), To remove the cover, remove the four machine screws securing the cover to the highvoltage power supply. Disconnect oscilloscope from power source before working on any part of the highvoltage supply. Short the tube plate caps to ground before removing them from the tubes. To remove the four rectifier tubes remove the insulator plate that secures the tubes.
e. ACCESS TO SWEEP GENERATOR TUBES. The sweep generator tubes may be reached by removing the MX-2930B/USM Vertical Plug-In and the shield plate in tile floor on the empty plug-in well. Two screws hold the shield in place. Return the shield before replacing the plug-in unit. Refer to figure 5-6.
f. COMPONENT REPLACEMENT ON ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARDS. If a circuit board must be removed, first release tube clamps and remove all electron tubes. Use a low-power soldering iron ( 50 watts maximum) and apply heat sparingly to the lead of the part to be replaced. Slip the lead from the board as soon as the solder softens. For transistors and diodes, see the special procedure in paragraph 5-5b. Use a small awl or toothpick to clean the softened solder from the lead hole in the board. Bend the tinned leads of the replacement part and carefully insert through the cleaned holes. Hold the part against the board and, when possible, solder the leads from the other side. Avoid overheating and use ONLY a high quality rosin-core solder. NEVER USE PASTE FLUX. After soldering trim off excess leads and flux.

A break in the copper should be repaired by soldering a short length of tinned copper wire across the break. Copper that lifts off the board should be cemented in place with a quick drying acetate base cement having good electrical insulating properties. When replacing tube sockets cut all contacts to remove socket, then unsolder the remains.

When reinstalling the board, carefully align tube retainers with their respective chassis holes. Do not force the board into place by turning down on the mounting screws.
g. ACCESS TO FAN AND POWER SUPPLY TRANSISTORS. The fan motor and certain power supply transistors are mounted on the fan shroud.
(1) For removal of tile fan assembly and location of tile power transistors, refer to paragraph 5-2b and figures 4-20 and 5-10.
(2) To remove the fan blades, use the $1 / 8$ inch Allen wrench mounted on the rear of the chassis. There is an access port for this wrench on the bottom of the fan shroud. Turn the fan blades until the socket head screw is visible.
h. REPLACEMENT OF HORIZONTAL DISPLAY SWITCH ASSEMBLY A200. -

## Note

Read and understand each step before starting this procedure. See figure 5-21.
(1) Remove the cabinet and both plug-in
units.
(2) Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch S202 to X100 and the EXTERNAL VERNIER switch to CA L.
(3) Remove both knobs with the Allen wrench mounted on rear chassis of instrument.
(4) Remove and save the front-panel mounting nut from the switch.
(5) Rear support bracket of switch S202 is part of the assembly. Remove and save the two screws holding the bracket to the chassis.
(6) Remove and save the shaft locknut and mounting hardware for the Vern Bal control R211 (figure 5-4).
(7) Remove and save shaft locknut and mounting hardware for the X100 Gain control R211 (figure 5-4).
(8) At the insulated terminal of the tie lug strip on the mounting bracket of switch S202, disconnect the white lead from the center terminal of R211 (see figure 5-21).
(9) At the grounded terminal of the tie lug strip, disconnect black wire from the cable.
(10) Disconnect the white, white/black, white/black/green, white,/yellow, and the white/ orange/green wires from etched circuit board A201. This wiring is indicated in figure 5-8, which also shows the corresponding colors for Model AN/USM-140C.


Figure 5-8. Wiring Between Switch S202 and Etched Circuit Board A201
(11) At the top of the AC-DC switch S201, disconnect the green wire from wafer A of S202.
(12) Remove the bottom shield plate of the plug-in unit well.
(13) Disconnect the white/brown/blue, white/brown/ red, white/brown/orange, and white/ brown/green wires from the top of wafer B of switch S202. These are the wires that go to the SWEEP TIME switch. They are shown on Figures 5-21 and 5-42. The corresponding colors for Model AN/USM-140C are shown in Figures 5-21A and 5-42A.
(14) Disconnect two white/brown (or gray) wires at terminal on wafer C of switch S202 (47 ohm, 2 watt resistor also connected to this terminal).
(15) Remove and save two screws holding assembly of circuit boards A201 and A203 to chassis (figure 5-10).
(16) Cut off following wires as close as possible to terminals on S202.
(a) Violet and white/yellow/violet (or violet/red) wire on wafer B .
(b) Green wire on bottom of wafer A.
(c) Two black wires on wafer A.
(d) White/green/violet (or coax.) wire on
wafer C.
wafer C.
(e) White/yellow/blue (or orange) wire on
(f) Twisted pair of yellow (or green) and white/yellow (or green/white) wires on wafer E .
(g) White/yellow/green (or orange/white) wire on wafer E .
(h) White/violet (or coax.) wire on rear of EXTERNAL VERNIER CAL switch S203.
(i) White/black/green (or white/green) wire on wafer A.
(17) Remove and discard defective switch assembly.
(18) Dress all leads on replacement switch toward bottom of switch except green lead from top of wafer A; white/brown/blue, white/brown/red, white/brown/orange, and white/brown/green from top of wafer B; white/brown wire from wafer C, white/yellow/green and twisted pair of yellow and white/yellow wires from wafer $E$. These wires are shown on figures 5-21 land 5-42. The corresponding colors for Model AN/USM-140C are shown in figures 5-21A and 5-42A.
(19) Insert replacement switch in instrument with shaft through front panel. Put on front panel mounting nut and tighten finger tight. Be sure the switch positioning lugs on the front of switch engage holes in the rear of front panel. Press leads dressed toward bottom of switch through the hole toward circuit board A201.
(20) Connect and solder the green wire from top of wafer A to the top of AC-DC switch S201.
(21) Connect and solder one black lead from wafer A of S202 to ground terminal on sweep generator circuit board A101. Disconnect the black lead left from old switch.
(22) Connect and solder the remaining black lead from wafer A of S202 to terminal on top of circuit board A203 in place of black lead from old switch.
(23) Connect and solder the violet wire from wafer B of S202 to the center terminal of R1002 (. 1 Sec Timing) in place of the violet wire from the old switch.
(24) Connect and solder the white/yellow violet (or violet/red) wire from wafer B of S202 to one end of resistor R143 on sweep generator circuit board A101 in place of corresponding wire from old switch. Dress new wire along same route as old wire.
(25) Dress the white/brown,/blue, white/ brown/red, white/brown/orange, and white/brown/ green wires from wafer B of S202 over to SWEEP TIME switch S1001 and connect and solder them to separate terminals on wafer A of S1001 as shown in figure 5-18, figure 5-18A for Model AN/USM-140C). Remove each of the corresponding wires remaining from the replaced switch.
(26) White/yellow/blue (or orange) wire from wafer D of S202 should be connected to R223. However, it is easier to connect the old wire to terminal of wafer D of S202 in place of new wire supplied with replacement switch.
(27) White/yellow/green wire from wafer E of S202 should be connected to R223. However, it is easier to connect old wire to terminal of wafer E of S202 in place of wire supplied with replacement switch.
(28) White/violet (coax.) wire from EXTERNAL VERNIER CAL switch S203 should be connected to circuit board A203. However, it is easier to connect old wire to S203 in place of wire supplied with replacement switch.
(29) Route new twisted pair of yellow (or green) and white/yellow (or green/white) wires from wafer E of S202 along same path as wires from original switch and connect new wires in place of old ones. Connect yellow (or green) wire to junction of R244 and C211 on horizontal amplifier circuit board A202; connect white/yellow (or green/white) wire to junction of R259 and C213 on same board.
(30) Connect and solder white/brown (or gray) wire from the Vern Bal control R211 and white/ brown wire from the SCALE LIGHT control R1025 to terminal on wafer C of S202 to which 47-ohm, 2-watt resistor is connected. Remove and discard corresponding wires supplied on switch.
(31) White/green/violet (or coax.) wire from wafer C of S202 should be connected to circuit board A203. However, it is easier to connect old white/green wire in place of wire supplied with replacement switch.
(32) Remove mounting nut from switch S202 and slide back to gain access to bottom terminal on wafer A to which green wire is attached.
(33) Replace the green wire from bottom of wafer $A$ of switch S202 with green wire from circuit board A203.
(34) Replace white,/black/green (or white/ green) wire on bottom of wafer A to J201.
(35) Slide switch forward through panel and engage switch position lugs in holes on rear side of front panel. Replace front-panel mounting nut and tighten finger tight.
(36) All wires from S202 except the following five wires (and one white wire off S203) should be connected by previous steps:
(a) White/yellow (or orange) wire from EXTERNAL VERNIER CAL switch S203.
(b) White/orange/green (or coax.) and white/black/green (or orange/white) wires from wafer C.
(c) White and white/black (or white/green) wires from wafer A.
(37) Dress the five wires identified above so they are in sequence for connecting to circuit board A201 (see figure 5-8.
(38) Remount assembly of circuit boards A201 and A203 on chassis. Use two $6-32 \times 3 / 4$ inch mounting screws and \#6 internal-tooth lockwasher under each screw head.
(39) Refer to figure 5-8 and connect five wires identified in step 37 to circuit board A201.
(40) Replace but do not tighten two $6-32 \times 3 / 8$ inch mounting screws for switch S202 rear mounting bracket. Place $6 \times 3 / 8$ inch flat washer under each screw head.
(41) Tighten front-panel mounting nut.
(42) Be sure no wires are pinched under switch S202 rear mounting bracket and tighten mounting bracket screws.
(43) Remount the X100 Gain control R223. Place internal-tooth lockwasher under mounting nut.
Be sure locating lug is in corresponding chassis hole before tightening mounting nut. Be sure no wires are pinched under control.
(44) Remount Vern Bal control R211. Follow same procedure given for R223 above.
(45) Replace shaft locknuts on R223 and R211.
(46) Connect and solder the white wire from the center terminal of the Vern Bal control R211 to insulated terminal of tie lug strip on the rear mounting bracket of S202.
(47) Connect and solder the black wire from cable to the grounded terminal of tie lug strip on the rear mounting bracket of S202.
(48) Replace the black knob on the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch S202. Be sure switch is rotated fully clockwise. Tighten both setscrews with knob pointer in X100 position.
(49) Replace the red knob on the EXTERNAL VERNIER control shaft. Rotate shaft fully clockwise to CAL position and tighten knob so pointer points to CAL.
(50) Replace bottom plate of vertical plug in unit amplifier well. Use two $6-32 \times 3 / 8$ inch machine screws with lockwashers.
(51) Switch replacement is complete. Before putting instrument back into service, check horizontal amplifier adjustment (paragraph 5-4d).
i. REPLACEMENT OF SWEEP TIME SWITCH ASSEMBLY A1000.

## Note

Read and understand each step before starting this procedure. (See figures 513 and 5-18).
(1) Remove the cabinet and both plug-in units.
(2) Remove the knobs from the SWEEP TIME switch (S1001) and VERNIER control. Use the \#8 Allen wrench mounted on rear chassis of instrument.
(3) Remove and save the front-panel mounting nut.
(4) Remove the bottom shield plate of the vertical plug-in unit well. This plate is held in place by two screws.
(5) Examine the coupling at the inner end of the center shaft of switch S1001. A small hair pin shaped coupler connects the shaft to R1009.
(6) Loosen but do not remove the mounting nut of R1009 and slide the control back far enough to free the coupler.
(7) Remove the coupler from the end of the shaft and save it.
(8) Remove and save washer(s), spacers, "O" ring, and spacer on the end of the shaft.
(9) Pull the shaft forward out of the instrument.
(10) Mark all tubes so they can be returned to the same sockets and remove V101, V113, V107, V114, and V115, (11) Remove and save both screws holding mounting rear bracket S1001 to chassis.
(12) Trace the coax center conductor from wafer C of S1001 to the junction of R151 and CR104 on the sweep generator circuit board A101; disconnect this coax center conductor at the circuit board A101.
(13) Trace the yellow wire from wafer D on S1001 through the chassis hole to the terminal on circuit board A101. Disconnect this yellow wire from S101 at circuit board A101.
(14) Disconnect white/black/yellow (or gray/ orange) wire at terminal on wafer A of S1001 and remove ties holding wire to S1001 frame.
(15) Disconnect white/brown/green, white/ brown/orange, white/brown/red, and white/brown/ blue wires at their respective terminals on wafer A of S1001. (See figure 5-18A for colors in AN/USM-140C.
(16) At the socket terminal for SWEEP UNCAL lamp DS1001, disconnect the brown (or white) wire from wafer A of S1001.
(17) Disconnect green wire from wafer D of S1001 at the rear terminal of 1.0 mfd 200 volt capacitor C1006.
(18) Disconnect the black wire from wafer $D$ of S1001 at the front terminal of C1006.
(19) Disconnect the yellow wire on wafer $D$ that goes to J105. (This wire not used in AN/USM-140C).
(20) Orange and white/orange/yellow (or yellow/orange) wires connect two terminals of wafer B of S1001 to two terminals on the CAL switch S1002 on the rear of the VERNIER control R1009. These wires will be used for connections to the replacement switch. Cut both wires at terminals on wafer B of S1001.
(21) Cut the six-wire cable connecting to wafer $B$ of S1001 and remove the defective switch. This cable consists of a white/orange, white/black, white/red, white/green, black, and a violet wire.
(22) Pull the cable cut in step 21 into compartment for auxiliary plug-in.
(23) Remove the center shaft from replacement switch and place switch in instrument. Pass the yellow wire (disconnected in step 13) from wafer D of S1001 through chassis hole with other wires when inserting switch.
(24) Route the six-wire cable from wafer B of the replacement switch along same path as the cable from original switch.
(25) To gain access to the terminals of controls R178, R1024, R1004, R1003, and R1002 (figure 5-4
remove the two mounting screws holding this assembly in place. Save screws and lockwashers.
(26) Observe color code and connect wires from replacement switch cable in place of wires from old switch:
(a) Black wire to ground terminal of tie lug strip on rear mounting bracket of HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch S202.
(b) Violet wire to Sweep Length control

R178.
R1024.
(c) White/orange to .1 msec Timing control

R1004.
(d) White/black to 1 msec Timing control

R1003.
(e) White/red to 10 msec Timing control

R1002.
(f) White/green to .1 sec Timing control
(27) Remount assembly of circuit boards A201 and A203. Use $6-32 \times 3 / 4$ inch screws and \#6 internal-tooth lockwashers (see figure 5-10).
(28) Route the Orange and white/orange/ yellow (or yellow/orange) wires (disconnected in step 20) through S1001 switch wafer D to wafer B in place of wires with corresponding colors supplied on replacement switch. Connect the routed wires to wafer B terminals in place of supplied wires.
(29) Connect black wire from wafer D of S1001 to front terminal of 1.0 mfd 200 -volt capacitor C1006. (See figure 5-40)
(30) Connect the green wire from wafer D of S1001 to rear terminal of C1006.
(31) Connect the yellow wire from terminal 2 of wafer D to J 105 (this wire omitted in Model AN/USM-140C.) An easier method is to clip off the existing yellow wire and reconnect the old wire disconnected to step 19.
(32) Connect the brown (or white) wire from wafer A of SIO01 to vacant socket terminal of SWEEP UNCAL lamp DS1001.
(33) Connect white/brown/green, white/brown/ orange, white/brown/red, and white/brown/ blue wires from HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch S202 to their respective terminals on wafer A of S1001. See figure 5-40 for proper locations. See figure 5-40A for colors in AN/USM-140C.
(34) Connect white/black/yellow (or gray/orange) wire (disconnected in step 14) from J105 to vacant terminal of rear side of wafer A of S1001. A 3.3-megohm resistor is connected to adjacent terminal. Use the same procedure as in step 31.
(35) Tie white/black/yellow (or gray/orange) wire to the frame of switch S1001' at wafers A and D.
(36) Connect the yellow wire from terminal 22 of wafer D of 51001 to terminal on circuit board A101.
(37) Dress the coax inner conductor from wafer $C$ of S1001 through the chassis hole and hole in circuit board A101. Connect this wire to the junction of R151 and CR104 on circuit board A101.
(38) Dress the coax inner conductor along chassis and between tubes V114 and V115. Leave no slack at board A101.
(39) Replace but do not tighten the two $6-32 \times 3 / 8$ screws inch and \#6 x $3 / 8$ inch O.D. flat washers for rear mounting bracket of S1001. Be sure switch positioning lugs on front of switch engage holes in rear of front panel.
(40) Replace and tighten the front-panel mounting nut; then tighten the two rear mounting screws. Be sure no wires are pinched under mounting bracket.
(41) Insert the new shaft through center of S1001 and replace spacer, "O" ring, and spacer on inner end of center shaft.
(42) Replace washer(s) removed from shaft in step 8 and replace the hairpin coupler on end of shaft.
(43) Engage the coupler in the slot on the end of the shaft of the VERNIER control R1009.
(44) Tighten the mounting nut for R1009.
(45) The center shaft of S1001 should have approximately $1 / 32$ inch end play and coupler must fully engage slot in shaft of R1009. Washer(s) placed on center shaft in step 42 determine end play and can be varied in number to-adjust end play.
(46) Replace the tubes V115, V114, V107, V113, and V101.
(47) Replace the bottom shield plate of vertical plug-in unit well. Use two $6-32 \times 3 / 8$ inch machine screws with lockwashers.
(48) Replace the black knob on the SWEEP TIME switch. Be sure the switch is rotated fully clockwise and tighten both setscrews with knob pointer in . 1 MICROSECONDS/CM position.
(49) Replace the red knob on the VERNIER control shaft. Rotate the shaft fully clockwise to CAL and tighten both setscrews so the pointer points to CAL.
(50) Switch replacement is complete. Before putting the instrument back into service, check sweep calibration, paragraph 5-4e.

## 5-6. LOCATION OF PARTS.

Figures 5-9 through 5-36 show locations of parts. All replaceable components and subassemblies are identified on the illustrations by reference designation and cross-referenced in the tables adjacent to each large etched circuit assembly and schematic drawing. These tables identify the location of each part on the adjacent illustration by use of "map-type" coordinates.


Figure 5-9. Top View, Location of Parts


Figure 5-10. Bottom View, Location of Parts


Figure 5-11. Right-Side View, Location of Parts


Figure 5-12. Left-Side View, Location of Parts


Figure 5-13. Front-View, Location of Parts

PARTS LOCATION INDEX FOR FIGURE 5-14

| REF. | DRAWING |
| :--- | :--- |
| DESIG. | LOCATION |
| C1 | B2 |
| C2 | B3 |
| C7 | D5 |
| C8 | C5 |
| C9 | D6 |
| C10 | D6 |
| C11 | B5 |
| C12 | B6 |
| C13 | A6 |
| C14 | B5 |
| C15 | B4 |
| L3 | B4 |
| L4 | B4 |
| L5 | C4 |
| L6 | C4 |
| L9 | C6 |
| L10 | A6 |
| R1 | B2 |
| R2 | A2 |
| R3 | C2 |
| R4 | C2 |
| R5 | A3 |
| R6 | B2 |
| R7 | D3 |
| R8 | A3 |
| R9 | D2 |
| R11 | B4 |
| R12 | A4 |


| REF. | DRAWING |
| :--- | :--- |
| DESIG. | LOCATION |
| R14 | C3 |
| R16 | C4 |
| R18 | C5 |
| R19 | C4 |
| R20 | B5 |
| R21 | C6 |
| R22 | D6 |
| R23 | D6 |
| R24 | C5 |
| R25 | B6 |
| R26 | B5 |
| R27 | B5 |
| R28 | B5 |
| R29 | A6 |
| R30 | A6 |
| R31 | A5 |
| R32 | B6 |
| R36 | B3 |
| R37 | D4 |
| R39 | A4 |
| R40 | D5 |
| R41 | A5 |
| XV1 | B2 |
| XV2 | B3 |
| XV3 | C3 |
| XV4 | C5 |
| XV5 | A5 |

5-28

(SEE INDEX ON PAGE 5-28)
Figure 5-14A. Main Vertical Amplifier and Internal Sync Source Etched Circuit Assembly A1, Location of Parts AN/USM-140C

CHANGE 1 5-28.1


Figure 5-14. Main Vertical Input Amplifier and Internal Sync Source Etched Circuit Assembly, Location of Parts

PARTS LOCATION INDEX FOR FIGURE 5-15

| REF. |
| :--- | :--- |
| DESIG. | | DRAWING |
| :--- |
| LOCATION |$|$| C20 | B4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| C21 | A2 |
| C22 | C4 |
| C23 | C4 |
| C24 | C4 |
| C25 | B4 |
| C26 | C1 |
| C27 | B4 |
| C30 | D6 |
| C31 | D5 |
| C32 | C5 |
| C33 | A5 |
| C34 | B7 |
| C35 | B4 |
| L13 | D2 |
| L14 | D3 |
| L15 | D4 |
| L16 | A2 |
| L17 | A2 |
| L18 | B4 |
| L19 | C4 |
| L20 | B4 |
| L21 | A5 |
| L22 | A6 |
| R45 | D2 |
| R46 | D3 |
| R47 | D4 |
| R48 | C4 |
| R49 | B3 |
| R50 | C3 |
| R51 | C3 |
| R52 | C3 |
| R53 | C5 |
| R54 | B2 |
| R55 | B2 |
|  |  |


| REF. | DRAWING |
| :--- | :--- |
| DESIG. | LOCATION |
| R56 | D2 |
| R62 | B2 |
| R63 | B3 |
| R64 | C4 |
| R65 | A3 |
| R66 | B3 |
| R67 | B3 |
| R68 | B3 |
| R69 | B4 |
| R70 | B2 |
| R71 | B2 |
| R77 | C5 |
| R78 | C5 |
| R79 | C5 |
| R80 | B5 |
| R83 | C6 |
| R84 | C6 |
| R85 | B6 |
| R86 | B6 |
| R89 | B5 |
| R90 | A5 |
| R91 | B5 |
| R92 | B6 |
| R93 | A6 |
| R94 | B6 |
| R97 | B7 |
| R98 | A7 |
| V8 | C4 |
| V9 | C4 |
| XV6 | C4 |
| XV7 | C2 |
| XV10 | C6 |
| XV11 | C5 |
| XV12 | B5 |
| XV13 | B6 |
|  |  |


(SEE INDEX ON PAGE 5-30)
Figure 5-15A. Main Vertical Input Amplifier and Driver Etched Circuit Assembly A2, Location of Parts AN/USM-140C


Figure 5-15. Main Vertical Amplifier and Driver Etched Circuit Assembly, Location of Parts

PARTS LOCATION INDEX FOR FIGURE 5-17


Figure 5-16. Scanner Output Etched Circuit Assembly, Location of Parts

| REF. DESIG. | DRAWING LOCATION | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { REF. } \\ & \text { DESIG. } \end{aligned}$ | DRAWING LOCATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CR101 | B3 | R137 | C4 |
| CR102 | B3 | R138 | C4 |
| CR103 | A4 | R139 | B3 |
| CR104 | A5 | R140 | А3 |
| C102 | C6 | R141 | A3 |
| C105 | C2 | R142 | B3 |
| C106 | B2 | R143 | C2 |
| C107 | B2 | R144 | A4 |
| C108 | B2 | R145 | B4 |
| C109 | A3 | R146 | A5 |
| C110 | A2 | R147 | A5 |
| C114 | A4 | R148 | B5 |
| C116 | C4 | R149 | B5 |
| C117 | B3 | R150 | B5 |
| C118 | C3 | R151 | B5 |
| C119 | B5 | R152 | B6 |
| C121 | B6 | R153 | A5 |
| C122 | A6 | R154 | C6 |
| C123 | C6 | R155 | C6 |
| C124 | B6 | R156 | C5 |
| C132 | D3 | R157 | C6 |
| C133 | C3 | R158 | B5 |
| C134 | C5 | R159 | B6 |
| C135 | B5 | R160 | B6 |
| C136 | C3 | R165 | D4 |
| C137 | C4 | R167 | C3 |
| C138 | C3 | R168 | D3 |
| C139 | C3 | R169 | C3 |
| C140 | A6 | R170 | C3 |
| C141 | A6 | R171 | D4 |
| C142 | B4 | R172 | C3 |
| C143 | D5 | R173 | C4 |
| L101 | B2 | R174 | D3 |
| L102 | A2 | R175 | C5 |
| L103 | B3 | R176 | D5 |
| R107 | C2 | R177 | D5 |
| R108 | C2 | R179 | D5 |
| R109 | B2 | R180 | B5 |
| R110 | C2 | R181 | C5 |
| R111 | D2 | R182 | B5 |
| R112 | D2 | R186 | C5 |
| R113 | D2 | R187 | C3 |
| R115 | A2 | R188 | A5 |
| R116 | A2 | R189 | B6 |
| R117 | B2 | R190 | B4 |
| R118 | B2 | V102 | C2 |
| R119 | B2 | V110 | B2 |
| R120 | B2 | V111 | A4 |
| R121 | B3 | V116 | C6 |
| R122 | B3 | XV101 | C2 |
| R123 | A3 | XV103 | A2 |
| R124 | B3 | XV104 | A3 |
| R125 | B3 | XV105 | A5 |
| R130 | A3 | XV107 | C4 |
| R131 | B4 | XV109 | B6 |
| R132 | B4 | XV113 | C3 |
| R133 | D5 | XV114 | C5 |
| R135 | B4 | XV115 | C6 |
| R136 | C4 |  |  |

PARTS LOCATION INDEX FOR FIGURE 5-17A

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { REF. } \\ & \text { DESIG. } \end{aligned}$ | DRAWING LOCATION | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { REF. } \\ & \text { DESIG. } \end{aligned}$ | DRAWING LOCATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CR101 | B3 | R136 | C4 |
| CR102 | B3 | R137 | C4 |
| CR103 | A4 | R138 | C4 |
| CR104 | A5 | R139 | B3 |
| C102 | C6 | R140 | A3 |
| C105 | C2 | R141 | A3 |
| C106 | B2 | R142 | B3 |
| C107 | B2 | R143 | C2 |
| C108 | B2 | R144 | A4 |
| C109 | A3 | R145 | B4 |
| C110 | A2 | R146 | A5 |
| C114 | A4 | R147 | A5 |
| C116 | C4 | R148 | B5 |
| C117 | B3 | R149 | B5 |
| C118 | C3 | R150 | B5 |
| C119 | B5 | R151 | B5 |
| C121 | B6 | R152 | B6 |
| C122 | A6 | R153 | A5 |
| C123 | C6 | R154 | C6 |
| C124 | B6 | R155 | C6 |
| C132 | D3 | R156 | C5 |
| C133 | C3 | R157 | C6 |
| C134 | C5 | R158 | B5 |
| C135 | B5 | R165 | D4 |
| C136 | C3 | R167 | C3 |
| C137 | C4 | R168 | D3 |
| C138 | C3 | R169 | C3 |
| C139 | C3 | R170 | C3 |
| C140 | A6 | R171 | D4 |
| C141 | A6 | R172 | C3 |
| C142 | B4 | R173 | C4 |
| C143 | B5 | R174 | D3 |
| L101 | B2 | R175 | C5 |
| L102 | A2 | R176 | D5 |
| L103 | B3 | R177 | D5 |
| R107 | C2 | R179 | D5 |
| R108 | C2 | R180 | B5 |
| R109 | B2 | R181 | C5 |
| R110 | C2 | R182 | B5 |
| R111 | D2 | R186 | C5 |
| R112 | D2 | R187 | C3 |
| R113 | D2 | R188 | A5 |
| R115 | A2 | R189 | B6 |
| R116 | A2 | R190 | B4 |
| R117 | B2 | V102 | C2 |
| R118 | B2 | V110 | B2 |
| R119 | B2 | V111 | A4 |
| R120 | B2 | V116 | C6 |
| R121 | B3 | XV101 | C2 |
| R122 | B3 | XV103 | A2 |
| R123 | A3 | XV104 | A3 |
| R124 | B3 | XV105 | A5 |
| R125 | B3 | XV107 | C4 |
| R130 | A3 | XV109 | B6 |
| R131 | B4 | XV113 | C3 |
| R132 | B4 | XV114 | C5 |
| R133 | D5 | XV115 | C6 |
| R135 | B4 |  |  |


(SEE INDEX ON PAGE 5-32A)
Figure 5-17A. Sweep Generator Etched Circuit Assembly A101, Location of Parts


Figure 5-17. Sweep Generator Etched Circuit Assembly, Location of Parts


Figure 5-18. Sweep Time Switch Assembly, Location of Parts


Figure 5-19. Sweep Mode/Trigger Source Switch Assembly, Location of Parts


Figure 5-20. Trigger Level/Trigger Slope Switch Assembly, Location of Parts


Figure 5-18A. Sweep Time Switch Assembly A1001 Location of Parts AN/USM-140C

CHANGE 1 5-34.1


Figure 5-21A. External Vernier/Horizontal Display Switch Assembly A200. Location of Parts AN/USM-140C

CHANGE 1 5-34.2


Figure 5-21. External Vernier/Horizontal Display Switch Assembly, Location of Parts
5-35, 5-36


ETCHING ON REAR SIDE OF BOARD, AS VIEWED FROM COMPONENT SIDE

Figure 5-22A. Horizontal Sensitivity Adjustment Etched Circuit Assembly A201, Location of Parts AN/USM-140C


Figure 5-22. Horizontal Sensitivity Adjustment Etched Circuit Assembly, Location of Parts

## PARTS LOCATION INDEX FOR FIGURE 5-23

| REF. |
| :--- | :--- |
| DESIG. | | DRAWING |
| :--- |
| LOCATION |$|$| C211 | A2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| C212 | A3 |
| C213 | C3 |
| C214 | D3 |
| C215 | A6 |
| C216 | A6 |
| C222 | C6 |
| L201 | A4 |
| L202 | D4 |
| Q201 | A3 |
| Q202 | C2 |
| R244 | A2 |
| R245 | A3 |
| R246 | A3 |
| R247 | B3 |
| R248 | B3 |
| R249 | B3 |
| R250 | B3 |
| R251 | B3 |
| R252 | C3 |
| R253 | B3 |
| R254 | C3 |
| R255 | A3 |


| REF. |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| DESIG. | DRAWING <br> LOCATION |
| R256 | A3 |
| R257 | C4 |
| R258 | C3 |
| R259 | D2 |
| R260 | D4 |
| R264 | B5 |
| R266 | A4 |
| R267 | B4 |
| R268 | A4 |
| R269 | C4 |
| R271 | A5 |
| R272 | A5 |
| R273 | C5 |
| R274 | C5 |
| R275 | C5 |
| R276 | C5 |
| R278 | A5 |
| XV203 | B4 |
| XV204 | A3 |
| XV205 | C3 |
| XV206 | B5 |
| XV207 | A5 |

5-38


## (SEE INDEX ON PAGE 5-38)

Figure 5-23A. Main Horizontal Amplifier Assembly A202, Parts Location, AN/USM-140C


Figure 5-23. Main Horizontal Amplifier and Driver Etched Circuit Assembly, Location of Parts


ETCHING ON REAR SIDE OF BOARD, AS VIEWED FROM COMPONENT SIDE

Figure 5-24A. Horizontal Impedance Matching Preamp Etched Circuit Assembly A203, Location of Parts, AN/USM-140C


ETCHING ON REAR SIDE OF BOARD,
AS VIEW FROM COMPONENT SIDE

Figure 5-24. Horizontal Impedance Matching Previous Etched Circuit Assembly, Location of Parts


Figure 5-25. Calibrator Switch Assembly, Location of Parts

PARTS LOCATION INDEX FOR FIGURE 5-26

| REF. | DRAWING |
| :--- | :--- |
| DESIG. | LOCATION |
| C301 | D5 |
| C302 | B5 |
| C303 | B4 |
| C304 | A3 |
| C310 | B2 |
| C316 | C7 |
| C317 | C6 |
| L301 | C5 |
| R302 | B5 |
| R303 | C5 |
| R304 | C5 |
| R305 | B5 |
| R306 | C5 |
| R308 | B4 |
| R309 | B4 |
| R312 | A2 |
| R319 | B5 |


| REF. |
| :--- | :--- |
| DESIG. | | DRAWING |
| :--- |
| LOCATION |$|$| R335 | B7 |
| :--- | :--- |
| R336 | B6 |
| R337 | D6 |
| R338 | B7 |
| R339 | C7 |
| R340 | D7 |
| R342 | C6 |
| R367 | B6 |
| V303 | C5 |
| XV301 | C5 |
| XV304 | B5 |
| XV306 | C7 |
| XV307 | B7 |
| XV308 | B1 |
| XV309 | C1 |
| XV310 | C3 |
| XV311 | C4 |

PARTS LOCATION INDEX FOR FIGURE 5-26A

| REF. | DRAWING |
| :--- | :--- |
| DESIG. | LOCATION |
| C301 | D5 |
| C302 | B5 |
| C303 | B4 |
| C304 | A3 |
| C310 | B2 |
| C316 | C7 |
| C317 | C6 |
| L301 | C5 |
| R302 | B5 |
| R303 | C5 |
| R304 | C5 |
| R305 | B5 |
| R306 | C5 |
| R308 | B4 |
| R309 | B4 |
| R312 | A2 |
| R319 | B5 |


| REF. | DRAWING |
| :--- | :--- |
| DESIG. | LOCATION |
| R335 | B7 |
| R336 | B6 |
| R337 | D6 |
| R338 | B7 |
| R339 | C7 |
| R340 | D7 |
| R342 | B6 |
| R367 | C6 |
| V303 | C5 |
| XV301 | C5 |
| XV304 | B5 |
| XV306 | C7 |
| XV307 | B7 |
| XV308 | B1 |
| XV309 | C1 |
| XV310 | C3 |
| XV311 | C4 |

5-42.1


Figure 5-26A. High-Voltage Power Supply Etched Circuit Assembly A301, Location of Parts, AN/USM-140C


Figure 5-26. High-Voltage Power Supply Etched Circuit Assembly, Location of Parts

PARTS LOCATION INDEX FOR FIGURE 5-27

| REF. | DRAWING |
| :--- | :--- |
| DESIG. | LOCATION |
| C307 | B4 |
| C308 | C2 |
| C309 | C6 |
| C311 | B5 |
| C312 | B2 |
| C313 | C5 |
| C314 | A2 |
| R313 | B7 |
| R314 | B7 |
| R315 | C7 |
| R316 | B6 |
| R317 | B6 |
| R318 | B6 |
| R322 | C3 |
| R323 | C4 |
| R325 | D3 |
| R326 | D5 |


| REF. |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| DESIG. | DRAWING <br> LOCATION |
| R327 | D6 |
| R328 | D5 |
| R331 | C1 |
| R332 | D2 |
| R333 | B1 |
| R334 | B1 |
| R355 | B2 |
| R356 | A2 |
| R357 | A5 |
| R358 | B3 |
| R359 | B3 |
| R360 | A4 |
| R362 | A3 |
| R364 | B2 |
| R365 | B3 |
| R366 | B3 |

PARTS LOCATION INDEX FOR FIGURE 5-27A

| REF. | DRAWING |
| :---: | :---: |
| DESIG. | LOCATION |
|  |  |
| C307 | C4 |
| C308 | C1 |
| C309 | C6 |
| C311 | C6 |
| C312 | C2 |
| C313 | C5 |
| C314 | C1 |
| R313 | A7 |
| R314 | C7 |
| R315 | D7 |
| R316 | D7 |
| R317 | C7 |
| R318 | A7 |
| R322 | C4 |
| R323 | D4 |
| R325 | D4 |
| R326 | D5 |


| REF. <br> DESIG. | DRAWING <br> LOCATION |
| :---: | :---: |
| R327 |  |
| R328 | D6 |
| R331 | D5 |
| R332 | D1 |
| R333 | D3 |
| R334 | C1 |
| R355 | A1 |
| R356 | C3 |
| R357 | A5 |
| R358 | A3 |
| R359 | B3 |
| R360 | A4 |
| R362 | A3 |
| R364 | B3 |
| R365 | B3 |
| R366 | B3 |
|  |  |

## 5-44.1



Figure 5-27A. High Voltage Distribution Etched Circuit Assembly, Location of Parts


Figure 5-27. High-Voltage Distribution Etched Circuit Assembly, Location of Parts


Figure 5-28. Low-Voltage Rectifier Etched Circuit Assembly, Location of Parts

PARTS LOCATION INDEX
FOR FIGURE 5-29

| REF. <br> DESIG. | DRAWING <br> LOCATION |
| :--- | :---: |
| CR413 | B5 |
| CR416 | B3 |
| C409 | A4 |
| C412 | C3 |
| C413 | B5 |
| C417 | A5 |
| C418 | C6 |
| C419 | C5 |
| C426 | A2 |
| Q401 | D3 |
| Q402 | B3 |
| Q406 | C5 |
| Q407 | C4 |
| Q408 | B5 |
| Q410 | B6 |
| Q411 | B6 |
| Q412 | B6 |
| Q414 | B3 |
| Q415 | B2 |
| R408 | C2 |
| R409 | D4 |
| R410 | D2 |
| R412 | B2 |
| R413 | D3 |
| R415 | C2 |
| R416 | C4 |
| R417 | C2 |
| R425 | A4 |
| R426 | A4 |
| R427 | C5 |
| R428 | R430 |
| R432 | D5 |
| R433 | C4 |
| R434 | C5 |
| R435 | C4 |
| R443 | C4 |
| R445 | A6 |
| R446 | A6 |
| R447 | R6 |
| R448 | A5 |
| R449 | B5 |
| R450 | C6 |
| R451 | B5 |
| R461 | C6 |
| R462 | D6 |
| XV401 | A3 |
| B3 | B3 |
| C2 | C6 |



ETCHING ON REAR SIDE OF BOARD, AS VIEWED FROM COMPONENT SIDE

Figure 5-28A. Low-Voltage Rectifier Etched Circuit Assembly A401, Parts Location AN/USM-140C

## PARTS LOCATION <br> INDEX FOR <br> FIGURE 5-29A

| REF. <br> DESIG. | DRAWING <br> LOCATION |
| :--- | :---: |
| CR413 | B5 |
| CR416 | B3 |
| C499 | A4 |
| C412 | C3 |
| C417 | A5 |
| C418 | C6 |
| C419 | C5 |
| C426 | A2 |
| Q401 | D3 |
| Q402 | B3 |
| Q406 | C5 |
| Q407 | C4 |
| Q408 | B5 |
| Q410 | B6 |
| Q411 | B6 |
| Q412 | B6 |
| Q414 | B3 |
| Q415 | B2 |
| R408 | C2 |
| R409 | D4 |
| R410 | D2 |
| R412 | B2 |
| R413 | D3 |
| R415 | C2 |
| R416 | C4 |
| R417 | C2 |
| R425 | A4 |
| R426 | A4 |
| R427 | C5 |
| R428 | D4 |
| R430 | D5 |
| R432 | C4 |
| R433 | C5 |
| R434 | C4 |
| R435 | C4 |
| R443 | A6 |
| R444 | A6 |
| R446 | R6 |
| R447 | A5 |
| R449 | B5 |
| R450 | C6 |
| R451 | B5 |
| R459 | C6 |
| R461 | D6 |
| R462 | A3 |
| R463 | B3 |
| XV401 | B3 |
| C2 | C6 |



Figure 5-29A. Low-Voltage Regulator Amplifier Etched Circuit Assembly A402, Parts Location, AN/USM-140C

CHANGE 1 5-46.2


Figure 5-29. Low-Voltage Regulator Amplifier Etched Circuit Assembly, Location of Parts


Figure 5-30. MX-2930B/USM, Location of Parts

PARTS LOCATION INDEX FOR FIGURE 5-31

| REF. <br> DESIG. | DRAWING <br> LOCATION |
| :--- | :---: |
| CR501 | A3 |
| CR505 | D3 |
| C503 | B5 |
| C504 | A2 |
| C516 | B5 |
| C517 | C6 |
| C518 | B6 |
| C522 | B3 |
| C523 | C3 |
| L501 | B4 |
| L502 | A3 |
| L503 | B3 |
| L505 | A3 |
| L508 | C3 |
| L510 | C3 |
| L511 | C4 |
| L512 | C3 |
| L514 | B4 |
| L515 | A3 |
| L516 | B2 |
| L517 | C2 |
| L518 | C5 |
| L519 | C3 |
| Q501 | B4 |
| Q502 | A3 |
| Q503 | C4 |
| Q504 | D3 |
| R501 | B5 |
| R502 | B5 |
| R503 | B5 |
| R505 | A5 |
| R507 | A5 |
| R509 | A5 |
| R512 | A4 |
| R513 | A4 |
| R514 | R4 |
| R515 | A4 |
| R517 | B4 |
| R519 | A3 |
| R521 | A4 |
| R522 | A3 |
| R523 | A2 |
|  | C3 |
|  |  |


| REF. <br> DESIG. | DRAWING <br> LOCATION |
| :---: | :---: |
| R524 | B3 |
| R527 | B6 |
| R528 | A6 |
| R529 | D4 |
| R531 | D3 |
| R532 | C4 |
| R533 | D2 |
| R534 | C4 |
| R535 | C3 |
| R536 | D4 |
| R537 | C4 |
| R538 | D4 |
| R539 | D4 |
| R542 | D5 |
| R544 | D5 |
| R545 | D5 |
| R547 | C5 |
| R548 | C5 |
| R549 | C5 |
| R550 | D6 |
| R552 | C4 |
| R571 | B3 |
| R572 | A3 |
| R573 | C3 |
| R574 | C3 |
| R575 | C4 |
| R580 | C5 |
| R581 | B5 |
| R582 | B4 |
| R583 | B3 |
| R584 | B3 |
| R585 | C2 |
| R586 | B2 |
| R587 | C2 |
| R588 | C4 |
| R589 | C3 |
| XV501 | B5 |
| XV502 | A5 |
| XV503 | B3 |
| XV505 | C5 |
| XV506 | C5 |
|  | C3 |
|  |  |


(SEE INDEX ON PAGE 5-50)
Figure 5-31A. MX-2930C/USM Dual Channel Vertical Amplifier Etched Circuit Assembly A501, Location of Parts

CHANGE 1 5-50.1


Figure 5-31. MX-2930B/USM Dual Channel Vertical Amplifier Etched Circuit Assembly, Location of Parts

PARTS LOCATION INDEX FOR FIGURE 5-32

| REF. <br> DESIG. | DRAWING <br> LOCATION |
| :--- | :---: |
| CR502 | B4 |
| CR503 | B4 |
| CR504 | D5 |
| CR506 | B4 |
| C506 | C5 |
| C507 | C3 |
| C508 | D5 |
| C509 | A3 |
| C510 | C4 |
| C511 | B3 |
| C515 | A4 |
| C519 | A5 |
| L513 | A4 |
| R526 | C3 |
| R554 | D4 |
| R555 | D5 |
| R556 | D3 |
| R557 | D3 |
| R559 | C4 |


| REF. <br> DESIG. | DRAWING <br> LOCATION |
| :---: | :---: |
| R560 | C5 |
| R562 | A4 |
| R563 | A3 |
| R564 | B4 |
| R565 | C4 |
| R566 | C4 |
| R567 | B3 |
| R568 | B3 |
| R569 | C3 |
| R570 | B4 |
| R579 | A4 |
| R588 | C4 |
| R591 | B5 |
| R592 | A5 |
| R593 | B5 |
| T501 | B5 |
| V509 | C3 |
| XV507 | D4 |
| XV508 | B4 |

## PARTS LOCATION INDEX FOR FIGURE 5-32A

| $\begin{gathered} \text { REF. } \\ \text { DESIG. } \end{gathered}$ | DRAWING LOCATION | $\begin{gathered} \text { REF. } \\ \text { DESIG. } \end{gathered}$ | DRAWING LOCATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CR502 | B4 | R560 | C5 |
| CR503 | B4 | R562 | A4 |
| CR504 | D5 | R563 | A3 |
| CR506 | B4 | R564 | B4 |
| C506 | C5 | R565 | C4 |
| C507 | C3 | R566 | C4 |
| C508 | D5 | R567 | B3 |
| C509 | A3 | R568 | B3 |
| C510 | C4 | R569 | C3 |
| C511 | B3 | R570 | B4 |
| C515 | A4 | R579 | A4 |
| C519 | AS | R588 | C4 |
| L513 | A4 | R591 | AS |
| R526 | C3 | R592 | B5 |
| R554 | D4 | R593 | B5 |
| R555 | D5 | T501 | B5 |
| R556 | D3 | V509 | C3 |
| R557 | D3 | XV507 | D4 |
| R559 | C4 | XV508 | B4 |

## CHANGE 1 5-52.1


(SEE INDEX ON PAGE 5-52)
Figure 5-32A. MX-2962C/USM Vertical Switching Etched Circuit Assembly A502, Location of Parts


Figure 5-32. MX-2930B/USM Vertical Switching Etched Circuit Assembly, Location of Parts


Figure 5-33. MX-2930B/USM Vernier/Sensitivity Switch Assembly, Location of Parts


Figure 5-34. MX-2930B/USM Vertical Presentation Switch Assembly, Location of Parts


Figure 5-35. MX-2817/U Test Prod, Location of Replaceable Parts.


Figure 5-35A. MX-4073A/U Test Prod, Location of Replaceable Parts CHANGE 1 5-56.1


Figure 5-36. MX-3078/USM Horizontal Auxiliary Plug-In Unit, Location of Parts

## TABLE 5-11. GENERAL SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES

1. Component values expressed in ohms, microhenries, and picofarads unless otherwise noted.
2.     -         -             -                 - indicates etched circuit assembly boundaries.
3. Names of panel controls and connectors are enclosed in boxes.
4. Primary signal paths weighted. Feedback paths weighted and dashed.
5. DC voltages are preceded by "+" or "-". AC signal and ripple voltages are followed by VP-P.
6. The letters CW or CCW, placed adjacent to the appropriate terminals of a potentiometer, indicate the direction of rotation viewed from the shaft end.
7. AC signal and ripple voltages are measured with another AN/USM-140B Oscilloscope using the AM-3567/USM High Gain Differential Amplifier. An equivalent oscilloscope may be used. 400 cps sine waves are used for signal voltage measurements except where other waveforms are shown.
8. DC voltages are measured with the AN/USM-116 Voltmeter unless otherwise noted.
9. Special conditions or switch settings required for voltage measurements are noted on the schematics.
10. Because resistance measurements in circuits having many semiconductor elements can be misleading (see paragraph $5-5 \mathrm{~b}$ ) because they vary with the method of measurement, no tables of resistance values are given. Instead, a multiplicity of voltage test points is indicated, and additional voltages are provided in tables on the schematic aprons where necessary.
11. Parts location on each large schematic is given in a table of map-type coordinates on the schematic apron.


Figure 5-40. Sweep-Time Switch, Wiring Diagram


Figure 5-40A. Sweep-Time Switch, Wiring Diagram
AN-USM - 140C
CHANGE 1 5-66.1


Figure 5-42. Horizontal Display Switch Schematic Diagram


Figure 5-42A. Horizontal Display Switch Schematic Diagram AN/USM-140C

CHANGE 1 5-70.1


NOTE:

* locateo on terminal strip on center gusset

Figure 5-45. Electron Tube Heater Circuit, Functional Diagram
CHANGE 1 5-75


Figure 5-47A. MX-3078/USM Horizontal Channel Auxiliary Plug-In Unit Schematic Diagram

CHANGE 1 5-78.3


Figure 5-47. MX-3078/USM Horizontal Channel Auxiliary Plug-In Unit Schematic Diagram


Figure 5-48. Connections to the Horizontal and Vertical Plug-in Connectors J105 and J1


Figure 5-48A. Connections to the Horizontal and Vertical Plug-In Connectors J105 and J1 AN/USM - 140C

CHANGE 1 5-80.1

## SECTION 6

## PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES

## 6-1. Scope of Maintenance

The maintenance duties assigned to the operator and organizational repairman of the equipment are listed below, together with a reference to the paragraphs covering the specific maintenance functions.
a. Daily preventive maintenance checks and services (para 6-4).
b. Weekly preventive maintenance checks and services (pare 6-5).
c. Monthly preventive maintenance checks and services (pare 6-6.
d. Quarterly preventive maintenance checks and services (para 6-7).
e. Cleaning (para 6-8).
f. Touchup painting (para 6-9).

## 6-2. Preventive Maintenance

Preventive maintenance is the systematic care, servicing, and inspection of equipment to prevent the occurrence of trouble, to reduce downtime, and to assure that the equipment is serviceable.
a. Systematic Care. The procedures given in paragraphs 6-4 through 6-8 cover routine systematic care and cleaning essential to proper upkeep and operation of the equipment.
b. Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services. The preventive maintenance checks and services charts (para 64 through 6-7) outline functions to be performed at specific intervals. These checks and services are to maintain Army electronics equipment in a combat-serviceable condition; that is, in good general (physical) condition and in good operating condition. To assist operators in maintaining combat serviceability, the charts indicate what to check, how to check, and what the normal conditions are; the References column lists the illustrations, paragraphs, or manuals that contain detailed repair or replacement procedures. If the defect cannot be remedied by the corrective actions listed, higher level maintenance or repair is required. Records and reports of these checks and services must be made in accordance with the requirements set forth in TM 38-750.

## 6-3. Preventive Maintenance checks and Services Periods

Preventive maintenance checks and services of the equipment are required daily, weekly, monthly, and quarterly.
a. Paragraph 6-4 specifies the checks and services that must be accomplished daily (or at least once each week if the equipment is maintained in standby condition).
b. Paragraphs 6-5 6-6, and 6-7 specify additional checks and services that must be performed weekly, monthly, and quarterly.

6-4. Daily Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services Chart

| Sequence <br> No. | Item to be <br> inspected | Procedure | References |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

6-5. Weekly Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services Chart

| Sequence No. | Item to be inspected | Procedure | References |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Cables.................................... | Inspect cords, cables, and wires for chafed, cracked, or frayed insulation. Replace connectors that are broken, arced, stripped, or worn excessively. | None. |
| 2 | Handles and latches ................. | Inspect handles and latches for looseness, Replace or tighten as necessary. | None. |
| 3 | Metal surfaces......................... | Inspect exposed metal surfaces for rust and corrosion. Clean and touchup paint as required (para 6-9). | None. |

6-6. Monthly Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services Chart

| Sequence No. | Item to be inspected | Procedure | References |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Pluckout items......................... | Inspect seating of pluckout items. Make certain that tube clamps grip tubes tightly. | None. |
| 2 | Jacks .................................... | Inspect jacks for snug fit and good contact .............. | None. |
| 3 | Transformer terminals. | Inspect terminals on power transformer and high-voltage transformer for dirt or corrosion. All nuts securing the transformer must be tight. | None. |

6-6. Monthly Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services Chart (cont)

| Sequence No. | Item to be inspected | Procedure | References |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | Terminal blocks ............................... | Inspect terminal blocks for loose connections and cracked or broken insulation. | None. |
| 5 | Resistors and capacitors. | Inspect resistors and capacitors for cracks, blistering, or other defects. | None. |
| 6 | Variable capacitors.......................... | Inspect variable capacitors for dirt, corrosion, and deformed plates. | None. |
| 7 | Air filter ......................................... | Clean and inspect the air filter ...................... | Para 5-2a. |

## 6-7. Quarterly Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services Chart

| Sequence No. | Item to be inspected | Procedure | References |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Publications..................................... | See that all publications are complete, serviceable, and current. | DA Pam 310-4. |
| 2 | Modifications ................................... | Check DA Pam 310-4 to determine whether new applicable MWO's have been published. All URGENT MWO's must be applied immediately. All NORMAL MWO's must be scheduled. | $\begin{gathered} \text { TM 38-750 and } \\ \text { DA Pam 310-4. } \end{gathered}$ |

6-7. Quarterly Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services Chart (cont)

| Sequence No. | Item to be inspected | Procedure | References |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | Spare parts ................................... | Check all spare parts (operator and organizational) for general condition and method of storage. No overstock should be evident, and all shortages must be on valid requisitions. | Appx. |
| 4 | Lubrication of fan motor. | Check and lubricate the fan motor ............................. | Para 5-2b. |

## 6-8. Cleaning

Inspect the exterior surfaces of Oscilloscope AN/USM-140B. The exterior surfaces must be free of dust, grease, and fungus.
a. Remove dust and loose dirt with a clean, soft cloth.

## Warning:

Cleaning compound is flammable and its fumes are toxic. Provide adequate ventilation. DO NOT use near a flame. Avoid contact with the skin; wash off any that spills on your hands.
b. Remove grease, fungus, and ground-in dirt from the case and covers of the oscilloscope; use a cloth dampened (not wet) with Cleaning Compound (FSN 7930-395-9542).
c. Remove dust or dirt from plugs and jacks with a brush.
d. Clean the front panel and control knobs; use a soft, clean cloth. If dirt is difficult to remove, dampen the cloth with water; use mild soap if necessary.

## 6-9. Touchup Painting Instructions

Remove rust and corrosion from metal surfaces by lightly sanding them with fine sandpaper. Brush two thin coats of paint on bare metal to protect it from further corrosion. Refer to the applicable cleaning and refinishing practices specified in TB SIG 364.

## SECTION 7

## DEPOT OVERHAUL STANDARDS

## 7-1. Applicability of Depot Overhaul Standards

Tests outlined in paragraphs 7-6 through 7-12 are designed to measure the performance capability of a repaired equipment. Equipment that is to be returned to stock should meet standards given in these tests.

## 7-2. Applicable References

a. Repair Standards. Applicable procedures of the depots performing these tests, and the general standards for repaired electronic equipment giver. in TB

SIG 355-1, TB SIG 355-2, and TB SIG 355-3 form a part of requirements for testing this equipment.
b. Modification Work Orders. Perform all modification work orders applicable to this equipment before making test specified. DA Pam 310-7 lists all available MWO's.

## 7-3. Test Facilities Required

The test equipments listed below are required for depot testing:

| Nomenclature | Technical manual | Common name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Voltmeter, Electronic ME-2020A/ U. | TM 11-6625-537-15-1 | Ac differential voltmeter |
| Voltmeter, Meter ME-30(*)/U. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | TM 11-6625-320-12 | Voltmeter, electronic. |
| Generator, Square Wave Tektronic Model 107. | ........................................... | Square wave generator. |
| Generator, Electronic Marker AN/USM-108. | TM 11-6625-542-15 | Marker generator. |
| Constant Amplitude Generator Tektronix Model 190A. | ............................................. | Constant amplitude generator. |
| Voltmeter, Calibrator, HewlettPackard Model 738A. | .............. | Voltmeter-calibrator. |
| Attenuator, Tektronix Model 190A. | ............................................. | Attenuator. |
| Feed-Through Termination Tektronix, 52 ohm. | ... | Termination. |
| Main vertical amplifier test connector (fabricated according to para 7-4). | ............................................. | Vertical amplifier test connector. |

${ }^{a}$ Refers to Voltmeter, Meter ME-30A/U and Voltmeters, Electronic ME-30B/U, ME-30C/U, and ME-30E/U.

## 7-4. Fabrication of Main Vertical Amplifier Test Connector

Fabricate the main vertical amplifier test connector in accordance with figure 7-1.

## 7-5. General Test Requirements

All tests should be conducted under the conditions given below.
a. All test equipment should be connected to 115


Figure 7-1. Main vertical amplifier test connector .
volts ac $\pm 10 \%, 50$ through $60 \mathrm{cps} \pm 10 \%$ or $400 \mathrm{cps} \pm$ 10\%.
b. All tests should be conducted at room temperature.
c. The test equipment should have a warmup time of 5 minutes or more before tests are performed.

## 7-6. Mechanical Test Requirements

All switches should have positive action; all controls should operate smoothly without binding. Proper operation should be inspected as follows:
a. Turn the INTENSITY control fully clockwise.
b. Connect the oscilloscope to the power source; place the POWER switch to ON and wait for the initial warmup. The pilot lamp should light.
c. Place the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch at X1, and the VERNIER control at CAL.
d. Set the SWEEP TIME switch to . 5 MILLISECONDS/CM, and the VERNIER control to CAL.
e. Place the SWEEP MODE control at PRESET, and the TRIGGER SOURCE switch at INT.
$f$. Set the INTENSITY MODULATION and SWEEP OCCURRENCE switches to NORMAL.
g. Connect the test prod BNC terminal to the CHANNEL A INPUT connector.
$h$. Place the vertical presentation switch at the CHANNEL A position.
i. Set the CHANNEL A SENSITIVITY switch to . 05 VOLTS/CM.
j. Place the CALIBRATOR switch at 2.
k. Connect the test prod tip to the CALIBRATOR VOLTS connector.
I. Rotate the INTENSITY control clockwise until a trace appears. If the crt remains blank, press the BEAM FINDER pushbutton.
$m$. Adjust the HORIZONTAL POSITION and CHANNEL A VERTICAL POSITION controls until the trace is centered on the screen. If necessary, readjust the INTENSITY control.
n. Adjust the FOCUS and ASTIGMATISM controls to obtain a thin trace.
o. Loosen the knurled locknut behind the rear flange on the prod.
p. Hold the vinyl sheath behind the locknut and rotate the rear flange to obtain the best square wave. Check to see that the vertical deflection is 4 centimeters (corresponding to .05 volt/centimeter (cm) sensitivity with a 2 -volt calibrator output and 10: 1 attenuation in the probe).
q. Tighten the prod locknut without changing the adjustment.
$r$. Turn the vertical presentation switch to CHANNEL B. Repeat the procedures given in ithrough c above for CHANNEL $B$ and the other test prod.
$s$. Repeat the procedures (a through $r$ above) with the vertical presentation switch set to ALTERNATE and with both prods connected to the calibrator (one driving CHANNEL A and one driving CHANNEL B) to test both channels simultaneously.
t. To display a single signal, connect either probe to the signal and -switch the vertical presentation switch to the corresponding channel. Adjust the SENSITIVITY, HORIZONTAL DISPLAY, and SWEEP TIME switches and the TRIGGER controls as necessary to obtain and synchronize the desired display.

## 7-7. Power Supply Test

Perform the power supply test as follows:
a. Remove the oscilloscope from the cabinet and ground the chassis. Turn the instrument on and allow a few minutes warmup time. Ground the ME-202A/U to the chassis and measure the voltages at the test points shown in figure 7-2. Readings should be as shown in the chart below.

| Test point | Voltage reading |
| :---: | :---: |
| A1 | +6.3 volts $\pm 1$. |
|  | -6.3 volts $\pm 1$. |
| A3 | -100 volts $\pm 0.4$. |
| A4 | +110 volts $\pm 0.44$. |
|  | +370 volts $\pm 3.7$. |

b. Disconnect the ME-202A/U from the chassis and connect the ground connection of the ME-30(*)/U to the oscilloscope chassis. Measure the ripple voltages at the test points shown in figure 7-2. Readings should be as shown in the chart below.

| Test point | Voltage reading |
| :---: | :---: |
| AI | . 7 mvac . |
| A2 | . 7 mvac . |
| A3 | 3mvac. |
| A4 | . 7 mvac . |
| A5 | . 18 mvac . |

Note. These voltages are greater than typical voltages listed on the schematic diagram and are the maximum allowable.

## 7-8. Calibrator Test

Perform the calibrator test as described in a through $d$ below:
a. Set controls of the oscilloscope as follows:
(1) HORIZONTAL DISPLAY: X1.
(2) TRIGGER SOURCE: INT.
(3) SWEEP MODE: PRESET.
(4) SWEEP TIME: 2 MILLISECONDS/ CM.
(5) VERTICAL SENSITIVITY: 2 VOLTS/CM.
(6) CALIBRATOR: OFF.
b. Adjust the voltmeter-calibrator to deliver 10 volts at 400 cycles peak-to-peak and connect this signal to the VERTICAL INPUT jack. Set the sensitivity vernier for exactly $4-\mathrm{cm}$ deflection, and disconnect the voltmeter calibrator. Set the CALIBRATOR switch to a 10 -volt output and connect the calibrator output at the VOLTS connector to the vertical INPUT connector. Note the exact amplitude of the square wave.
c. The amplitude of the sine-wave output from the voltmeter-calibrator and the squarewave output from the oscilloscope should not differ by more than $3 \%$.
d. Check all of the CALIBRATOR voltage ranges by comparing equal voltages from the voltmetercalibrator and the CALIBRATOR output. Use the procedures given in b and c above.

## 7-9. Horizontal Amplifier Test

Perform the horizontal amplifier test as follows:
a. Connect the equipment as shown in figure 7-3.
b. Set the voltmeter-calibrator to deliver 1 volt peak-to-peak. Adjust the position controls to center the horizontal trace.
c. Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch to . 1 VOLTS/CM, the trace should extend $10 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~cm}$.
d. Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch to . 2 VOLTS/CM, the trace should extend $5 \pm 0.15 \mathrm{~cm}$.
$e$. For each setting of the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch, set the voltmeter-calibrator to deliver 10 times the voltage indicated; the trace should be $10 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~cm}$ long. At each position of the voltmeter-calibrator, move the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch to the next higher position before increasing the voltmeter-calibrator output; the trace should then be $5 \pm 0.15 \mathrm{~cm}$ long.
$f$. Connect the equipment as shown in figure 7-4. Set the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch to . 1 VOLTS/CM. Set up the constant amplitude signal generator to deliver a 50 -kilocycle (kc) output.


Figure 7-2. Power supply voltage and ripple test connections.

Adjust the amplitude for a $10-\mathrm{cm}$ horizontal deflection on the crt. Increase the frequency of the constant amplitude generator and note the deflection on the crt. The frequency at which the deflection on the crt decreases to 7.1 cm (3-decibel (db) point) should be greater than 1 megacycle (mc).

## 7-10. Sweep Generator Test

To perform the sweep generator test, connect the equipment as shown in figure 7-5 and proceed as follows:
a. Connect the equipment as shown in A, figure 7 5. Set the marker generator to deliver 1-microsecond ( $\mu \mathrm{sec}$ ) markers.

AN/USM-140(*)


TM6625-535-15-1-C1-3
Figure 7-3. Horizontal attenuator test.


Figure 7-4. Horizontal amplifier frequency response test.
b. Set the controls of the oscilloscope as follows:
(1) HORIZONTAL DISPLAY: X1.
(2) TRIGGER SOURCE: INT.
(31 SWEEP MODE: TRIGGER.
(4) SWEEP TIME: 1 MICROSECOND/ CM.
c. Adjust the VERTICAL SENSITIVITY for a $1-\mathrm{cm}$ deflection. The markers should appear every $\mathrm{cm} \pm 3 \%$.
d. Set the SWEEP TIME switch to 1 MILLISECOND/CM, and the marker generator to deliver 1 -millisecond markers. The markers should appear every cm $\pm 3 \%$.
e. Set the SWEEP TIME switch to 1 SECOND/CM, and the marker generator to deliver 1second markers. The markers should appear every cm $\pm 3$ \%.
f. Connect the equipment as shown in B, figure 75. Set the voltmeter-calibrator to deliver a 0.2 -volt, peak-to-peak signal. Set the controls of the oscilloscope as follows:
(1) VERTICAL SENSITIVITY: 1 VOLT/CM. Set the VERTICAL SENSITIVITY vernier to CALIBRATED.
(2) SWEEP TIME: 1 MILLISECOND/ CM.
(3) SWEEP MODE: PRESET.
(4) TRIGGER LEVEL: 0 .
$g$. The sweep is triggered and without jitter.

## 7-1 1. Main Vertical Amplifier

Test Perform the main vertical amplifier test as follows:
a. Remove the vertical plug-in unit and insert the main vertical amplifier test connector, fabricated in paragraph 7-4 as shown in A,figure 7-6.
b. Set the controls of the oscilloscope as follows:
(1) HORIZONTAL DISPLAY: X1.
(2) SWEEP TIME: 2 MILLISECONDS/ CM.
(3) TRIGGER SOURCE: INT.
(4) SWEEP MODE: PRESET.
(5) TRIGGER LEVEL: 0.
c. Adjust the voltmeter-calibrator to deliver 400 cps, 0.8 volt peak-to-peak. The peak-to-peak deflection on the crt should be $4 \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~cm}$.
d. Connect the equipment as shown in B , figure 76. Adjust the constant amplitude generator for a $50-\mathrm{kc}$ output. Adjust the amplitude of the constant amplitude signal generator output to achieve a $4-\mathrm{cm}$ deflection on the crt.
$e$. Increase the frequency of the constant amplitude signal generator until the deflection on the crt decreases to 2.8 cm ( $3-\mathrm{db}$ point). The frequency at this point should be a minimum of 30 mc , and is typically above 35 mc .
f. Connect the equipment as shown in C, figure 76. Set the controls of the oscilloscope as follows:
(1) HORIZONTAL DISPLAY: X5.
(2) SWEEP TIME: . 1 MICROSECOND/ CM.
(3) TRIGGER LEVEL: +.
g. Set the square wave generator to deliver a 1 $\mathrm{mc}, 0.5$-volt square wave. Center the leading edge of the


Figure 7-5. Sweep generator test setup.
square wave with the control on the main vertical amplifier test connector and the HORIZONTAL POSITION control. Adjust the TRIGGER LEVEL control to shift the leading edge of the square wave as far to the right as possible. The risetime (10 through $90 \%$ ) should be 11 ( $\mu \mathrm{sec}$ ) ( 0.55 cm ), or less.

## 7-12. MX-2930B/USM Vertical Plug-in Test

a. Channel $A$ Vertical Sensitivity. Check the channel A vertical sensitivity as follows:
(1) Set the controls of the oscilloscope as follows:
(a) CHANNEL A + B VERNIER: CAL.
(b) AC-DC SWITCH: AC.
(c) Vertical presentation switch:

CHANNEL A.
(d) SWEEP MODE: PRESET.
(e) SWEEP TIME:

5
MILLISECONDS/CM.
(f) SENSITIVITY control vernier:

CALIBRATED.
(g) TRIGGER SOURCE: INT.
(2) Connect the equipment as shown in A, figure 7-7. Adjust the voltmeter-calibrator to deliver 400 cycles at a 0.1 -volt, peak-to-peak output. Set the SENSITIVITY switch of the oscilloscope to . 02 VOLTS/CM. The vertical deflection on the oscilloscope crt should be $5 \mathrm{~cm}- \pm 0.25$.
(3) Repeat procedures given in (2) above for each position of the SENSITIVITY switch. Set the voltmeter-calibrator output as necessary to provide an adequate deflection on the crt. The deflection should be in accordance with the following formula:
$\frac{\text { Output voltage }}{\text { SENSITIVITY }}=\mathrm{cm} \pm 5 \%$.
b. Channel B Vertical Sensitivity. To check channel $B$ vertical sensitivity, repeat procedures given in $\mathrm{a}(1)$, (2), and (3) above, except the vertical presentation switch should be set to CHANNEL B, and the voltmeter-calibrator should be connected to the CHANNEL B INPUT connector.


Figure 7-6. Main vertical amplifier test.
c. Vertical Pulse Response Test. Perform the vertical pulse response test as follows:
(1) Controls of the oscilloscope should be set as described in a above, except that the CHANNEL A SENSITIVITY switch should be set to 0.02 VOLTS/CM and the SWEEP TIME switch should be set to 0.2 MICROSECOND/CM.
(2) Connect the equipment as shown in B, figure 7-7. Set the square wave generator to produce a 0.25 -volt, alternating current (ac) peak-to-peak signal.
(3) The vertical overshoot on the leading edge of the signal must not exceed $3 \%$.
(4) Repeat procedures given in (1), (2), and (3) above for the CHANNEL B input.
d. Vertical Bandwidth Test. Perform the vertical bandwidth test as described in (1) through (4) below.
(1) Set controls of the oscilloscope as follows:
(a) SENSITIVITY: . 02 VOLTS/CM.
(b) HORIZONTAL DISPLAY: X1.
(2) Connect the equipment as shown in C , figure 7-7, and set the constant-amplitude signal generator to deliver a $50-\mathrm{kc}$ signal. Adjust the amplitude of the constant-amplitude signal generator to provide exactly 4 cm of deflection on the crt screen.
(3) Increase the frequency of the constantamplitude signal generator until the height of the display on the crt is exactly 2.8 cm . The output frequency must not be less than 22 mc .
(4) Repeat procedures given in (1), (2), and (3) above for the CHANNEL B input.


Figure 7-7. MX-2930B/USM vertical plug-in test.
e. Isolation Test. Conduct the isolation test as follows:
(1) Set controls of the oscilloscope as follows:
(a) Vertical presentation switch:

## CHANNEL B.

(b) Channel A SENSITIVITY control: . 02 VOLTS/CM.
(c) Channel B SENSITIVITY control: 0.5 VOLTS/CM.
(d) HORIZONTAL DISPLAY: X1.
(e) SWEEP TIME: 1 MILLISECOND/ CM.
(2) Center display with the VERTICAL POSITION control and apply a 20 -volt signal from the CALIBRATOR output to the CHANNEL A input, note the deflection. Reverse the procedures given in (1) above and note the deflection. The deflection in either case should not exceed 0.3 cm .
f. Common Mode Rejection Test. Perform the common mode rejection test as follows:
(1) Connect the output of the CALIBRATOR to CHANNEL $A$ and $B$ inputs (through a $T$ connector). Change the vertical presentation switch to A-B, the ACDC switch to DC, and leave the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch placed at X1.
(2) Measure the common mode rejection on all SENSITIVITY ranges and note that the deflection corresponds to that given in the chart below:

| A \& B <br> SENSITIVITY | Input Voltage | Deflection <br> $(\mathbf{c m})$ |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $.02 \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . .$. | 2 | 1 |  |
| $.05 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . .$. | 5 | 3 |  |


| A \& B SENSITIVITY | Input Voltage | Deflection (cm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .10.............. | 10................. | 3 |
| .20.............. | 20................. | 3 |
| .50.............. | 50................. | 3 |
| 1.00.............. | $100 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 3 |
| 2.00.............. | 100 | 1.5 |
| 5.00.............. | $100 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 0.6 |
| 10.00............. | $100 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 0.3 |
| 20.00 | 100 | 0.15 |

g. Chopped Display Test. Perform the chopped display test as follows:
(1) Remove all connections from the INPUT connectors.
(2) Set controls of the oscilloscope as follows:
(a) Vertical presentation switch:

CHOPPED.
(b) SWEEP TIME: . 5

MICROSECONDS/CM.
(3) Adjust the VERTICAL POSITION control for two, distinct, chopped traces.
(4) The chopped period should be between 0.9 and 1.1 microseconds. The transition between the chopped traces should be blanked out at the normal intensity levels.
h. Alternate Display Test. To perform the alternate display test, proceed as follows:
(1) Leave controls set as described in $g$ above.
(2) Set the vertical presentation switch to ALTERNATE.
(3) Vary the SWEEP TIME from 20 MILLISECONDS/CM to 0.1 MICROSECONDS/CM.
(4) The display should show two distinct traces throughout the sweep range.

## APPENDIX I

## REFERENCES

DA Pam 310-4

TB SIG 364

TM 38-750

Index of Technical Manuals, Technical Bulletins, Supply Manuals (Types 7, 8, and 9), Supply Bulletins, Lubrication Orders, and Modification Work Orders.

Field Instructions for Painting and Preserving Electronics Command Equipment.

Army Equipment Record Procedures.

A1-1

## APPENDIX II

## BASIC ISSUE ITEMS LIST (BIIL) AND ITEMS TROOP INSTALLED OR AUTHORIZED LIST (ITIAL)

## Section I. INTRODUCTION

## A2-1. Scope

This appendix lists only basic issue items required by the crew/operator for installation, operation, and maintenance of Oscilloscope AN, USM-140B.

## A2-2. General

This Basic Issue Items and Items Troop Installed or Authorized List is divided into the following sections:
a. Basic Issue Items List-Section II. A list, in alphabetical sequence, of items which are furnished with, and which must be turned in with the end item.
b. Items Troop Installed or Authorized List Sections III. Not applicable.

## A2-3. Explanation of Columns

The following provides an explanation of columns found in the tabular listings:
a. Illustration.. Not applicable.
b. Federal Stock Number. Indicates the Federal stock number assigned to the item and will be used for requisitioning purposes.
c. Part Number. Indicates the primary number used by the manufacturer (individual, company, firm,
corporation, or Government activity), which controls the design and characteristics of the item by means of its engineering drawings, specifications standards, and inspection requirements, to identify an item or range of items.
d. Federal Supply Code for Manufacturer (FSCM). The FSCM is a 5 -digit numeric code used to identify the manufacturer, distributor, or Government agency, etc., and is identified in SB 708-42.
e. Description. Indicates the Federal item name and a minimum description required to identify the item.
$f$. Unit of Measure (UM). Indicates the standard of basic quantity of the listed item as used in performing the actual maintenance function. This measure is expressed by a two-character alphabetical abbreviation, (e.g., ea, in., pr, etc.). When the unit of measure differs from the unit of issue, the lowest unit of issue that will satisfy the required units of measure will be requisitioned.
g. Quantity Furnished with Equipment (Basic Issue Items Only). Indicates the quantity of the basic issue item furnished with the equipment.

## Section II. BASIC ISSUE ITEMS LIST

| (1) illustration |  | (2) <br> FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER | (3) <br> PART NUMBER | (4) <br> FSCM | (5) DESCRIPTION | USABLE ON CODE | (6) <br> U/M | (7) <br> QTY <br> FURN <br> WITH <br> EQUIP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) FIG NO. | $\begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ \text { ITEM } \end{gathered}$ NO. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 6625-071-0789 |  |  | COVER, OSCILLOSCOPE CW-511/USM |  | EA | 1 |

Change 3 A2-1

## APPENDIX III

## MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART

## Section I. INTRODUCTION

## A3-1. General

This appendix provides a summary of the maintenance operations covered in the equipment literature for Oscilloscope AN/USM-140B. It authorizes levels of maintenance for specific maintenance functions on repairable items and components and the tools and equipment required to perform each function. This appendix may be used as an aid in planning maintenance operations.

## A3-2. Explanation of Format for Maintenance Allocation Chart

a. Group Number. Group numbers correspond to the reference designation prefix assigned in accordance with ASA Y32.16, Electrical and Electronics Reference Designations. They indicate the relation of listed items to the next higher assembly.
b. Component Assembly Nomenclature. This column lists the item names of component units, assemblies, subassemblies, and modules on which maintenance is authorized.
c. Maintenance Function. This column indicates the maintenance level at which performance of the specific maintenance function is authorized. Authorization to perform a function at any level also includes authorization to perform that function at higher levels. The numbers used to represent the various maintenance levels are as follows:

| Number | $\frac{\text { Maintenance Category }}{\text { (or level) }}$ |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Operator' s |
| 2 | Organizational |
| 3 | Direct support |
| 4 | General support |
| 5 | Depot |

d. Tools and Equipment. The numbers appearing in this column refer to specific tools and equipment which are identified by these numbers in Section III.
e. Remarks. Self explanatory.

## A3-3. Explanation of Format for Tool and Test Equipment Requirements

The columns in the tool and test equipment requirements chart are as follows:
a. Tools and Equipment. The numbers in this column coincide with the numbers used in the tools and equipment column of the MAC. The numbers indicate the applicable tool for the maintenance function.
b. Maintenance Category. The numbers in this column indicate the maintenance category normally allocated the facility.
c. Nomenclature. This column lists tools, and test, and maintenance equipment required to perform the maintenance functions.
d. Federal Stock Number. This column lists the Federal stock number.
e. Tool Number. Not used.

SECTION II. MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART
MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART


SECTION III. TOOL AND TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

| TOOL AND TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT | MAINTENANCE CATEGORY | NOMENCLATURE | FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER | TOOL NUMBER |
| 1 | 4,5 | GENERATOR, SIGNAL AN/URM-127 | 6625-783-5965 |  |
| 2 | 4, 5 | COUNTER, ELECTRONIC, DIGITAL READOUT AN/USM-207 | 6625-911-6368 |  |
| 3 | 5 | GENERATOR, ELECTRONIC MARKER AN/USM-108 | 6625-987-9564 |  |
| 4 | 4,5 | MULTIMETER ME-26/U | 6625-646-9409 |  |
| 5 | 4, 5 | OSCILLOSCOPE AN/USM-140B | 6625-987-6603 |  |
| 6 | 4, 5 | SIGNAL GENERATOR SG-299/U | 6625-624-3516 |  |
| 7 | 5 | TEST SET, ELECTRON TUBE TV-2/U | 6625-699-0263 |  |
| 8 | 4 | TEST SET, ELECTRON TUBE TV-7D/U | 6625-820-0064 |  |
| 9 | 4,5 | TOOL KIT, ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT TK-100/G | 5180-605-0079 |  |
| 10 | 2 | TOOLS AND TEST EQUIPMENT AVAILABLE TO REPAIRMAN-USER BECAUSE OF HIS ASSIGNED MISSION |  |  |

## APPENDIX IV

# ORGANIZATIONAL, DS, GS, AND DEPOT MAINTENANCE REPAIR PARTS AND SPECIAL TOOLS LIST 

## Section I. INTRODUCTION

## A4-1. Scope

This appendix lists repair parts required for the performance of organizational, general support, and depot maintenance of the AN/USM-140B and AN/USM140C. This appendix is current as of 2 March 1971.

## NOTE

No parts are authorized for stockage at direct support category of maintenance.

## A4-2. General

This Repair Parts List is divided into the following sections:
a. Prescribed Load Allowance (PLA)-Section II. A composite listing of repair parts having quantitative allowances for initial stockage at the organizational level.
b. Repair Parts for Organizational MaintenanceSection III. A list of repair parts authorized for the performance of maintenance at the organizational level.
c. Special Tools, Test and Support Equipment for Organizational Maintenance-Section IV. Not applicable.
d. Repair Parts for Direct Support, General Support, and Depot Maintenance-Section V. A list of repair parts authorized for the performance of maintenance at the general support and depot level.
e. Special Tools, Test and Support Equipment for Direct Support, General Support, and Depot Maintenance-Section VI. Not applicable.
f. Index-Federal Stock Number Cross-Reference to Figure and Item Number or Reference DesignationSection VII. A list of Federal stock numbers in ascending numerical sequence, followed by a list of reference numbers in ascending alphanumeric
sequence, cross-referenced to the illustration figure number and reference designation.
g. Index-Reference Designation Cross-Reference to Page Number-Section VIII. A list of reference designations cross-referenced to page numbers.

## A4-3. Explanation of Columns

The following provides an explanation of columns in the tabular lists:
a. Source, Maintenance, and Recoverability Codes (SMR).
(1) Source code indicates the selection status and source for the list item. Source codes are:

$$
\text { Code } \quad \text { Explanation }
$$

P-Repair parts which are stocked in or supplied from the GSA/DSA or Army Supply system and authorized for use at indicated maintenance categories.

P2-Repair parts which are procured and stocked for insurance purposes because the combat or military essentially of the end item dictates that a minimum quantity be available in the supply system.

P9-Assigned to items which are NSA design controlled: unique repair parts, special tools, test, measuring and diagnostic equipment which are stocked and supplied by the Army COMSEC logistic system and which are not subject to the provisions of AR 380-41.

Code Explanation

P10-Assigned to items which are NSA design controlled: special tools, test, measuring and diagnostic equipment for COMSEC support which are accountable under the provisions of AR 380-41 and which ale stocked and supplied by the Army COMSEC logistic system.
M-Repair parts which are not procured or stocked but are to be manufactured in indicated maintenance levels.

A-Assemblies which are not procured or stocked as such but are made up of two or more units. Such component units carry individual stock numbers and descriptions, are procured and stocked separately, and can be assembled to form the required assembly at indicated maintenance categories.
X-Parts and assemblies which are not procured or stocked and the mortality of which normally is below that of the applicable end item of component. The failure of such part or assembly should result in retirement of the end item from the supply system.
X1-Repair parts which are not procured or stocked. The requirement for such items will be filled by use of the next higher assembly or component.

X2-Repair parts which are not stocked. The indicated maintenance category requiring such repair parts will attempt to obtain same through cannibalization. Where such repair parts are not obtainable through cannibalization, requirements will be requisitioned, with accompanying justification, through normal supply channels.
G-Major assemblies that are procured with PEMA funds for initial issue only as exchange assemblies at DSU and GSU level. These assemblies will not be stocked above DS and GS level or returned to depot supply level.
(2) Maintenance code indicates the lowest category of maintenance authorized to install the listed item. The maintenance level codes are:

## Code Explanation

C......................Operator/Crew
O.....................Organizational Maintenance

F .....................Direct Support Maintenance
H .....................General Support Maintenance
D .....................Depot Maintenance
(3) Recoverability code indicates whether unserviceable items should be returned for recovery or salvage. Items not coded are expendable. Recoverability codes are:

Code
Explanation
R-Repair parts and assemblies that are economically repairable at DSU and GSU activities and normally are furnished by supply on an exchange basis.
S-Repair parts and assemblies which are economically repairable at DSU and GSU activities and which normally are furnished by supply on an exchange basis. When items are determined by GSU to be uneconomically reparable, they will be evacuated to a depot for evaluation and analysis before final disposition.
T-High dollar value recoverable repair parts which are subject to special handling and are issued on an exchange basis. Such repair parts normally are repaired or overhauled at depot maintenance activities.

U-Repair parts specifically selected for salvage by reclamation units because of precious metal content, critical materials, or high dollar value reusable casings or castings.
b. Federal Stock Number. Indicates the Federal stock number assigned to the item and will be used for requisitioning purposes.
c. Description. Indicates the Federal item name and any additional description of the item required. The index number has been included as part of the description to aid in the location of "same as" items. A part number, or other reference number, is followed by the applicable five-digit Federal supply code for manufacturers in parentheses.
d. Unit of Measure (UM). A two-character alphabetic abbreviation indicating the amount or quantity of the item upon which the allowances are based, e.g., ft, ea, pr, etc.
e. Quantity Incorporated in Unit. Indicates the quantity of the item used in the AN/USM-140B and AN/USM-140C. Subsequent appearances of the same item in the same assembly are indicated by the letters "REF."
f. 15-Day Organizational Maintenance Allowances.
(1) The allowance columns are divided into four subcolumns. Indicated in each subcolumn opposite the first appearance of each item is the total quantity of items authorized for the number of equipments supported. Subsequent appearances of the same item will have the letters "REF" in the allowance columns. Items authorized for use as required, but not for initial stockage, are identified with an asterisk in the allowance column.
(2) The quantitative allowances for organizational level of maintenance represents one initial prescribed load for a 15-day period for the number of equipments supported. Units and organizations authorized additional prescribed loads will multiply the number of prescribed loads authorized by the quantity of repair parts reflected in the appropriate density column to obtain the total quantity of repair parts authorized.
(3) Organizational units providing maintenance for more than 100 of these equipments shall determine the total quantity of parts required by converting the equipment quantity to a decimal factor by placing a decimal point before the next to last digit of the number to indicate hundredths, and multiplying the decimal factor by the parts quantity authorized in the 51100 allowance column. Example, authorized allowance for 51-100 equipments is 12; for 140 equipments multiply 12 by 1.40 or 16.80 rounded off to 17 parts required.
(4) Subsequent changes to allowances will be limited as follows: No change in the range of items is authorized. If additional items are considered necessary, recommendation should be forwarded to Commanding General, U.S. Army Electronics Command, ATTN: AMSEL-MENMP-EM, Fort Monmouth, N.J. 07703 for exception or revision to the allowance list. Revisions to the range of items authorized will be made by the USAECOM based upon engineering experience, demand data, of TAERS information.

## g. 30-Day DS/GS Maintenance Allowances.

## NOTE

Allowances in GS Column are for GS maintenance only.
(1) The allowance columns are divided into three subcolumns. Indicated in each subcolumn, opposite the first appearance of each item, is the total quantity of items authorized for the number of equipments supported. Subsequent appearances of the same item will have the letters "REF" in the applicable allowance columns. Items authorized for use as required, but not for initial stockage, are identified with an asterisk in the allowance column.
(2) The quantitative allowances for GS level of maintenance will represent initial stockage for a 30day period for the number of equipments supported.
(3) Determination of the total quantity of parts required for maintenance of more than 100 of these equipments can be accomplished by converting the equipment quantity to a decimal factor by placing a decimal point before the next to last digit of the number to indicate hundredths, and multiplying the decimal factor by the parts quantity authorized in the 51-100 allowance column. Example, authorized allowance for $51-100$ equipments is 40 ; for 150 equipments multiply 40 by 1.50 or 60 parts required.
h. 1-Year Allowances Per 100 Equipments/ Contingency Planning Purposes. Indicates opposite the first appearance of each item the total quantity required for distribution and contingency planning purposes. The range of items indicates total quantities of all authorized items required to provide for adequate support of 100 equipments for one year.
i. Depot Maintenance Allowance Per 109 Equipments. Indicates opposite the first appearance of each item the total quantity authorized for depot maintenance of 100 equipments. Subsequent appearances of the same item will have the letters "REF" in the allowance column. Items authorized for use as required, but not for initial stockage, are identified with an asterisk in the allowance column.

## j. Illustrations.

(1) Figure number. Indicates the figure number of the illustration in which the item is shown.
(2) Item number or reference designation.

Indicates the reference designation used to identify the item in the illustration.

## A4-4. Special Information

a. Identification of the usable on codes of this publication are:

Code
Used on
1 AN/USM-140B
2
2. AN/USM-140C
b. Repair parts mortality is computed from failure rates derived from experience factors with the individual parts in a variety of equipments. Variations in the specific application and periods of use of electronics equipment, the fragility of electronic piece parts, plus intangible material and quality factors intrinsic to the manufacture of electronic parts, do not permit mortality to be based on hours of end item use. However, long periods of continuous use under adverse conditions are likely to increase repair parts mortality.

## A4-5. Location of Repair Parts

a. This appendix contains two cross-reference indexes (sec VII and VIII) to be used to locate a repair part when either the Federal stock number, reference number (manufacturer's part number), or reference designation is known. The first column in each index is prepared in numerical and/or alphanumeric sequence in ascending order. Where a Federal stock number is not listed, refer to the reference number (manufacturer's part number) immediately following the Federal stock number.
b. When the Federal stock number is known, follow the procedures given in (1) and (2) below.
(1) Refer to the index of Federal stock numbers (sec VII) and locate the Federal stock number. The FSN is cross-referenced to the applicable figure and reference designation.
(2) When the reference designation is determined, refer to the reference designation index (sec VIII). The reference designations are listed in alphanumeric ascending order and are cross-referenced to the page number on which they appear in the repair parts list (sec III and V). Refer to the page number noted in the index and locate the reference designation in the repair parts list (col. 7b, Repair Parts for Organizational Maintenance; or col. 10b, Repair Parts for Direct Support, General Support, and Depot Maintenance). If the word "REF" appears in the allowance column for the repair part, note the Federal stock number (col. 2) or manufacturer's part number (col. 3). Refer to the FSN index and note the reference designation for that FSN or part number. Refer to the reference designation index and note the page number given for the reference designation. Refer to the page noted in the RPSTL (sec III or V) and locate the
reference designation in column 7b, Repair Parts for Organizational Maintenance; or col. 10b, Repair Parts for Direct Support, General Support, and Depot Maintenance, of the repair parts list.
c. When the reference designation is known, follow the procedures given in $b$ (2) above.
d. When neither the FSN nor reference designation is known, identify the part in the illustration and follow directions given in c above, or scrutinize column 3 of the repair parts lists (sec III and V).

## A4-6. Federal Supply Code for Manufacturers

| Code | Manufacturer |
| :---: | :---: |
| 00853 $\qquad$ Sangamo Electronic Co. S. Carolina Div. |  |
|  |  |
| 01121 .............Allen-Bradley Co. |  |
| 01295 | Texas Instruments Inc. Semiconductor \& Components Div. |
| 02286 .............Cole Rubber and Plastics Inc. |  |
| 02660.............Amphenol Corp. |  |
| 04713..............Motorola Semiconductor Products Inc. |  |
| 06540..............Amatom Electronic Hardware Co. Inc. |  |
| 12697..............Carostat Mfg. Co. Inc |  |
| 14674..............Corning Glass W |  |
| 16299..............Corning Glass Work |  |
|  | Electronic Components Division |
| 19701 .............Electra/Midland Co. |  |
| 24455 ...............General Electric Co., Lamp Divis of Consumer Products Gro |  |
| 28480..............Hewlett-Packard Co. |  |
| 28569..............Hickok Electrical Instrument Co. |  |
| 56289.............Sprague Electric Co. |  |
| 62119 .............Universal Electric Co. |  |
| 71450 .............CTS Corp. |  |
| 71590..............Globe-Union Inc. Centralab Div. |  |
| 71785 ...............Cinch Mfg. Co. and Howard B. Jones Div. |  |
| 72825..............Hugh H. Eby Inc. |  |
| 72982..............Erie Technological Products Inc. |  |
| 75382..............Kolton Electric Mfg. Co. |  |
| 80063 | Army Electronics Command |


| Code | Manufacturer | Code | Manufacturer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 81349 | .Military Specifications | 95265 | National Coil Co. |
| 82647 | Metals and Controls Inc. | 95354 | Methode Manufacturing Corp. |
|  | Control Products Group | 96906 | Military Standards |
| 83330 | .Herman H. Smith Inc. | 98003 | .Nielsen Hardware Corp. |
| 91418 | Radio Materials Co. | 98291 | Sealectro Corp. |
| 91637 | Dale Electronics Inc. | 98734 | .Hewlett-Packard Co. |
| 91662 | . Elco Corp. |  | Paeco Division |
| 94222 | South Chester Corp. | 99800 | . Delevan Electronics Corp. |
| 94330 | Wire Cloth Products Inc. |  |  |

A4-5

SECTION II. PRESCRIBED LOAD ALLOWANCE

| (1) <br> FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER | (2) <br> DESCRIPTION |  | (3) <br> 15-DAY ORGANIZATIONAL MAINTENANCE ALLOWANCE |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { (a) } \\ & \text { 1-5 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 6-20 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (\mathrm{c}) \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (d) } \\ 51-100 \end{gathered}$ |
| 5330-917-7011 | GASKET, RUBBER: <br> 496X (02286) | 1 |  | 6 | 48 | 200 |
| 5920-280-4465 | FUSE, CARTRIDGE: <br> F02A250V1AS (81349) | 1,2 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 11 |
| 5920-280-8344 | FUSE, CARTRIDGE: <br> F02A250V1/2AS (81349) | 1,2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 6 |
| 5920-295-9270 | FUSE, CARTRIDGE: <br> F03B32V10AS (81349) | 1,2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 6 |
| 5920-519-7733 | FUSE, CARTRIDGE: <br> F03A250V8AS (81349) | 2 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 11 |
| 5920-894-4556 | FUSE, CARTRIDGE: <br> F03B250V8AS (81349) | 1 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 11 |
| 5935-149-3534 | ADAPTER, CONNECTOR UG-273A/U | 1,2 |  |  |  | 2 |
| 5935-683-7892 | ADAPTER, CONNECTOR UG-274B/U | 1,2 |  |  |  | 2 |
| 5935-823-0639 | ADAPTER, CONNECTOR UG-255/U | 1,2 |  |  |  | 2 |
| 5935-856-9441 | ADAPTER, CONNECTOR UG-1035/U | 1 |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| 5935-962-8580 | ADAPTER, CONNECTOR UG-1441/U | 2 |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| 6240-155-8706 | LAMP, INCANDESCENT: MS15571-2 (81349) | 1,2 |  | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| 6625-758-4949 | GROUND CABLE: <br> 5060-0401 (28480) | 1 |  |  | 2 | 2 |

SECTION III. REPAIR PARTS FOR ORGANIZATIONAL MAINTENANCE


SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)


SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)

| (1) <br> SMR <br> CODE | (2) <br> FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER | (3) DESCRIPTION |  | (4) <br> UNIT OF MEAS | $\begin{gathered} \text { (5) } \\ \text { QTY } \\ \text { INC } \\ \text { IN } \\ \text { UNIT } \end{gathered}$ | (6) <br> 30 DAY DS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (7) 30 DAY GS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (8) <br> 1-YR <br> ALW PER <br> EQUIP <br> CNTGCY | (9) <br> DEPOT <br> MAINT <br> ALW PER <br> 100 <br> EQUIP | (10) ILLUSTRATIONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | REFERENCE NUMBER \& MFR CODEUSABL <br> ON <br> CODE |  |  |  |  |  |  | (a) | (b) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\underset{21-50}{(b)}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\underset{21-50}{\text { (b) }}$ |  | $\begin{array}{c\|} \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{array}$ | FIG. NO. | REFERENCE DESIGNATION |
| P-H | 5905-769-8533 |  | RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: 1,2 <br> RL42S682J (81349)  |  | EA | 5 |  |  |  | * | 2 |  | 2 | 28 | 25 | 5-14 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R5, R6, R12, R14, } \\ & \text { R31 } \end{aligned}$ |
| P-H | 5905-299-2051 |  | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC32GF471J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 5 | 5-14 | R7 |
| P-H | 5905-192-3973 |  | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC20CF471J (81349) | EA | 3 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 21 | 18 | 5-14 | R8, R9, R32 |
| P-H | 5905-951-1478 | 28 | RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN60B9530F (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 16 | 12 | 5-14 | R11, R16 |
| P-H | 5905-767-6832 | 29 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: } \\ & \text { RL42S103J (81349) } \end{aligned}$ | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 18 | 15 | 5-14 | R20 |
| P-H | 5905-299-1541 | 30 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC20GF151J (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 19 | 18 | 5-14 | R23, R27 |
| P-H | 5905-473-5251 | 31 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC32GF102K (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 5 | 5-14 | R24 |
| P-H | 5905-279-1876 | 32 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC20GF222J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 9 | 5-14 | R25 |
| P-H | 5905-279-1723 | 33 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC32GF222J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 4 | 5-14 | R28 |
| P-H | 5905-195-6806 | 34 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC20GF102J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 16 | 12 | 5-14 | R29 |
| P-H | 5905-171-2000 | 35 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC20GF684J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 5 | 5-14 | R36 |
| P-H | 5905-903-6829 | 36 | RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: 1,2 <br> RL32S394J (81349)  | IA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 4 | 5-14 | R13 |
| P-H | 5905-682-0230 | 37 | RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 1,2 RW29V272 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 4 | 5-14 | R38 |
| P-H | 5905-913-3072 | 38 | RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RAL42S332J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 4 | 5-14 | R39 |
| P-H | 5905-257-0926 | 39 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 | EA | 0 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 4 | 5-14 | R39 |
|  |  |  | RC42GF332J (81349) 2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 10 | 5-14 | R39 |
| P-H | 5905-190-8883 | 40 | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC20GF100J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 4 | 5-14 | R40 |
| P-H | 5905-171-1998 |  | RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC20GF333J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-14 | R41 |
| P-H | 5960-806-5614 | 42 | ELECTRON TUBE: 7308 (81349) | EA | 5 |  |  |  | 16 | 37 | 71 | 1614 | 3300 | 5-6 | V1 thru V5 |
| P-H | 5935-808-9569 | 43 | SOCKET, ELECTRON TUBE: 121-51-11-060 (71785) | EA | 3 |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 5 | 59 | 52 | 5-14 | XV1, XV4, XV5 |
| P-H | 5935-990-2827 |  | SOCKET, ELECTRON TUBE: 3908-2-2 ( 91662 ) | EA | 3 |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 5 | 59 | 52 | $\begin{aligned} & 5-14 \\ & 5-14 A \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { XV1 } \\ & \text { XV4, XV5 } \end{aligned}$ |
| P-H | 5935-849-9455 |  | SOCKET, ELECTRON TUBE: 1,2 3901PHSPTD (91662) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 12 | 10 | 5-14 | $\mathrm{XV} 2, \mathrm{XV} 3$ |
| A-H |  |  | MAIN VERTICAL AMPLIFIER AND DRIVER ETCHED CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY: 1 170A-65V(N) (28480) | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-15 | A2 |
| A-H |  |  | MAIN VERTICAL AMPLIFIER AND DRIVER ETCHED CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY: 2 2420-736 (28569) | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-15A | A2 |
| P-H | 5910-275-6419 |  | CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, PLASTIC 1,2 DIELECTRIC: 535-034 4R (72982) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 6 | 11 | 141 | 114 | 5-15 | C20 |
| P-H | 5910-993-8367 | 49 | CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC 1,2 DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 10 | EA | 9 |  |  |  | REP | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-15 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C21, C22, C25, } \\ & \text { C26, C27, } \\ & \text { C30, C33, C34, } \\ & \text { C35 } \end{aligned}$ |
| P-H P-H | 5910-823-1068 |  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC } & 1,2 \\ \text { DIELECTRIC: CK62AW472M (81349) } & \\ \text { CAPACITOR VARIABIE CERAMIC } & 1,2\end{array}$ | EA | $2$ |  |  |  | * | $2$ | 2 | 18 | 9 | 5-15 | C23, C24 C31 |
| P-H | 5910-578-5543 |  | CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, CERAMIC 1,2 DIELECTRIC: CV11B200 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 211 | 2 | 5-15 | C31 |

SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)


SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)


SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)

| (1) | (2) | (3) DESCRIPTION | (4)UNITOFMEAS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (5) } \\ & \text { OTY } \\ & \text { INC } \\ & \text { IN } \\ & \text { UNIT } \end{aligned}$ | (6)30 DAY DS MAINTALLOWANCE |  |  | (7) 30 DAY GS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (8) <br> 1-YR <br> ALW PER <br> EQUIP <br> CNTGCY | (9) <br> DEPOT <br> MAINT <br> ALWPER <br> 100 <br> EQUIP | $\begin{gathered} (10) \\ \text { ILLUSTRATIONS } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | REFERENCE N |  |  |  |  |  | a) | (b) |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SMR } \\ & \text { CODE } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { STOCK } \\ & \text { NUMBER } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \\ \hline \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FIG. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | REFERENCE designation |
| P-H | 5910-892-7395 | 108 CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA 1,2 <br> DIELECTRIC: CM15C330JN3  <br> (81349)  <br> 109 CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA  <br> DIELECTRIC: CM15C750JN3 1,2 <br>   | EA | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 |  | 33 | 21 | 5-17 | C107 |
| P-H | 5910-823-1203 |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5-17 | C108 |
| P-H | 5910-816-6613 | 110 CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA 2 <br> DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 52  <br> 111 CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA 1 <br> DIELECTRIC: CM15B100KN3 2 <br> (81349)  | EA | 2 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-17 | C109, C143 |
| P-H | 5910-727-3554 |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5-17 | C134 |
|  |  |  | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-17A | C109, C134 |
| P-H | 5910-543-0823 | 112 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC 1,2 <br> DIELECTRIC: CC20CKO20C (81349)  <br> 113 CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA 1,2 <br> DIELECTRIC: CM15F101G03 <br> (81349)  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 33 | 18 | 5-17 | C110 |
| P-H | 5910-717-0169 |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 18 | 9 | 5-17 | C114 |
| P-H | 5910-993-8367 | 114 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 10 | EA | 9 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-17 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { C116, C118, C122, } \\ \text { C135, C137, } \\ \text { C139 thru C142 } \end{array}$ |
| P-H | 5910-543-0821 | 115 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC: CC20CH150G (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5-17 | C117 |
| P-H | 5910-826-5466 | 116 CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA 1,2 <br> DIELECTRIC: CM15D221JN3  <br> (81349)  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5-17 | C119 |
| P-H | 5910-556-9440 | 117 CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, CERAMIC 1,2 <br> DIELECTRIC: CVI1AO070 (81349) 1 <br> 118 CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA  <br> DIELECTRIC: CM15D471JN3 <br> (81349) 1 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 6 | 5-17 | C121 |
| P-H | 5910-807-9305 |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 6 | 5-17A | C124 |
| P-H | 5910-088-0385 | 119 CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: CM15D391JN3 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5-17 | C132 |
| P-H | 5910-807-2595 | 120 CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA 2 <br> DIELECTRIC: CM15C680JN3 1 <br> (81349)  | EA |  |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-17A | C124, C133 |
|  |  |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 9 | 5-17 | C133 |
| P-H | 5910-934-0327 | 121 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 11 <br> 122 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 10 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-17 | C138 |
| P-H | 5910-993-8367 |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-17A | C138 |
| P-H | 5961-082-4201 | 123 SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE: 1,2 1N4363 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5-17 | CR101 |
| P-H | 5961-814-0768 | 124 SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE: 1N3064 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 33 | 21 | 5-17 | CR102 |
| P-H | 5961-852-7549 | 125 SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE: $\quad 1,2$ | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 18 | 9 | 5-17 | CR103 |
| P-H | 5961-082-4202 | 126 SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE: 1,2 1N4375 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5-17 | CR104 |
| P-H | 5950-802-1805 | 127 COIL, RADIOFREQUENCY: MS75008-8 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5-17 | L101 |
| P-H | 5950-059-3904 | 128 COIL, RADIOFREQUENCY: MS75008-32 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5-17A | L101 |
| P-H | 5950-052-0748 | 129 COIL, RADIOFREQUENCY: MS75008-44 (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 21 | 3 | 6 | 5-17 | L102, L103 |
| P-H | 5905-279-3513 | $\begin{array}{cc}130 \text { RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: } & 1 \\ \text { RC20GF221J (81349) } & 2 \\ \text { R }\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EA } \\ & \text { EA } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | * | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 5-17 \\ 5-17 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { R107 } \\ \text { R107 } \end{array}$ |
| P-H | 5905-279-1898 | 131 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 RC20GF560K (81349) | EA | 18 |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 6 | 77 | 81 | 5-17 | R108, R117, R122 R124, R136, R140, R143, R150, R151, R154, R155, R167 R173, R175, R181, R186, R187, R189 |
| P-H | 5905-195-5571 | $\begin{aligned} & 132 \text { RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: } 2 \\ & \text { RC20GF680J (81349) } \end{aligned}$ | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-17A | R108 |

SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)


SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)

| (1) | (2) | (3) DESCRIPTION | $\begin{gathered} \text { (4) } \\ \text { UNIT } \\ \text { OF } \\ \text { MEAS } \end{gathered}$ | (5) QTY INC INUNIT | $\stackrel{(6)}{30 \text { DAY DS MAINT }}$ ALLOWANCE |  |  | (7) 30 DAY GS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (8) <br> 1-YR ALW PER EQUIP CNTGCY | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (9) } \\ \text { DEPT } \\ \text { MAINT } \\ \text { ALW PER } \\ 100 \\ \text { EQUIP } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\stackrel{(10)}{\text { illustrations }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | USABLE |  |  |  |  |  | (a) | (b) |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SMR } \\ & \text { CODE } \end{aligned}$ | STOCK NUMBER | REFERENCE NUMBER \& MFR CODE CODE |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{21-50}{(b)}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} (c) \\ 51-100 \end{gathered}\right.$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} (\mathrm{a}) \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{gathered}$ | FIG. No. | REFERENCE DESIGNATION |
| P-H | 5905-936-1537 | 160 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN70C5053D (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 |  | 10 | 6 | 5-17A | R148, R149 |
| P-H | 5905-975-4358 | 161 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: $\quad 1$ RL42S183J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-17 | R152 |
| P-H | 5905-721-4363 | 162 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: LP14-38K-10\% (14674) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-17A | R152 |
| P-H | 5905-195-6799 | 163 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 RC20GF561K (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 10 | 6 | 5-17 | R153 |
| P-H | 5905-192-3973 | 164 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2 SAME AS 27 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-17A | R153 |
| P-H | 5905-279-1754 | 165 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: RC20GF155] (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 19 | 18 | 5-17 | R156 |
| P-H | 3905-195-6741 | 166 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 RC20GF272K (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 16 | 12 | 5-17 | R158 |
| P-H | 5905-279-1876 | 167 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2 SAME AS 32 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-17A | R158 |
| P-H | 5905-299-2025 | $\begin{array}{cc}168 \text { RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: } & 1 \\ \text { RC32GF153K (81349) } & 2 \\ & \end{array}$ | EA | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | * | * | 2 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | 5-17 | R159 |
| P-H | 5905-079-4448 | 169 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RL42S203J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-17 | R160 |
| P-H | 5905-259-2990 | 170 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: $\quad 1,2$ RC20GF226J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-17 | R165 |
| P-H | 5905-192-0662 | 171 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 RC20GF184K (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 9 | 5-17 | R168 |
| P-H | 5905-192-0667 | $\begin{array}{ll}172 \text { RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: } & 1 \\ \text { RC20GF224J (81349) } & 2 \\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EA } \\ & \text { EA } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | * |  | 2 | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ 10 \end{gathered}$ | $6$ | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 5-23 \\ & 5-17 A \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | R258 R168 |
| P-H | 5905-556-4003 | 173 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN75B2552F (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 9 | 5-17 | R169 |
| P-H | 5905-054-0399 | 174 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN70C2522D (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-17A | R169 |
| P-H | 5905-552-0614 | 175 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN75B1742F (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-17 | R171 |
| P-H | 5905-936-1539 | 176 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN75C1722D ( 81349 ) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 33 | * | 5 | 3 | 5-17A | R171 |
| P-H | 5905-195-6806 | 177 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: $\quad 1,2$ SAME AS 34 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-14 | R172 |
| P-H | 5905-989-5579 | 178 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN65D7152F (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-17 | R174 |
| P-H | 5905-171-2004 | 179 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: SAME AS 99 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-17 | R176 |
| P-H | 5905-279-2616 | 180 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC20GF153J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-17 | R177 |
| P-H | 5905-171-1986 | 182 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 RC20GF563J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 19 | 15 | 5-17 | R180 |
| P-H | 5905-767-7594 | 183 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RL20S563J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 21 | 20 | 5-17A | R180 |
| P-H | 5905-249-4227 | 184 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 RC42GF183K (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-17 | R182 |
| P-H | 5905-279-2527 | $\begin{aligned} & 185 \text { RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: } \\ & \text { RC42GF223J (81349) } \end{aligned}$ | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-17A | R182 |
| P-H | 5905-190-8889 | 186 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC20GF101J (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 16 | 12 | 5-17 | R188, R190 |
| P-H | 5240-539-8959 | 187 LAMP, GLOW: <br> SAME AS 85$\quad 1,2$ | EA | 4 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-17 | V102, V110, V111, V116 |
| P-H | 5935-808-9569 | 188 SOCKET, ELECTRON, TUBE: SAME AS 43 | EA | 9 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-17 | XV101, XV103, XV104, XV105, XV107, XV109, XV113, XV114, XV115 |

SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)

| (1) <br>  <br> SMR <br> CODE | (2) <br> FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER | REFERENCE NUMBER \& MFR CODE ${ }^{\text {USABLE }} \begin{gathered}\text { ON } \\ \text { CODE }\end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (4) } \\ \text { UNIT } \\ \text { OF } \\ \text { MEAS } \end{gathered}$ | (5) QTY INC UNIT | (6) <br> 30 DAY DS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (7) 30 DAY GS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (8) <br> 1-YR ALW PER EQUIP CNTGCY | (9) <br> DEPOT <br> MAINT <br> ALWPER <br> 100 <br> EQUIP | $\begin{gathered} (10) \\ \text { ILLUSTRATIONS } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | (a) |  |  |  |  | (b) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{gathered}$ | (a) |  |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | FIG. no. | REFERENCE dESIGNATION |
| P-H | 5935-990-2827 | 189 SOCKET, ELECTRON TUBE: <br> SAME AS 44 <br> 190 TRIGGER LEVEL/TRIGGER SLOPE SWITCH ASSEMBLY: 170A-19D(N) (28480) <br> 191 TRIGGER LEVEL/TRIGGER SLOPE 2 SWITCH ASSEMBLY: 19915-675 (28569) |  |  | EA | 9 |  |  |  | REF | REF |  | REF | REF | REF | 5-17A | XV101, XV103, XV104, XV105, XV107, XV109, XV113, XV114, XV115 |
| A-H |  |  |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-20 | A103 |
| A-H |  |  |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-20 | A103 |
| P-H | 5910-822-5682 | 192 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMICDIELECTRIC: SAME AS 96 |  |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-20 | C103 |
| P-H | 5910-993-8367 | 193 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC 1,2 |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-20 | C104 |
| P-H | 5905-192-0390 | 194 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2SAME AS 24 |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-20 | R103 |
| P-H | 5905-279-2515 | 195 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: $\quad 1,2$ SAME AS 138 |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-20 | R104 |
| P-H | 5905-254-9201 | 196 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 SAME AS 97 |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-20 | R106 |
| P-H | 5930-757-3077 | 197 SWITCH, ROTARY: 1 <br> $3100-0782-9(28480)$  |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-20 | S102 |
| P-H | 5930-960-0158 | 198 SWITCH, ROTARY: 2 <br> PPO33-058 (71590)  <br> 199 EXTERNAL VERNIER/HORIZONTAL 1 <br> DISPLAY SWITCH ASSEMBLY:  |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-20 | S102 |
| A-H |  |  |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-21 | A200 |
| A-H |  | 170A-19A(N) (28480) <br> 200 EXTERNAL VERNIER/HORIZONTAL 2 DISPLAY SWITCH ASSEMBLY: 19915-672 (28569) |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-21A | A200 |
| P-H | 5910-728-2144 | 201 CAPACITOR, FIXED, PLASTICDIELECTRIC: 27 (01295) |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 30 | 18 | 5-21 | C202 |
| P-H | 5910-976-3686 | 202 CAPACITOR, FIXED, PLASTICDIELECTRIC: S92684 (56289) |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 30 | 18 | 5-21A | C202 |
| P-H | 5905-793-3064 | 203 RESISTOR, VARIABLE: 1 <br> RGC-90 (71450) 2 |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-21A | R209 |
| P-H | 5905-299-2049 | 205 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 RC32GF561K (81349) |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 |  | 5-21 | R210 |
| P-H | 5905-814-8413 | $\begin{array}{lr}206 \text { RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: } & 2 \\ \text { SAME AS 77 } & \\ \text { 207 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: } & 1,2\end{array}$ |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-21A | R210 |
| P-H | 5905-078-8810 |  |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-21 | R233 |
| P-H | 5905-957-0446 |  |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-21 | R234 |
| P-H | 5905-752-7300 | RN70C3611D (81349)  <br> 209 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: 1,2 <br> RN70B2121F (81349)  |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-21 | R235 |
| P-H | 5905-990-9556 | 210 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM:RN70C9200D (81349) |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-21 | R236 |
| P-H | 5905-782-0269 | $\begin{aligned} & 211 \text { RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: } \\ & \text { RN70D3650F (81349) } \end{aligned}$ |  | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-21 | R237, R242 |
| P-H | 5905-078-6916 | $\begin{array}{ll} 212 \text { RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: } & 1,2 \\ \text { RN70D1210F (81349) } \end{array}$ |  | EA | 4 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 16 | 12 | 5-21 | R238 thru R241 |
| P-H | 5905-279-3527 | 213 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC42GF470J (81349) |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-21 | R1023 |
| P-H | 5930-757-3078 | 214 SWITCH ROTARY: 1 <br> 3100-0781-9 (28480)  <br> 215 SWITCH, ROTARY: 2 <br> 19912-527 (28569)  <br> 216 TERMIAL BOARD: 1 <br> 610 (06540)  |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 4 | 5-21 | S202 |
| X1 |  |  |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-21 | S202 |
| H-D |  |  |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-21 | TB201 |

SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)

| (1) <br> SMR <br> CODE | (2) <br> FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER | (3) DESCRIPTION | (4) UNIT OF MEAS | $\begin{gathered} \text { (5) } \\ \text { QTY } \\ \text { INC } \\ \text { IN } \\ \text { UNIT } \end{gathered}$ | (6) <br> 30 DAY DS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (7) 30 DAY GS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (8) <br> 1-YR <br> ALW PER <br> EQUIP <br> CNTGCY | (9) <br> DEPOT <br> MAINT <br> ALW PER <br> 100 <br> EQUIP | (10) <br> ILLUSTRATIONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | USABLE |  |  |  |  |  | (a) |  |  |  |
|  |  | REFERENCE NUMBER \& MFR CODE CODE |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{21-50}{(b)}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{array}$ | FIG. NO. | REFERENCE DESIGNATION |
| A-H |  | 217 HORIZONTAL SENSITIVITY ADJUSTMENT ETCHED CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY: 170A-65R(N) (28480) | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-22 | A201 |
| A-H |  | 218 HORIZONTAL SENSITIVITY ADJUSTMENT ETCHED CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY: 2420-741 (28569) | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-22A | A201 |
| P-H | 5910-578-1623 | 219 CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, CERAMIC 1,2 DIELECTRIC: SAKE AS 91 | EA | 2 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-22 | C201, C207 |
| P-H | 5910-556-9440 | 220 CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, CERAMIC 1,2 DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 117 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-22 | C204 |
| P-H | 5910-816-6613 | 221 CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: SAKE AS 52 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-22 | C205 |
| P-H | 5905-884-0788 | 222 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: <br> SAME AS 143 | EA | 2 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-22 | R201, R213 |
| P-H | 5905-936-1537 | 223 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: SAME AS 160 | EA | 2 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-22A | R201, R213 |
| P-R | 5905-518-5609 | 224 RESISTOR, VARIABLE: 1,2 <br> RV41AYS105A (81349)  | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 9 | 5-22 | R202, R212 |
| P-H | 5905-985-6059 | 225 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: 1,2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 9 | 5-22 | R203 |
| P-H | 5905-990-5020 | 226 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: 1,2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 16 | 12 | 5-22 | R204 |
| A-H |  | 227 MAIN HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER AND 1 DRIVER ETCHED CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY: 170A-65L(N) (28480) | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-23 | A202 |
| A-H |  | 228 MAIN HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER AND 2 DRIVER ETCHED CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY: 2420-740 (28569) | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-23A | A202 |
| P-H | 5910-578-1623 | 229 CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, CERAMIC 1,2 DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 91 | EA | 2 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23 | C211, C213 |
| P-H | 5910-867-0118 | 230 CAPACITOR, ADJUSTABLE, CERAMIC 1,2 DIELECTRIC: 19290-60 (28569) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 16 | 6 | 5-23 | C212, C214 |
| P-H | 5910-807-5570 | 231 CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: C05A1KE104K3 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 18 | 9 | 5-23 | C215 |
| P-H | 5910-578-5543 | 232 CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, CERAMIC 1,2 DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 51 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23 | C216 |
| P-H | 5910-879-4764 | 233 CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: CP09A1KF104K3 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5-23 | C222 |
| P-H | 5950-809-4459 | 234 COIL, RADIOFREQUENCY: TB-5500-I (95265) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 6 | 5-23 | L201, L202 |
| P-H | 5961-062-2320 | 235 TRANSISTOR: 1,2 | EA | 2 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 30 | 18 | 5-23 | Q201, Q202 |
| P-H | 5905-195-6761 | 236 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC20GF104J (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 19 | 15 | 5-23 | R244, R264 |
| P-H | 5905-681-5979 | 237 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN70B3092F (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-23 | R245, R259 |
| P-H | 5905-936-1536 | 238 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN70C3052D (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-23A | R245, R259 |
| P-H | 5905-552-5136 | 239 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN75B8062F (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-23 | R246, R260 |
| P-H | 5905-916-7727 | 240 RESISTOR, FIRED, FILM: RN75C7962D (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-23A | R246, R260 |
| P-H | 5905-990-5020 | 241 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: SAME AS 226 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23 | R247 |
| P-H | 5905-556-4003 | 242 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: <br> SAME AS 173 | EA | 2 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23 | R248, R251 |

SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)

| (1) <br> SMR <br> CODE | (2) <br> FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER | (3) DESCRIPTION | $\begin{gathered} \text { (4) } \\ \text { UNIT } \\ \text { OF } \\ \text { MEAS } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (5) } \\ & \text { QTY } \\ & \text { INC } \\ & \text { IN } \\ & \text { UNIT } \end{aligned}$ | (6)30 DAY DS MAINTALLOWANCE |  |  | (7) 30 DAY GS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (8) <br> 1-YR <br> ALW PER <br> EQUIP <br> CNTGCY | (9) <br> DEPOT <br> MAINT <br> ALWPER <br> 100 <br> EQUIP | $\begin{gathered} (10) \\ \text { ILLLTRATIONS } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | USABLE |  |  |  |  |  | (a) |  |  |  |
|  |  | REFERENCE NUMBER \& MFR CODE CODE |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c\|} \hline \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{array}$ | FIG. NO. | REFERENCE DESIGNATION |
| P-H | 5905-983-5819 | 243 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN75C2522D (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 |  | 13 | 10 | 5-23A | R248, R251 |
| P-H | 5905-279-1898 | 244 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 SAME AS 131 | EA | 6 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23 | R249, R253, R256, R257, R266, R269 |
| P-H | 5905-252-4018 | 245 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2 SAME AS 23 | EA | 6 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R249, R253, R256, } \\ & \text { R257. R266. R269 } \end{aligned}$ |
| P-H | 5905-553-2389 | 246 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: <br> RN75B9091F (81349) <br> 1,2 | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-23 | R250, R252 |
| P-H | 5905-185-8516 | 247 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC42GF103J (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 9 | 5-23 | R254, R255 |
| P-H | 5905-192-0667 | 248 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: SAME AS 172 1,2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23 | R258 |
| P-H | 5905-722-0136 | $\begin{gathered}249 \text { RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: } \\ \text { LP17-202J (14674) }\end{gathered} \quad 1,2$ | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-23 | R267 |
| P-H | 5905-195-6752 | 250 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23 | R268 |
|  |  | SAME AS 153 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23A | R268 |
| P-H | 5905-192-3972 | 251 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 RC20GF391K (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-23 | R271 |
| P-H | 5905-882-0055 | 252 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2 RL2OS391J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-23 | R271 |
| P-H | 5905-195-6741 | 253 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 SAME AS 166 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23 | R272 |
| P-H | 5905-279-1757 | 254 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23A | R272 |
| P-H | 5905-279-3504 | 255 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC20GF472J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-23 | R273 |
| P-H | 5905-257-0937 | 256 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: SAME AS 154 | EA | 2 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23 | R274, R275 |
| P-H | '5905-279-2303 | 257 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 SAME AS 155 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23 | R276 |
| P-H | 5905-975-4362 | 258 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RL42S562J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-23A | R276 |
| P-H | 5905-257-0926 | 259 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 SAME AS 39 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23 | R278 |
| P-H | 5935-808-9569 | 260 SOCKET, ELECTRON TUBE: $\quad 1$ SAME AS 43 | EA | 5 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23 | XV203 thru XV207 |
| P-H | 5935-990-2827 | 261 SOCXET, ELECTRON TUBE: SAME AS 44 | EA | 5 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-23A | XV203 thru XV207 |
| A-H |  | 262 HORIZONTAL IMPEDANCE MATCHING 1 PREAMPLIFIER ETCHED CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY: 170A-65N(N) (28480) | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-24 | A203 |
| A-H |  | 263 HORIZONTAL IMPEDANCE HATCHING 2 PREAMPLIFIER ETCHED CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY: 2420-742 (28569) | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-24A | A203 |
| P-H | 5910-993-8367 | 264 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 10 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-24 | C206 |
| P-H | 5910-934-0327 | 265 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 11 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-24 | C221 |
| P-H | 5905-892-6475 | $\begin{gathered} 266 \text { RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: } \\ \text { RN65D104F (81349) } \end{gathered}$ | EA | 2 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 40 | 36 | 5-24 | R205, 6215 |
| P-H | 5905-195-6761 | 267 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 SAME AS 236 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-24 | R206 |
| P-H | 5905-190-8889 | 268 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-24 | R207 |
| P-H | 5905-192-0626 | 269 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 SAME AS 149 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-24 | R208 |

SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)


SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)

| (1) | (2) | (3) DESCRIPTION | $\begin{gathered} \text { (4) } \\ \text { UNIT } \\ \text { OF } \\ \text { MEAS } \end{gathered}$ | (5) QTY INC IN UNIT | $\stackrel{(6)}{30 \text { DAY DS MAINT }}$ ALLOWANCE |  |  | 30 DAY GS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (8) <br> 1-YR <br> ALW PER <br> EQUP <br> CNTGCY | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (9) } \\ \text { DEPOT } \\ \text { MAINT } \\ \text { ALW PER } \\ 100 \\ \text { EQUIP } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} (10) \\ \text { ILLUSTRATIONS } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | USABLE |  |  |  |  |  | (a) | (b) |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SMR } \\ & \text { CODE } \end{aligned}$ | STOCK NUMBER | REFERENCE NUMBER \& MFR CODE CODE |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\stackrel{(a)}{(-20}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FIG. } \\ & \mathrm{NO} . \end{aligned}$ | REFERENCE dESIGNATION |
| A-H |  | 297 HIGH VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY 2 ETCHED CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY: 2420-737 (28569) | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-26A | A301 |
| P-H | 5910-819-5745 | 298 CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: CP05A1KC473K3 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 6 | 5-26 | C301 |
| P-H | 5910-728-2144 | 299 CAPACITOR, FIXED, PLASTIC DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 201 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-26 | C302 |
| P-H | 5910-976-3686 | 300 CAPACITOR, FIXED, PLASTIC DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 202 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-21A | C302 |
| P-H | 5910-883-4781 | 301 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC 1 <br> DIELECTRIC: CK63HX222K (81349) 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EA } \\ & \text { EA } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 2 | 21 10 | 12 8 | 5-26 | C303 |
| P-H | 5910-838-0869 | 302 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC: CK63BX332K (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-26A | C303 |
| P-H | 5910-851-7794 | 303 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC: 29C214A3-H-1038 (56289) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5-26 | C304 |
| P-H | 5910-874-6903 | 304 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC: 6 KV 470 ( 91418 ) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5-26 | C305 |
| P-H | 5910-993-8367 | 305 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 10 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-26 | C310 |
| P-H | 5910-804-2372 | 306 CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC: CH15C270JW3 (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 13 | 6 | 5-26 | C316, C317 |
| P-H | 5950-802-0913 | 307 COIL, RADIOFREQUENCY: MS16223-21 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 13 | 9 | 5-26 | L301 |
| P-H | 5950-880-0347 | 308 COIL, RADIOFREQUENCY: MS75055-4 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 13 | 19 | 5-26A | L301 |
| P-H | 5905-195-6756 | 309 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 RC42GF563K (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-26 | R302 |
| P-H | 5905-195-6754 | 310 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2 RC42GF473K (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-26A | R302 |
| P-H | 5905-254-7087 | 311 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC20GF683K (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-26 | R303 |
| P-H | 5905-279-2515 | 312 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 SAME AS 138 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-26 | R304 |
| P-H | 5905-192-0390 | 313 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 SAME AS 24 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-26 | R305 |
| P-H | 5905-279-1898 | 314 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 SAME AS 131 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-26 | R306 |
| P-H | 5905-252-4018 | 315 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2 <br> SAME AS 23 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-26A | R306 |
| P-H | 5905-195-6806 | 316 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 SAME AS 34 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-26 | R308 |
| P-H | 5905-195-6761 | 317 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 SAME AS 236 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-26 | R309 |
| P-H | 5905-254-9201 | 318 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: $\quad 1,2$ SAME AS 97 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-26 | R312 |
| P-H | 5905-299-1987 | 319 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 RC32GF395J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-26 | R319 |
| P-H | 5905-299-1986 | 320 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2 RC32GC365J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-26A | R319 |
| P-H | 5905-985-6058 | 321 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: 1,2 <br> RL42S113J (81349)  | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 9 | 5-26 | R335, R342 |
| P-H | 5905-195-6752 | 322 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 SAME AS 153 |  | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-26 | R336 |
| P-H | 5905-914-6435 | $\begin{array}{cc}323 \text { RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: } & 1 \\ \text { RL42S392J (81349) } & 2\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EA } \\ & \text { EA } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $2$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ 10 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | 5-26A | R336 |

SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)


SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)

| (1) <br> SMR <br> CODE | (2) <br> FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER | (3) DESCRIPTION | (4) <br> UNIT OF MEAS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (5) } \\ & \text { QTY } \\ & \text { INC } \\ & \text { IN } \\ & \text { UNIT } \end{aligned}$ | (6) 30 DAY DS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (7) 30 DAY GS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (8)1-YRALW PEREQUIPCNTGCY | (9) <br> DEPOT <br> MAINT <br> ALW PER <br> 100 <br> EQUIP | (10) ILLUSTRATIONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | (emerence $\begin{gathered}\text { USABLE } \\ \text { ON } \\ \text { REFERENCE } \\ \text { CODE }\end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  | (a) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FIG. } \\ & \text { NO. } \end{aligned}$ | REFERENCE DESIGNATION |
| P-H | 5905-892-7108 | 351 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN70D4533F (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * |  | 5 | 3 | 5-27 | R358 |
| P-H | 5905-078-8801 | 352 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: 1,2 RN70D4023F (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-27 | R359 |
| P-H | 5905-299-2016 | 353 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 <br> RC32GF393E (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-27 | R360 |
| P-H | 5905-779-2009 | 354 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RL32S393J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-27 | R360 |
| P-H | 5905-299-2027 | 355 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 RC32GF123K (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-27 | R362, R365 |
| P-H | 5905-975-4347 | 356 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: <br> RL32S123J (81349) $2$ | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 5 | 10 | 5-27A | R362, R365 |
| P-H | 5905-195-6761 | 357 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: $\quad 1,2$ SAME AS 236 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-27 | R364 |
| P-H | 5905-102-2740 | 358 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC32GF333J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-27 | R366 |
| A-H |  | 359 LOW VOLTAGE RECTIFIER ETCHED 1 CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY: <br> 170A-65M(N) (28480) | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-28 | A401 |
| A-H |  | 360 LOW VOLTAGE RECTIFIER ETCHED 2 CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY: <br> 2420-574 (28569) | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-28A | A401 |
| P-H | 5910-934-0327 | 361 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC DIFLECTRIC. SAKE AS 11 | EA | 3 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-28 | C404, C405, C406 |
| P-H | 5910-807-5570 | 362 CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 231 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-28 | C407 |
| P-H | 5961-883-4798 | 363 SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE: 1,2 1N3190 (81349) | EA | 12 |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 5 | 40 | 36 | 5-28 | CR401 thru CR412 |
| A-H |  | 364 LOW VOLTAGE REGULATOR AMPLIFIER ETCHED CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY: 170A-65K(N) (28480) | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-29 | A402 |
| A-H |  | 365 LOW VOLTAGE REGULATOR AMPLIFIER ETCHED CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY: 2420-743 (28569) | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-29A | A402 |
| P-H | 5910-728-2144 | 366 CAPACITOR, FIXED, PLASTIC DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 201 | EA | 3 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-29 | C409, C412, C417 |
| P-H | 5910-976-3686 | 367 CAPACITOR, FIXED, PLASTIC DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 202 | EA | 3 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-29A | C409, C412, C417 |
| P-H | 5910-993-8367 | 368 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC $1$ | EA | 2 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-29 | C413, C418 |
|  |  | DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 10 2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-29A | C418 |
| P-H | 5910-803-2880 | 369 CAPACITOR, FIXED, ELECTROLYTIC: 1,2 CL65BX200HP3 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5-29 | C419 |
| P-H | 5910-807-5570 | 370 CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER 1,2 DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 231 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-29 | C426 |
| P-H | 5961-852-7549 | 371 SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE: $\quad 1,2$ SAME AS 125 | EA | 2 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-29 | CR413, CR416 |
| P-H | 5961-752-5229 | 372 TRANSISTOR: 2N404A (81349) 1 | EA | 7 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 33 | 21 | 5-29 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Q401, Q402, Q407, } \\ & \text { Q408, Q412, Q414 } \\ & \text { Q415 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $2$ | EA | 8 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 39 | 24 | 5-29A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Q401, Q402, Q406 } \\ & \text { Q407, Q408, Q412, } \\ & \text { Q414. } 0415 \end{aligned}$ |
| P-H | 5961-851-5923 | 373 TRANSISTOR: 2N1309 (81349) 1 | EA | 3 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 18 | 9 | 5-29 | Q406, Q410, Q411 |
|  |  | 2 | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-29A | Q410, Q411 |
| P-H | 5905-804-6099 | 374 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: 1,2 SAME AS 133 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-29 | R408 |
| P-H | 5905-190-8889 | 375 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 SAME AS 186 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-29 | R409 |
| P-H | 5905-852-4474 | 376 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: LPI-5-20K (14674) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-29 | R410, R412 |

SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)

| (1) <br> SMR <br> CODE | (2) <br> FEDERAL stock NUMBER | REFERENCE NUMBER \& MFR CODE | $\begin{gathered} \text { (4) } \\ \text { UNIT } \\ \text { OF } \\ \text { MEAS } \end{gathered}$ | (5) QTY INC IN UNIT | $\stackrel{(6)}{30 \text { DAY DS MAINT }}$ ALLOWANCE |  |  | (7) 30 DAY GS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (8) 1-YR ALW PER EQUIP CNTGCY | (9)DEPOTMAINTALWPER100EQUIP | $\begin{gathered} (10) \\ \text { ILLUSTRATIONS } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (a) | (b) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{21-50}{(b)}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} (c) \\ 51-100 \end{gathered}\right.$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} (\mathrm{a}) \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{gathered}$ | FIG. No. | REFERENCE dESIGNATION |
| P-H | 5905-985-6058 | 377 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: SAME AS 321 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF |  | REF | REF | 5-29 | R413 |
| P-H | 5905-730-0294 | 378 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: $\quad 1,2$ RL325134J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-29 | R415 |
| P-H | 5905-767-7587 | 379 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RL2OS511J (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-29 | R416, R435 |
| P-H | 5905-192-4490 | 380 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC20GF330J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-29 | R417 |
| P-H | 5905-988-2251 | 381 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RL2OAD111J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-29 | R425 |
| P-H | 5905-192-3971 | 382 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2 RC20GF331J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-29A | R425 |
| P-H | 5905-299-2020 | 383 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 RC32GP273J (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-29 | R426, R448 |
| P-H | 5905-769-8529 | 384 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RL32S273J (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-29A | R426, R448 |
| P-H | 5905-805-1432 | 385 RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 1 RW55G180 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-29 | R427 |
| P-H | 5905-779-2376 | 386 RESISTOR, FIXED, WIREWOUND: 2 RW67V180 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-29A | R427 |
| P-H | 5905-769-8533 | 387 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: 2 SAME AS 25 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-29 | R428 |
| P-H | 5905-767-3233 | 388 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: $\quad 1$ RL20AD823J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-29 | R429 |
| P-H | 5905-782-0901 | 389 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: SAME AS 152 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-29 | R430 |
| P-H | 5905-542-9113 | 390 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN70B5112F (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-29 | R432 |
| P-H | 5905-975-1273 | 391 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: 2 RL32S563J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-29A | R432 |
| P-H | 5905-552-5051 | 392 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN70D9092F (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 16 | 12 | 5-29 | R433 |
| P-H | 5905-975-1300 | 393 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RL20S913J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 5 | 5-29A | R433 |
| P-H | 5905-767-3204 | 394 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: SAME AS 83 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-29 | R434 |
| P-H | 5905-767-3219 | 395 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RL2OAD202J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-29 | R437 |
| P-H | 5905-299-1541 | 396 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: SAME AS 30 | EA | 2 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-29 | R443, R462 |
| P-H | 5905-299-2022 | 397 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC32GF223J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 19 | 15 | 5-29 | R444 |
| P-H | 5905-903-6828 | 398 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: 1,2 <br> RL42S240J (81349)  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-29 | R445 |
| P-H | 5905-975-1273 | 399 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: $\quad 1,2$ RL42S182J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-29 | R446 |
| P-H | 5905-279-3503 | 400 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC20GF682J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-29 | R447 |
| P-H | 5905-767-3231 | 401 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RL20S432J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-29 | R449 |
| P-H | 5905-769-8533 | 402 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: SAME AS 25 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-29 | R450 |
| P-H | 5905-195-6791 | 403 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: $\quad 1,2$ RC20GF681J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-29 | R451 |
| P-H | 5905-279-3504 | 404 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 SAME AS 255 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-29 | R459 |

SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)


SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)

| $(1)$SMRCODE | (2) <br> FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER | (3) DESCRIPTION | $\begin{gathered} \text { (4) } \\ \text { UNIT } \\ \text { OF } \\ \text { MEAS } \end{gathered}$ | (5) QTY INC IN UNIT | $\stackrel{(6)}{30 \text { DAY DS MAINT }}$ ALLOWANCE |  |  | (7) <br> 30 DAY GS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (8) 1-YR ALW PER EQUIP CNTGCY | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (9) } \\ \text { DEPOT } \\ \text { MAINT } \\ \text { ALWPER } \\ 100 \\ \text { EQUIP } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} (10) \\ \text { ILLUSTRATIONS } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | USABLE |  |  |  |  |  | (a) | (b) |  |  |
|  |  | REFERENCE NUMBER \& MFR CODE CODE |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FIG. } \\ & \mathrm{NO} . \end{aligned}$ | REFERENCE DESIGNATION |
| P-H | 5905-279-1883 | 431 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 RC20GF335J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * |  | 5 | 3 | 5-18 | R1001 |
| P-H | 5905-279-2514 | 432 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 RC20GF564K (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-18 | R1005 |
| P-H | 5905-279-2515 | 433 RESISTOR, FIRED, COMPOSITION: 2 SAME AS 138 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-18A | R1005 |
| P-H | 5905-192-0662 | 434 RESISTOR, FILED, COMPOSITION: 1 SAME AS 171 | EA | 2 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-18 | R1006, R1007 |
| P-H | 5905-768-5791 | 435 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RL20S184J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 5 | 5-18A | R1006 |
| P-H | 5905-880-2206 | 436 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RL2OS164J (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 5 | 5-18A | R1007 |
| P-H | 5905-279-5621 | 437 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: DC1 (36 meg) (19701) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-18 | R1011 |
| P-H | 5905-056-6269 | 438 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: DC2 (37 meg) (91637) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-18A | R1011 |
| P-H | 5905-646-5716 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 439 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: } \\ & \text { RN75B4534F (81349) }\end{aligned} \quad 1,2$ | EA | 4 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 16 | 12 | 5-18 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { R1012, R1013, } \\ \text { R1026, R1027 } \end{array}$ |
| P-H | 5905-518-5644 | 440 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN75B3654F (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-18 | R1014 |
| P-H | 5905-057-9659 | 441 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN70D9093F (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-18 | R1015, R1016 |
| P-H | 5905-993-5968 | 442 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: 1,2 <br> RN70D3653F (81349)  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-18 | R1017 |
| P-H | 5905-552-5051 | 443 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: 1 <br> SAME AS 392 | EA | 3 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-18 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R1018, R1019, } \\ & \text { R1020 } \end{aligned}$ |
| P-H | 5905-988-0149 | 444 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: RN70D9092F (81349) | EA | 3 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 10 | 5-18A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R1018, R1019, } \\ & \text { R1020 } \end{aligned}$ |
| P-H | 5905-279-3513 | 445 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: $\quad 1,2$ SAME AS 130 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REP | REF | REP | REF | REF | 5-18 | R1021 |
| P-H | 5930-757-3079 | 446 SWITCH, ROTARY: 1 <br> $3100-0779-9(28480)$ 1 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-18 | S1001 |
| P-H | 6105-757-3075 | 447 MOTOR, ALTERNATING CURRENT: 1 YY1W027 (62119) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 4 | 5-11 | B401 |
| P-H | 6105-134-9996 | 448 MOTOR, DIRECT CIRCUIT: 2 <br> YY1W-4AJR (62119) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 4 | 5-11A | B401 |
| P-H | 5961-811-5799 | 449 SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE: 1N1202 (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 6 | 5-10 | CR414, CR415 |
| P-H | 5910-728-2212 | 450 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC: 706 Cl (56289) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 6 | 5-12 | C306, C315 |
| P-H | 5910-809-4773 | 451 CAPACITOR, FIXED, ELECTROLYTIC: 1,2 D29405 (56289) | EA | 3 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 27 | 15 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 5-10 \\ 5-11 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { C401, C416 } \\ \text { C408 } \end{array}$ |
| P-H | 5910-827-0175 | 452 CAPACITOR, FIXED, PAPER DIELECTRIC: CP05A1KE105K3 (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 213 | 6 | 5-11 | C402. | C410 |
| P-H | 5910-809-1121 | 453 CAPACITOR, FIXED, ELECTROLYTIC: 1 D29401 (56289) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 12 | 5 | 5-10 | C403 |
| P-H | 5910-857-7280 | 454 CAPACITOR, FIXED, ELECTROLYTIC: 2 CE41C450R (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 5 | 5-10A | C403 |
| P-H | 5910-809-4774 | 455 CAPACITOR, FIXED, ELECTROLYTIC: 1 029402 (56289) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 19 | 10 | 5-10 | C411, C420 |
| P-H | 5910-615-9519 | 456 CAPACITOR, FIXED, ELECTROLYTIC: 2 CE41C500N (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 10 | 5-10A | C411, C420 |
| P-H | 5910-754-6956 | 457 CAPACITOR, FIXED, ELECTROLYTIC: 1 32 D 315 (56289) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 12 | 5 | 5-9 | C425 |
| P-H | 5910-052-2025 | 458 CAPACITOR, FIXED, ELECTROLYTIC: 2 CE71C702F (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 8 | 5 | 5-9 | C425 |

SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)

| (1) | (2) | (3) DESCRIPTION | $\begin{gathered} \text { (4) } \\ \text { UNIT } \\ \text { OF } \\ \text { MEAS } \end{gathered}$ | (5) QTY INC UNIT | 30 DAY DS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (7) 30 DAY GS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (8) <br> 1-YR ALW PER EQUIP CNTGCY | (9) <br> DEPOT <br> MAINT <br> ALW PER <br> 100 <br> EQUIP | (10) ILLUSTRATIONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | REFERENCE NUMBER \& MFR CODE ${ }^{\text {USABL }} \begin{gathered}\text { ON } \\ \text { CODE }\end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  | (a) | (b) |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SMR } \\ & \text { CODE } \end{aligned}$ | STOCK NUMBER |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{21-50}{(b)}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{array}$ | FIG. | REFERENCE dESIGNATION |
| P-H | 6625-893-1795 | 459 DELAY LINE: <br> 170B-16A (28480) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 |  | 13 | 10 | 5-9 | DL1, DL2 |
| P-H | 6625-960-4308 | 460 DELAY LINE: $3030-170$ (28569) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 13 | 10 | 5-9 | DL1, DL2 |
| P-H | 5995-045-4579 | 461 CABLE ASSEMBLY, RADIOFREQUECY:1,2 $3030-212$ (28569) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 5 | 5-9 | DL301 |
| P-H | 6240-892-4420 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { 462 LAMP, GLOW: } & 1,2 \\ \text { MS25252-NE2D (81349) } & \end{array}$ | EA | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 33 | 30 | 5-13 | DS401 |
| P-H | 6240-539-8959 | 463 LAP, GLOW: SAME AS 85 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-11 | DS402 |
| P-H | 6240-179-1811 | 464 LAMP, GLOW: NE-2 (24455) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 8 | 5 | 5-11 | DS402 |
| P-O | 6240-155-8706 | $\begin{aligned} & 465 \text { LAMP, INCANDESCENT: } \\ & \text { MS15571-2 (81349) }\end{aligned} \quad 1,2$ | EA | 5 |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 6 | 71 | 50 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 5-9 \\ 5-13 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DS403 thru DS406 } \\ & \text { DS1001 } \end{aligned}$ |
| P-H | 5935-258-1767 | 466 COVER, ELECTRICAL CONNECTOR 1 CW-123A/U | EA | 6 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 28 | 24 | 5-13 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E101, E102, E104, } \\ & \text { E201, E301, E302 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 2 | EA | 6 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 33 | 33 | 5-13 | E01, E102, E104, E201, E301, E302 |
| P-O | 5920-894-4556 | 467 FUSE, CARTRIDGE: F035250V8AS (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | 2 | 4 | 11 | 242 | 200 | 5-11 | F401, F402 |
| P-O | 5920-519-7733 | 468 FUSE, CARTRIDGE: F03A250V8AS (81349) | EA | 2 |  |  |  | 2 | 4 | 11 | 242 | 200 | 5-11 | F401, F402 |
| P-O | 5920-280-8344 | 469 FUSE, CARTRIDGE: F02A250V1/2AS (81349) 1,2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 6 | 11 | 130 | 100 | 5-11 | F403 |
| P-O | 5920-280-4465 | 470 FUSE, CARTRIDGE: 1,2 <br> F02A250V1AS (81349)  | EA | 2 |  |  |  | 2 | 4 | 11 | 242 | 200 | 5-10 | F404, F405 |
| P-O | 5920-295-9270 | 471 FUSE, CARTRIDGE: 1,2 <br> F03B32V10AS (81349)  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 6 | 11 | 130 | 100 | 5-11 | F406 |
| P-H | 5915-809-9638 | 472 FILTER, 1311: 1,2 <br> 0034 (98734)  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-12 | FL401 |
| P-H | 5935-082-0481 | 473 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE, ELECTRICAL: $26-4200-16 \mathrm{~S}$ (02660) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5-9 | J1 |
| P-H | 5935-843-9008 | 474 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE, ELECTRICAL: MS35179-1094A (81349) | EA | 6 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 33 | 33 | 5-13 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \mathrm{J} 101, ~ J 102, ~ J 104, ~ \\ \text { J201, J301, J302 } \end{array}$ |
| P-H | 5935-552-7660 | 475 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE, ELECTRICAL: UG-625B/U | EA | 4 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 38 | 40 | 5-13 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \mathrm{J} 101, \mathrm{~J} 102, \mathrm{~J} 104, \\ \mathrm{~J} 203 \end{array}$ |
| P-H | 5935-502-5151 | 476 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE, ELECTRICAL: UG-657/U | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 10 | 5-13 | J301, J302 |
| P-H | 5935-295-6950 | 477 CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE, <br> ELECTRICAL: 26-4200-32S <br> (02660) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-12 | J105 |
| P-H | 5950-504-6500 | 478 REACTOR: $3250-86$ (28569) 1,2 | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-11 | L402, 1404 |
| P-H | 5950-810-0824 | 479 REACTOR: 3250-87 (28569) $\quad 1,2$ | EA | 2 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-10 | L403, 1405 |
| P-H | 5950-809-4797 | 480 REACTOR: 3250-88 (28569) 1,2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-10 | L406 |
| P-H | 5355-737-4883 | 481 KNOB: 0370-0037-9 (28480) 1 | EA | 3 |  |  |  | * |  | 2 | 8 | 6 | 5-13 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MP101, MP102, } \\ & \text { MP202 } \end{aligned}$ |
| P-H | 5355-656-1322 | 482 KNOB: 11505-90 (28569) 2 | EA | 4 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 38 | 40 | 5-13 | MP101, MP102, MP106, MP202 |
| P-H | 5355-688-6955 | 483 KNOB: 0370-0061-9 (28480) 1 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 8 | 3 | 5-13 | MP103 |
| P-H | 5355-656-1319 | 484 KNOB: 11505-94 (28569) 2 | EA | 4 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 16 | 16 | 5-13 | M203, MP104, MP105, MP203 |
| P-H | 5355-965-4881 | 485 KNOB: 0370-0062-9 (28480) 1 | EA | 3 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 12 | 10 | 5-13 | MP104, MP105, MP203 |
| P-H | 5355-728-2881 | 486 KNOB: $0370-0067-9$ (28480) 1 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 13 | 9 | 5-13 | MP106 |
| P-O | 4110-727-8796 | 487 FILTER, AIR CONDITIONER: $\quad 1,2$ C-7066-3 (94330) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 4 | 4 | 2-2 | MP147 |

SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)


SECTION V REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)


SECTION V. REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)

| (1) | (2) | (3) DESCRIPTION | (4) <br> UNIT OF MEAS | (5) <br> QTY <br> INC <br> IN <br> UNIT | (6) 30 DAY DS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (7) <br> 30 DAY GS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (8)1-YRALW PEREQUIPCNTGCY | (9) DEPOT MAINT ALW PER 100 EQUIP | (10) ILLUSTRATIONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | USABLEONCODEREFERENCE NUMBER \& MFR CODE |  |  |  |  |  | (a) | (b) |  |  |
| SMR <br> CODE | STOCK NUMBER |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline(c) \\ 51-100 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { (c) } \\ 51-100 \end{gathered}\right.$ | FIG. NO. | REFERENCE DESIGNATION |
| P-H | 5905-783-8818 |  1,2 <br> RGC-90 (71450)  <br> 547 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 <br> RC32GY183K (81349)  <br> 548 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2 <br> SAME AS 168  <br> 549 RESISIOR, VARIABLE, WIREWOUND: 1,2 <br> RA20NBSD500A (81349)  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * |  | 5 | 3 | 5-11 | R1009 |
| P-H | 5905-299-2023 |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-11 | R1010 |
| P-H | 5905-299-2025 |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-11 | R1010 |
| P-H | 5905-804-6088 |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-13 | R1025 |
| P-H | 5930-809-4792 | 550 SWITCH, PUSH: 1 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-13 | S1 |
| P-H | 5930-936-3789 | 551 SWITCH, PUSH: 19910-157 (28569) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 6 | 5-13 | S1 |
| P-H | 5930-655-1514 | 552 SWITCH, TOGLE: M535058-22 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 4 | 5-13 | S201 |
| P-H | 5930-655-1575 | 553 SWITCH, TOGGLE: 1,2 M5S35059-22 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 4 | 5-13 | S401 |
| P-H | 5930-790-4889 | 554 SWITCH, THERMOSTATIC: 20400D/L140-2/4561-2 (82647) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 4 | 5-11 | S402 |
| P-H | 5930-895-6393 | 555 SWITCH, THERMOSTATIC: 2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 14 | 5-11 | S402 |
| M-H |  | 556 TERMINAL BOARD: 1 | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-9 | TB1 |
| M-D |  | 557 TERMINAL BOARD: SAME AS 216 | EA | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-10 | TB2, TB404 |
| M-H |  |  | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-11 | TB301 |
| X2-H |  | $\begin{array}{ll}559 \text { TERMINAL BOARD: } \\ \text { 599M-ST-5 (75382) } & 1\end{array}$ | EA | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 5-9 \\ & 5-10 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TB401, TB402 } \\ & \text { TB403 } \end{aligned}$ |
| M-H |  | 560 TERMINAL BOARD: 1 | EA | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-12 | TB405 |
| M-H |  | 561 TERMINAL BOARD: 797 (06540) | EA | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-11 | TB406 |
| P-H | 5950-757-7700 | 562 TRANSFORMER, HIGH VOLTAGE: 1 <br> 17OA11BN (28480) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 4 | 5-9 | T301 |
| P-H |  | 563 TRANSFORMER, HIGH VOLTAGE: 2 20800-321 (28569) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 8 | 4 | 5-9 | T301 |
| P-H | 5950-504-6505 | 564 TRANSFORMER, POWER, STEP-DOWN 1 AND STEP-UP: 9463 (98734) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-9 | T401 |
| P-H | 5950-795-9383 | 565 TRANSFORMER, POWER, STEP-DOWN 2 AND STEP-UP: 20800-259 (28569) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-9 | T401 |
| P-H | 5960-806-5614 | 566 ELECTRON TUBE: 1,2 SAME AS 42 | EA | 14 |  |  |  | REF | REF | REF | REF | REF | 5-6 | V101, V103, V104, V105, V107, V113, V114, V115, V201, V202, V203, V206, V301, V306 |
| P-H | 5960-615-0243 | 567 ELECTRON TUBE: 6CL6 1,2 (81349) | EA | 4 |  |  |  | 10 | 25 | 47 | 567 | 400 | 5-6 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { V109, V204, V205, } \\ & \text { V207 } \end{aligned}$ |
| P-H | 5960-669-6861 | 568 ELECTRON TUBE: 6005/6AQ5W 1,2 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 59 | 100 | 5-6 | V304 |
| P-H | 5960-881-6636 | 569 ELECTRON TUBE: 5BHP2A (81349) 1,2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 4 | 8 | 101 | 100 | 5-6 | V305 |
| P-H | 5960-262-0185 | 570 ELECTRON TUBE: 5726/6AL5W 1,2 (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 59 | 100 | 5-6 | V307 |
| P-H | 5960-272-8553 | 571 ELECTRON TUBE: 1X2B (81349) | EA | 4 |  |  |  | 6 | 16 | 29 | 352 | 400 | 5-6 | V308 thru V311 |
| P-H | 5960-262-0286 | 572 ELECTRON TUBE: 5651WA (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 59 | 100 | 5-6 | V401 |
| P-H | 6210-809-4274 | 573 LAMPHOLDER: LH74LC13RN (81349) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | 2 | 10 | 3 | 5-13 | XDS401 |

SECTION V. REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{(1)

SMR

CODE} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
(3) <br>
DESCRIPTION

 \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{

(4) <br>
UNIT OF MEAS
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{(5) QTY INC IN UNIT} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{(6) 30 DAY DS MAINT ALLOWANCE}} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{(7) 30 DAY GS MAINT ALLOWANCE}} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{(8)

1-YR
ALW PER
EQUIP

CNTGCY} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
$$
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline \text { (9) } \\
\text { DEPOT } \\
\text { MAINT } \\
\text { ALW PER } \\
100 \\
\text { EQUIP } \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{| (10) |
| :--- |
| ILLUSTRATIONS |} <br>

\hline \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& (a) \& <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& $$
\begin{gathered}
\text { (a) } \\
1-20
\end{gathered}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { (b) } \\
21-50
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline(c) \\
51-100
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { (a) } \\
1-20
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { (b) } \\
21-50
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline \text { (c) } \\
51-100
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \& \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { FIG. } \\
& \text { NO. }
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& REFERENCE DESIGNATION <br>

\hline A-H \& \& 574 LAMPHOLDER ASSEMBLY:

$$
1,2
$$ \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 5-9 \& XDS403 thru XDS406 <br>

\hline \& \& 1450-0024-9 (28480) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline P-H \& 6250-283-9741 \& | 575 LAMPHOLDER: | 1,2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| MS90282-3 (81349) |  | \& EA \& 4 \& \& \& \& * \& 2 \& 2 \& 16 \& 12 \& 5-13 \& XDS1001 <br>

\hline P-H \& 5920-660-6705 \& 576 FUSEHOLDER: FD-1 (81349) 1,2 \& EA \& 6 \& \& \& \& * \& 2 \& 2 \& 13 \& 12 \& 5-11 \& XF401 thru XF406 <br>
\hline P-H \& 5935-237-6457 \&  \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& * \& * \& * \& 5 \& 3 \& 5-9 \& XV305 <br>
\hline P-H \& 5935-052-2899 \& 578 SOCKET, ELECTRON TUBE:
19351-25 (28569) \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& * \& * \& * \& 5 \& 3 \& 5-9 \& XV305 <br>
\hline P-C-S \& 6625-759-0741 \& 579 OSCILLOSCOPE SUBASSEMBLY, VERTICAL CHANNEL DUAL TRACE PREAMPLIFIER MX-2930B/USH \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& * \& * \& * \& 5 \& 3 \& 1-1 \& A5 <br>

\hline P-C-S \& \& | 579AOSCILLOSCOPE SUBASSEMBLY, |
| :--- |
| VERTICAL CHANNEL DUAL TRACE |
| PREAMPLIFIER MX-2930C/USM | \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& * \& * \& * \& 5 \& 3 \& 1-1 \& A5 <br>

\hline A-H \& \& 580 VERTICAL PRESENTATION SWITCH 1 ASSEMBLY: 162A-19D(N) (28480) \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 5-34 \& A500 <br>
\hline P-H \& 5930-054-0358 \& 581 VERTICAL PRESENTATION SWITCH 2 ASSEMBLY: 19915-677 (28569) \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& * \& * \& 2 \& 5 \& 3 \& 5-34 \& A500 <br>
\hline P-H \& 5910-543-0823 \& 582 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC
DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 112 \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& 5-34 \& C1587 <br>
\hline P-H \& 5910-883-4781 \& 583 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC 1,2
DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 301 \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& 5-34 \& C1591 <br>
\hline P-H \& 5910-284-4756 \& 584 CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, PIASTIC: 1 EA 535-033 4R (72982) \& 2 \& * \& \& \& \& 2 \& 2 \& 13 \& 6 \& 5-34 \& C1592 \& , C1594 <br>
\hline P-H \& 5910-823-1056 \& 585 CAPACITOR, VARIABLE, PLASTIC: 2 EA SK1459-000 (72982) \& 2 \& * \& \& \& \& 2 \& 2 \& 13 \& 1 \& 6 \& 5-34 \& C1592, C1594 <br>
\hline P-H \& 5910-993-8367 \& 586 CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC
DIELECTRIC: SAME AS 10 \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& 5-34 \& C1593 <br>
\hline P-H \& 5905-726-5346 \& 587 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 RC07GF182K (81349) \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& * \& * \& * \& 5 \& 3 \& 5-34 \& R553 <br>
\hline P-H \& 5905-717-3342 \& 588 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM:
RL205182J (81349) \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& * \& * \& * \& 5 \& 3 \& 5-34 \& R553 <br>
\hline P-H \& 5905-726-5343 \& 589 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1 RC07GF152K (81349) \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& * \& * \& * \& 5 \& 3 \& 5-34 \& R561 <br>

\hline P-H \& 5905-279-1757 \& | 590 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 2 |
| :--- |
| SAME AS 144 | \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& 5-34 \& R561 <br>

\hline P-H \& 5905-279-3513 \& 591 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 SAME AS 130 \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& 5-34 \& R1551 <br>
\hline P-H \& 5905-752-6396 \& 592 RESISTOR, FIED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 E84R75 (01121) \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& * \& * \& 2 \& 10 \& 6 \& 5-34 \& R1552 <br>
\hline P-R \& 5905-883-9198 \& 593 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: 1,2
RN65DIO01F (81349) \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& * \& * \& 2 \& 10 \& 6 \& 5-34 \& R1553 <br>
\hline P-H \& 5905-892-6475 \& 594 RESISTOR, FIXED, FILM: $\quad 1,2$
SAME AS 266 \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& 5-34 \& R1560 <br>
\hline P-H \& 5905-192-0390 \& 595 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 SAME AS 24 \& EA \& 2 \& \& \& \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& 5-34 \& R1561, R1563 <br>
\hline P-H \& 5905-279-1754 \& 596 RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION: 1,2 SAME AS 165 \& EA \& 2 \& \& \& \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& REF \& 5-34 \& R1564, R1568 <br>

\hline P-H \& 5930-757-7702 \& 597 SWITCH, ROTARY: \& EA \& $$
2
$$ \& \& \& \& * \& \[

2
\] \& 2 \& 13 \& 6 \& 5-33 \& S502, S504 <br>

\hline P-H \& 5930-795-9386 \& | 597ASWITCH, ROTARY: 19912-523 2 |
| :--- |
| (28569) | \& EA \& 2 \& \& \& \& * \& 2 \& 2 \& 13 \& 10 \& 5-33 \& S502, S504 <br>

\hline P-H \& 5930-757-3080 \& 598 SWITCH, ROTARY: 3100-0785-9 (28480) \& EA \& 1 \& \& \& \& * \& * \& 2 \& 8 \& 3 \& 5-34 \& S505 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

SECTION V. REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)


SECTION V. REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)


SECTION V. REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)


SECTION V. REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)


SECTION V. REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)


SECTION V. REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)


SECTION V. REPAIR PARTS FOR DIRECT SUPPORT, GENERAL SUPPORT, AND DEPOT MAINTENANC(EONTINUED)

| 1$)$ <br>  <br> SMR <br> CODE | (2) <br> FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER | (3) <br> DESCRIPTION | (4) <br> UNIT OF MEAS | (5) QTY INC IN UNIT | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { (6) } \\ 30 \text { DAY DS MAINT } \\ \text { ALLOWANCE } \end{array}$ |  |  | (7) 30 DAY GS MAINT ALLOWANCE |  |  | (8) <br>  <br> 1-YR <br> ALW PER <br> EQUIP <br> CNTGCY | (9) <br> DEPOT <br> MAINT <br> ALW PER <br> 100 <br> EQUIP | $\begin{gathered} \text { (10) } \\ \text { ILLUSTRATIONS } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | USABLEONREFERENCE NUMBER \& MFR CODECODE |  |  |  |  |  | (a) | (b) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} (\mathrm{b}) \\ 21-50 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline(c) \\ 51-100 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ 1-20 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (b) } \\ 21-50 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline(c) \\ 51-100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FIG. } \\ & \text { NO. } \end{aligned}$ | REFERENCE DESIGNATION |
| P-O |  | 760 NUT, LOCKING: 6115-3 (28569) 2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * |  | 4 | 3 | 5-35A | E702 |
| P-O | 6625-167-9297 | 761 PROBE, TIP: 16975-54 (28569) 2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-35A | E703 |
| P-O | 6625-167-9798 | 762 PROBE, TIP: 16975-62 (28569) 2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-35A | E704 |
| P-O | 5935-502-0342 | 763 PROBE, TIP: 100 (83330) 2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-35A | E704 |
| P-O | 6625-167-9793 | 764 PROBE, TIP: 16970-63 (28569) 2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-35A | E706 |
| P-O | 6625-167-9794 | 765 PROBE,TIP: 16970-64 (28569) 2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-35A | E707 |
| P-O | 6625-167-9795 | 766 PROBE, TIP: 16970-75 (28569) 2 | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-35A | E708 |
| P-O | 6625-453-5650 | 767 CABLE ASSEMBLY: 3030-163 (28569) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-35A | W701 |
| P-O | 6625-436-1588 | 768 LEAD, GROUND: 3030-164 (28569) | EA | 1 |  |  |  | * | * | * | 5 | 3 | 5-35A | W701 |

## SECTION VII. INDEX-FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE TO FIGURE AND ITEM NUMBER OR REFERENCE DESIGNATION (CONTINUED)

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { FEDERAL } \\ & \text { STOCK } \\ & \text { NUMBER } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | FIGURE <br> NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FEDERAL } \\ & \text { STOCK } \\ & \text { NUMBER } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4110-727-8796 | 2-2 | MP147 | 5905-062-6661 | 5-33 | R1507 |
| 4140-050-6356 | 5-12 | MP419 | 5905-062-6661 | 5-33 | R1537 |
| 4450-801-4051 | 5-12 | MP419 | 5905-069-4508 | 5-17 | R119 |
| 5325-709-1480 | 5-36 | MP2002 | 5905-069-4508 | 5-17 | R141 |
| 5330-917-7011 | 1-1 | HP609 | 5905-069-9928 | 5-15 | R55 |
| 5355-656-1318 | 5-13 | MP301 | 5905-069-9928 | 5-15 | R70 |
| 5355-656-1318 | 5-13 | MP302 | 5905-078-6916 | 5-21 | R238 |
| 5355-656-1318 | 5-13 | MP303 | 5905-078-6916 | 5-21 | R239 |
| 5355-656-1318 | 5-13 | MP304 | 5905-078-6916 | 5-21 | R240 |
| 5355-656-1318 | 5-13 | MP402 | 5905-078-6916 | 5-21 | R241 |
| 5355-656-1318 | 5-30 | MP513 | 5905-078-8756 | 5-15A | R56 |
| 5355-656-1318 | 5-30 | MP514 | 5905-078-8756 | 5-15A | R71 |
| 5355-656-1318 | 5-30 | MP515 | 5905-078-8801 | 5-27 | R359 |
| 5355-656-1319 | 5-13 | MP103 | 5905-078-8810 | 5-21 | R233 |
| 5355-656-1319 | 5-13 | MP104 | 5905-078-8810 | 5-25 | R344 |
| 5355-656-1319 | 5-13 | MP105 | 5905-079-4448 | 5-17 | R160 |
| 5355-656-1319 | 5-13 | MP203 | 5905-087-6524 | 5-33 | R1519 |
| 5355-656-1319 | 5-30 | MP507 | 5905-087-6524 | 5-33 | R1549 |
| 5355-656-1319 | 5-30 | MP508 | 5905-088-5936 | 5-25 | R350 |
| 5355-656-1319 | 5-30 | MP509 | 5905-100-7936 | 5-11 | R265 |
| 5355-656-1319 | 5-30 | MP510 | 5905-100-7936 | 5-11 | R270 |
| 5355-656-1321 | 5-13 | MP201 | 5905-102-2740 | 5-27 | R366 |
| 5355-656-1322 | 5-13 | MP101 | 5905-171-1976 | 5-17A | R135 |
| 5355-656-1322 | 5-13 | MP102 | 5905-171-1976 | 5-17A | R138 |
| 5355-656-1322 | 5-13 | MP106 | 5905-171-1976 | 5-17 | R179 |
| 5355-656-1322 | 5-13 | MP202 | 5905-171-1976 | 5-24 | R208 |
| 5355-656-1322 | 5-30 | MP505 | 5905-171-1976 | 5-10 | R422 |
| 5355-656-1322 | 5-30 | MP506 | 5905-171-1976 | 5-10 | R440 |
| 5355-656-1322 | 5-30 | MP511 | 5905-171-1986 | 5-17 | R180 |
| 5355-656-1322 | 5-30 | MP512 | 5905-171-1986 | 5-11 | R400 |
| 5355-682-3543 | 5-13 | MP301 | 5905-171-1986 | 5-44A | R400 |
| 5355-682-3543 | 5-13 | MP302 | 5905-171-1986 | 5-31 | R514 |
| 5355-682-3543 | 5-13 | MP303 | 5905-171-1986 | 5-32 | R526 |
| 5355-682-3543 | 5-13 | MP402 | 5905-171-1986 | 5-31 | R. 537 |
| 5355-682-3544 | 5-13 | MP304 | 5905-171-1998 | 5-14 | R41 |
| 5355-682-3544 | 5-30 | MP513 | 5905-171-1998 | 5-27 | R355 |
| 5355-688-6955 | 5-13 | MP103 | 5905-171-1998 | 5-10 | R401 |
| 5355-688-6955 | 5-30 | MP507 | 5905-171-2000 | 5-14 | R36 |
| 5355-688-6955 | 5-30 | MP508 | 5905-171-2004 | 5-19 | R161 |
| 5355-725-3925 | 5-30 | MP514 | 5905-171-2004 | 5-17 | R176 |
| 5355-725-3925 | 5-30 | MP515 | 5905-185-6575 | 5-31 | R580 |
| 5355-728-2881 | 5-13 | MP106 | 5905-185-6575 | 5-31 | R581 |
| 5355-728-2881 | 5-30 | MP511 | 5905-185-8510 | 5-19 | R102 |
| 5355-728-2881 | 5-30 | MP512 | 5905-185-8510 | 5-12 | R310 |
| 5355-737-4883 | 5-13 | MP101 | 5905-185-8510 | 5-27 | R327 |
| 5355-737-4883 | 5-13 | MP102 | 5905-185-8516 | 5-23 | R254 |
| 5355-737-4883 | 5-13 | MP202 | 5905-185-8516 | 5-23 | R255 |
| 5355-755-6804 | 5-13 | MP201 | 5905-185-8516 | 5-32 | R560 |
| 5355-809-9332 | 5-30 | MP516 | 5905-190-8880 | 5-32 | R591 |
| 5355-809-9332 | 5-36 | MP2001 | 5905-190-8880 | 5-32 | R592 |
| 5355-965-4881 | 5-13 | MP104 | 5905-190-8882 | 5-10 | R401 |
| 5355-965-4881 | 5-13 | MP105 | 5905-190-8883 | 5-14 | R40 |
| 5355-965-4881 | 5-13 | MP203 | 5905-190-8889 | 5-17 | R188 |
| 5355-965-4881 | 5-30 | MP509 | 5905-190-8889 | 5-17 | R190 |
| 5355-965-4881 | 5-30 | MP510 | 5905-190-8889 | 5-24 | R207 |
| 5905-050-1128 | 5-25 | R349 | 5905-190-8889 | 5-29 | R409 |
| 5905-050-1128 |  | R354 | 5905-192-0390 | 5-14 | R2 |
| 5905-054-0349 | 5-13 | R216 | 5905-192-0390 | 5-14 | a4 |
| 5905-054-0399 | 5-17A | R169 | 5905-192-0390 | 5-14 | R19 |
| 5905-056-6269 | 5-18A | R1011 | 5905-192-0390 | 5-14 | a22 |
| 5905-057-9659 | 5-18 | R1015 | 5905-192-0390 | 5-14 | R26 |
| 5905-057-9659 | 5-18 | R1016 | 5905-192-0390 | 5-14 | R30 |
| 5905-062-0539 | 5-17A | R146 | 5905-192-0390 | 5-20 | R103 |
| 5905-062-1496 | 5-15A | R50 | 5905-192-0390 | 5-17 | RI15 |
| 5905-062-1496 | 5-15A | R52 | 5905-192-0390 | 5-17 | R133 |
| 5905-062-1496 | 5-15A | R67 | 5905-192-0390 | 5-26 | R305 |
| 5905-062-1496 | 5-15A | R68 | 5905-192-0390 | 5-12 | R311 |
| 5905-062-6290 | 5-33 | R1513 | 5905-192-0390 | 5-32 | R559 |
| 5905-062-6290 | 5-33 | R1543 | 5905-192-0390 | 5-34 | R1561 |

## SECTION VII. INDEX-FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE TO FIGURE AND ITEM NUMBER OR REFERENCE DESIGNATION (CONTINUED)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { FEDERAL } \\ \text { STOCK } \\ \text { NUMBER } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FEDERAL } \\ & \text { STOCK } \\ & \text { NUMBER } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5905-192-0390 | 5-34 | R1563 | 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R187 |
| 5905-192-0390 | 5-36 | R2001 | 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R189 |
| 5905-192-0626 | 5-17 | R135 | 5905-252-4018 | $5-24 \mathrm{~A}$ | R214 |
| 5905-192-0626 | 5-17 | R138 | 5905-252-4018 | 5-24A | R218 |
| 5905-192-0626 | 5-24 | R208 | 5905-252-4018 | 5-24A | R224 |
| 5905-192-0626 | 5-10 | R422 | 5905-252-4018 | 5-23A | R249 |
| 5905-192-0626 | 5-10 | R440 | 5905-252-4018 | 5-23A | R253 |
| 5905-192-0662 | 5-17 | R168 | 5905-252-4018 | 5-23A | R256 |
| 5905-192-0662 | 5-18 | R1006 | 5905-252-4018 | 5-23A | R257 |
| 5905-192-0662 | 5-18 | R1007 | 5905-252-4018 | 5-23A | R266 |
| 5905-192-0667 | 5-17A | R168 | 5905-252-4018 | 5-23A | R269 |
| 5905-192-0667 | 5-23 | R258 | 5905-252-4018 | 5-24 | R277 |
| 5905-192-3971 | 5-29A | R425 | 5905-252-4018 | 5-26A | R306 |
| 5905-192-3972 | 5-23 | R271 | 5905-252-4018 | 5-26 | R337 |
| 5905-192-3973 | 5-14 | R8 | 5905-252-4018 | 5-26 | R339 |
| 5905-192-3973 | 5-14 | R9 | 5905-252-4018 | 5-29 | R463 |
| 5905-192-3973 | 5-14 | R32 | 5905-253-1229 | 5-10 | R458 |
| 5905-192-3973 | 5-17A | R153 | 5905-254-7087 | 5-26 | R303 |
| 5905-192-3973 | 5-27A | R325 | 5905-254-9201 | 5-9 | R88 |
| 5905-192-3973 | 5-31 | R586 | 5905-254-9201 | 5-19 | R101 |
| 5905-192-3973 | 5-31 | R587 | 5905-254-9201 | 5-20 | R106 |
| 5905-192-3973 | 5-32 | R593 | 5905-254-9201 | 5-19 | R164 |
| 5905-192-4490 | 5-29 | R417 | 5905-254-9201 | 5-26 | R312 |
| 5905-195-5571 | 5-17A | R108 | 5905-254-9201 | 5-27 | R334 |
| 5905-195-6741 | 5-17 | R158 | 5905-254-9201 | 5-32 | R555 |
| 5905-195-6741 | 5-23 | R272 | 5905-257-0926 | 5-14 | R39 |
| 5905-195-6741 | 5-31 | R518 | 5905-257-0926 | 5-23 | R278 |
| 5905-195-6741 | 5-31 | R536 | 5905-257-0937 | 5-17A | R144 |
| 5905-195-6752 | 5-17 | R144 | 5905-257-0937 | 5-23 | R274 |
| 5905-195-6752 | 5-23 | R268 | 5905-257-0937 | 5-23 | R275 |
| 5905-195-6752 | 5-23A | R268 | 5905-259-2990 | 5-17 | R165 |
| 5905-195-6752 | 5-26 | R336 | 5905-279-1697 | 5-27 | R326 |
| 5905-195-6754 | 5-26A | R302 | 5905-279-1723 | 5-14 | R28 |
| 5905-195-6756 | 5-26 | R302 | 5905-279-1754 | 5-17 | R156 |
| 5905-195-6761 | 5-24 | R206 | 5905-279-1754 | 5-27 | R332 |
| 5905-195-6761 | 5-23 | R244 | 5905-279-1754 | 5-26 | R338 |
| 5905-195-6761 | 5-23 | R264 | 5905-279-1754 | 5-26 | R340 |
| 5905-195-6761 | 5-26 | R309 | 5905-279-1754 | 5-34 | R1564 |
| 5905-195-6761 | 5-27 | R364 | 5905-279-1754 | 5-34 | R1568 |
| 5905-195-6791 | 5-29 | R451 | 5905-279-1757 | 5-17 | R123 |
| 5905-195-6799 | 5-17 | R153 | 5905-279-1757 | 5-17A | R123 |
| 5905-195-6799 | 5-27 | R325 | 5905-279-1757 | 5-17 | R125 |
| 5905-195-6806 | 5-14 | R29 | 5905-279-1757 | 5-23A | R272 |
| 5905-195-6806 | 5-14 | R172 | 5905-279-1757 | 5-34 | R561 |
| 5905-195-6806 | 5-26 | R308 | 5905-279-1876 | 5-14 | R25 |
| 5905-195-6806 | 5-32 | R579 | 5905-279-1876 | 5-17 | R132 |
| 5905-249-3663 | 5-10 | R402 | 5905-279-1876 | 5-17A | R158 |
| 5905-249-4195 | 5-17A | R125 | 5905-279-1883 | 5-18 | R1001 |
| 5905-249-4227 | 5-17 | R182 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R108 |
| 5905-249-4243 | 5-24 | R217 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R117 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-14 | RI | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R122 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-14 | R3 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R124 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-14 | R18 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R136 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-14 | R21 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R140 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R117 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R143 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R122 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R150 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R124 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R151 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R136 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R154 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R140 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R155 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R143 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R167 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R150 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R173 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R151 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R175 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R154 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R181 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R155 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R186 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R167 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R187 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R173 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-17 | R189 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R175 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-24 | R214 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R181 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-24 | R218 |
| 5905-252-4018 | 5-17 | R186 | 5905-279-1898 | 5-24 | R224 |

## SECTION VII. INDEX-FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE TO FIGURE AND ITEM NUMBER OR REFERENCE DESIGNATION (CONTINUED)

| FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION | FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5905-279-1898 | 5-23 | R249 | 5905-299-2023 | 5-11 | R1010 |
| 5905-279-1898 | 5-23 | R253 | 5905-299-2025 | 5-17 | R159 |
| 5905-279-1898 | 5-23 | R256 | 5905-299-2025 | 5-32 | R557 |
| 5905-279-1898 | 5-23 | R257 | 5905-299-2025 | 5-11 | R,010 |
| 5905-279-1898 | 5-23 | R266 | 5905-299-2027 | 5-27 | R362 |
| 5905-279-1898 | 5-23 | R269 | 5905-299-2027 | 5-27 | R365 |
| 5905-279-1898 | 5-26 | R306 | 5905-299-2049 | 5-21 | R210 |
| 5905-279-1900 | 5-27 | R322 | 5905-299-2051 | 5-14 | R7 |
| 5905-279-1900 | 5-27 | R323 | 5905-473-5251 | 5-14 | R24 |
| 5905-279-2298 | 5-27 | R313 | 5905-501-5184 | 5-10 | R163 |
| 5905-279-2298 | 5-27 | R314 | 5905-501-5184 | 5-10 | R361 |
| 5905-279-2298 | 5-27 | R315 | 5905-501-7314 | 5-10 | R178 |
| 5905-279-2298 | 5-27 | R316 | 5905-501-7314 | 5-10 | R1002 |
| 5905-279-2298 | 5-27 | R317 | 5905-501-7314 | 5-10 | R1003 |
| 5905-279-2298 | 5-27 | R318 | 5905-501-7314 | 5-10 | R1004 |
| 5905-279-2298 | 5-27 | R331 | 5905-501-7314 | 5-10 | R1024 |
| 5905-279-2298 | 5-27 | R333 | 5905-503-5984 | 5-9 | R13 |
| 5905-279-2298 | 5-27A | R334 | 5905-503-6218 | 5-11 | R464 |
| 5905-279-2303 | 5-17 | R145 | 5905-503-9138 | 5-15 | R50 |
| 5905-279-2303 | 5-23 | R276 | 5905-503-9138 | 5-15 | R52 |
| 5905-279-2504 | 5-26A | R338 | 5905-503-9138 | 5-15 | R67 |
| 5905-279-2504 | 5-26A | R340 | 5905-503-9138 | 5-15 | R68 |
| 5905-279-2514 | 5-18 | R1005 | 5905-518-5595 | 5-10 | R411 |
| 5905-279-2515 | 5-20 | R104 | 5905-518-5609 | 5-9 | R321 |
| 5905-279-2515 | 5-17 | R116 | 5905-518-5609 | 5-22 | R202 |
| 5905-279-2515 | 5-17 | R137 | 5905-518-5609 | 5-22 | R212 |
| 5905-279-2515 | 5-17 | R157 | 5905-518-5644 | 5-18 | R1014 |
| 5905-279-2515 | 5-26 | R304 | 5905-539-2567 | 5-10 | R431 |
| 5905-279-2515 | 5-18A | R1005 | 5905-539-4900 | 5-13 | R363 |
| 5905-279-2527 | 5-17A | R182 | 5905-539-5013 | 5-30 | R508 |
| 5905-279-2528 | 5-17A | R145 | 5905-539-5013 | 5-30 | R543 |
| 5905-279-2616 | 5-17 | R177 | 5905-542-9113 | 5-29 | R432 |
| 5905-279-2675 | $5-24 \mathrm{~A}$ | R217 | 5905-542-9835 | 5-11 | R439 |
| 5905-279-3416 | 5-10 | R423 | 5905-549-3752 | 5-11 | R405 |
| 5905-279-3416 | 5-10 | R441 | 5905-549-3752 | 5-11 | R406 |
| 5905-279-3416 | 5-9 | R457 | 5905-549-3752 | 5-11 | R407 |
| 5905-279-3494 | 5-17 | R147 | 5905-549-3752 | 5-11 | R438 |
| 5905-279-3499 | 5-27 | R328 | 5905-549-5382 | 5-9 | R96 |
| 5905-279-3499 | 5-27 | R356 | 5905-552-0614 | 5-17 | R171 |
| 5905-279-3503 | 5-29 | R447 | 5905-552-2093 | 5-10 | R114 |
| 5905-279-3504 | 5-23 | R273 | 5905-552-2093 | 5-10 | R243 |
| 5905-279-3504 | 5-29 | R459 | 5905-552-3522 | 5-32 | R563 |
| 5905-279-3513 | 5-17 | R107 | 5905-552-3522 | 5-32 | R565 |
| 5905-279-3513 | 5-31A | R586 | 5905-552-3522 | 5-32 | R566 |
| 5905-279-3513 | 5-31A | R587 | 5905-552-3522 | 5-32 | R568 |
| 5905-279-3513 | 5-18 | R1021 | 5905-552-5051 | 5-29 | R433 |
| 5905-279-3513 | 5-33 | R1521 | 5905-552-5051 | 5-18 | R1018 |
| 5905-279-3513 | 5-34 | R1551 | 5905-552-5051 | 5-18 | R1019 |
| 5905-279-3527 | 5-21 | R1023 | 5905-552-5051 | 5-18 | R1020 |
| 5905-279-5621 | 5-18 | R1011 | 5905-552-5136 | 5-23 | R246 |
| 5905-295-3403 | 5-25 | R341 | 5905-552-5136 | 5-23 | R260 |
| 5905-295-3403 | 5-27 | R357 | 5905-553-2389 | 5-23 | R250 |
| 5905-299-1541 | 5-14 | R23 | 5905-553-2389 | 5-23 | R252 |
| 5905-299-1541 | 5-14 | R27 | 5905-553-9299 | 5-15 | R49 |
| 5905-299-1541 | 5-17 | RII | 5905-553-9299 | 5-15 | R51 |
| 5905-299-1541 | 5-17 | R112 | 5905-553-9299 | 5-15 | R65 |
| 5905-299-1541 | 5-29 | R443 | 5905-,53-9299 | 5-15 | R66 |
| 5905-299-1541 | 5-29 | R462 | 5905-556-3339 | 5-17 | R118 |
| 5905-299-1986 | 5-26A | R319 | 5905-556-4003 | 5-17 | R169 |
| 5905-299-1987 | 5-26 | R319 | 5905-556-4003 | 5-23 | R248 |
| 5905-299-2013 | 5-29 | R461 | 5905-556-4003 | 5-23 | R251 |
| 5905-299-2016 | 5-27 | R360 | 5905-557-2422 | 5-16 | R75 |
| 5905-299-2020 | 5-29 | R426 | 5905-557-2422 | 5-16 | R76 |
| 5905-299-2020 | 5-29 | R448 | 5905-557-2422 | 5-16 | R81 |
| 5905-299-2022 | 5-29 | R444 | 5905-557-2422 | 5-16 | R82 |
| 5905-299-2022 | 5-31 | R501 | 5905-557-2422 | 5-31 | R523 |
| 5905-299-2022 | 5-31 | R502 | 5905-557-2422 | 5-31 | R524 |
| 5905-299-2022 | 5-31 | R548 | 5905-557-2422 | 5-31 | R584 |
| 5905-299-2022 | 5-31 | R549 | 5905-557-2422 | 5-31 | R585 |

## SECTION VII. INDEX-FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE TO FIGURE AND ITEM NUMBER OR REFERENCE DESIGNATION (CONTINUED)

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { FEDERAL } \\ & \text { STOCK } \\ & \text { NUMBER } \end{aligned}$ | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FEDERAL } \\ & \text { STOCK } \\ & \text { NUMBER } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5905-577-7207 | 5-9 | R99 | 5905-752-6396 | 5-34 | R1552 |
| 5905-577-7503 | 5-33 | R1508 | 5905-752-7300 | 5-21 | R235 |
| 5905-577-7503 | 5-33 | R1538 | 5905-755-0797 | 5-31 | R503 |
| 5905-581-1645 | 5-17 | R146 | 5905-755-0797 | 5-31 | R505 |
| 5905-581-7467 | 5-25 | R347 | 5905-755-0797 | 5-31 | R527 |
| 5905-583-6233 | 5-31 | R518 | 5905-755-0797 | 5-31 | R528 |
| 5905-583-6233 | 5-31 | R522 | 5905-755-0797 | 5-31 | R545 |
| 5905-583-6233 | 5-31 | R532 | 5905-755-0797 | 5-31 | R547 |
| 5905-583-6233 | 5-31 | R533 | 5905-755-0797 | 5-31 | R550 |
| 5905-642-1680 | 5-11 | R265 | 5905-755-0797 | 5-31 | R551 |
| 5905-642-1680 | 5-11 | R270 | 5905-755-0797 | 5-32 | R554 |
| 5905-642-1969 | 5-11 | R442 | 5905-755-0797 | 5-32 | R558 |
| 5905-643-5626 | 5-30 | R504 | 5905-755-0797 | 5-32 | R564 |
| 5905-643-5626 | 5-30 | R546 | 5905-755-0797 | 5-32 | R567 |
| 5905-646-5716 | 5-18 | R1012 | 5905-755-0797 | 5-33 | R1500 |
| 5905-646-5716 | 5-18 | R1013 | 5905-755-0797 | 5-33 | R1530 |
| 5905-646-5716 | 5-18 | R1026 | 5905-762-3660 | 5-25 | R352 |
| 5905-646-5716 | 5-18 | R1027 | 5905-762-6907 | 5-26 | R367 |
| 5905-646-5958 | 5-10 | R211 | 5905-764-7690 | 5-31 | R552 |
| 5905-646-5958 | 5-11 | R452 | 5905-766-8362 | 5-31 | R512 |
| 5905-666-2556 | 5-9 | R87 | 5905-766-8362 | 5-31 | R513 |
| 5905-681-5979 | 5-23 | R245 | 5905-766-8362 | 5-31 | R538 |
| 5905-681-5979 | 5-23 | RZ59 | 5905-766-8362 | 5-31 | R539 |
| 5905-682-0230 | 5-14 | R38 | 5905-766-8364 | 5-15 | R46 |
| 5905-683-2235 | 5-31 | R582 | 5905-766-8364 | 5-15 | R62 |
| 5905-683-2235 | 5-31 | R583 | 5905-767-3204 | 5-15 | R98 |
| 5905-683-2235 | 5-31 | R588 | 5905-767-3204 | 5-29 | R434 |
| 5905-683-2235 | 5-31 | R589 | 5905-767-3219 | 5-29 | R437 |
| 5905-683-2246 | 5-15 | R53 | 5905-767-3220 | 5-15 | R91 |
| 5905-683-2246 | 5-15 | R69 | 5905-767-3220 | 5-15 | R94 |
| 5905-683-7721 | 5-15 | R77 | 5905-767-3229 | $5-31 \mathrm{~A}$ | R580 |
| 5905-683-7721 | 5-15 | R83 | 5905-767-3229 | 5-31A | R581 |
| 5905-683-7721 | 5-15A | R90 | 5905-767-3231 | 5-29 | R449 |
| 5905-683-7721 | 5-15A | R93 | 5905-767-3233 | 5-29 | R429 |
| 5905-683-7723 | 5-13A | R571 | 5905-767-6832 | 5-14 | R20 |
| 5905-683-7723 | 5-13A | R572 | 5905-767-6832 | 5-32 | R562 |
| 5905-683-7723 | 5-13A | R573 | 5905-767-6832 | 5-32 | R569 |
| 5905-683-7723 | 5-13A | R574 | 5905-767-7587 | 5-29 | R416 |
| 5905-715-0770 | 5-15 | R89 | 5905-767-7587 | 5-29 | R435 |
| 5905-715-0770 | 5-15 | R92 | 5905-767-7594 | 5-17A | R180 |
| 5905-715-0770 | 5-31 | R507 | 5905-767-7594 | 5-31A | R514 |
| 5905-715-0770 | 5-31 | R509 | 5905-767-7594 | 5-32A | R526 |
| 5905-715-9770 | 5-31 | R519 | 5905-767-7594 | $5-31 \mathrm{~A}$ | R537 |
| 5905-715-0770 | 5-31 | R521 | 5905-768-5791 | 5-18A | R1006 |
| 5905-715-0770 | 5-31 | R529 | 5905-769-5453 | 5-13 | R324 |
| 5905-715-0770 | 5-31 | R531 | 5905-769-8529 | 5-29A | R426 |
| 5905-715-0770 | 5-31 | R542 | 5905-769-8529 | 5-29A | R448 |
| 5905-715-0770 | 5-31 | R544 | 5905-769-8533 | 5-14 | R5 |
| 5905-717-3342 | 5-34 | R553 | 5905-769-8533 | 5-14 | R6 |
| 5905-717-3343 | 5-17 | R1110 | 5905-769-8533 | 5-14 | R12 |
| 5905-721-4363 | 5-17A | R152 | 5905-769-8533 | 5-14 | R14 |
| 5905-722-0054 | 5-17 | R120 | 5905-769-8533 | 5-14 | R31 |
| 5905-722-0136 | 5-23 | R267 | 5905-769-8533 | 5-17 | R113 |
| 5905-726-5328 | 5-31 | R516 | 5905-769-8633 | 5-29 | R428 |
| 5905-726-5328 | 5-31 | R517 | 5905-769-8533 | 5-29 | R450 |
| 5905-726-5328 | 5-31 | R534 | 5905-774-8125 | 5-15 | R97 |
| 5905-726-5328 | 5-31 | R535 | 5905-775-0637 | 5-31A | R515 |
| 5905-726-5343 | 5-34 | R561 | 5905-775-0637 | 5-31A | R536 |
| 5905-726-5346 | 5-34 | R553 | 5905-779-2009 | 5-27 | R360 |
| 5905-726-6433 | 5-31 | R571 | 5905-779-2376 | 5-29A | R427 |
| 5905-726-6433 | 5-31 | R572 | 5905-782-0269 | 5-21 | R237 |
| 5905-726-6433 | 5-31 | R573 | 5905-782-0269 | 5-21 | R242 |
| 5905-726-6433 | 5-31 | R574 | 5905-782-0901 | 5-17 | R142 |
| 5905-726-6837 | 5-15 | R90 | 5905-782-0901 | 5-29 | R430 |
| 5905-726-6837 | 5-15 | R93 | 5905-783-8818 | 5-11 | R1009 |
| 5905-728-2774 | 5-33 | R1503 | 5905-793-2176 | 5-19 | R162 |
| 5905-730-0294 | 5-29 | R415 | 5905-793-3064 | 5-21 | R209 |
| 5905-734-4730 | 5-25 | R351 | 5905-793-3064 | $5-21 \mathrm{~A}$ | R209 |
| 5905-752-6396 | 5-33 | R1522 | 5905-793-3065 | 5-10 | R223A/B |

SECTION VII. INDEX-FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE
FIGURE AND ITEM NUMBER OR REFERENCE DESIGNATION (CONTINUED)

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { FEDERAL } \\ & \text { STOCK } \\ & \text { NUMBER } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FEDERAL } \\ & \text { STOCK } \\ & \text { NUMBER } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5905-795-0651 | 5-13 | R330 | 5905-882-0055 | 5-23 | R271 |
| 5905-800-8321 | 5-31A | R516 | 5905-883-9198 | 5-33 | R1523 |
| 5905-800-8321 | $5-31 \mathrm{~A}$ | R517 | 5905-883-9198 | 5-34 | R1553 |
| 5905-800-8321 | 5-31A | R534 | 5905-884-0788 | 5-17 | R121 |
| 5905-800-8321 | 5-31A | R535 | 5905-884-0788 | 5-17 | R148 |
| 5905-802-6730 | 5-15 | R48 | 5905-884-0788 | 5-17 | R149 |
| 5905-802-6730 | 5-15 | R64 | 5905-884-0788 | 5-22 | R201 |
| 5905-802-6730 | 5-31A | R503 | 5905-884-0788 | 5-22 | R213 |
| 5905-802-6730 | 5-31A | R505 | 5905-892-0158 | 5-13 | R368 |
| 5905-802-6730 | 5-31A | R527 | 5905-892-6475 | 5-24 | R205 |
| 5905-802-6730 | $5-31 \mathrm{~A}$ | R528 | 5905-892-6475 | 5-24 | R215 |
| 5905-802-6730 | 5-31A | R545 | 5905-892-6475 | 5-33 | R1511 |
| 5905-802-6730 | 5-31A | R547 | 5905-892-6475 | 5-33 | R1514 |
| 5905-802-6730 | 5-31A | R550 | 5905-892-6475 | 5-33 | R1517 |
| 5905-802-6730 | 5-31A | R551 | 5905-892-6475 | 5-33 | R1520 |
| 5905-802-6730 | 5-32 | R554 | 5905-892-6475 | 5-33 | R1524 |
| 5905-802-6730 | 5-32 | R558 | 5905-892-6475 | 5-33 | R1541 |
| 5905-802-6730 | 5-32A | R564 | 5905-892-6475 | 5-33 | R1547 |
| 5905-802-6730 | 5-32A | R567 | 5905-892-6475 | 5-33 | R1548 |
| 5905-802-6730 | 5-33 | R1500 | 5905-892-6475 | 5-34 | R1560 |
| 5905-802-6730 | 5-33 | R1530 | 5905-892-6479 | 5-17 | R139 |
| 5905-804-6088 | 5-13 | R1025 | 5905-892-6479 | 5-17 | R170 |
| 5905-804-6098 | 5-24 | R221 | 5905-892-7108 | 5-27 | R358 |
| 5905-804-6098 | 5-24 | R222 | 5905-894-3305 | 5-33 | R590 |
| 5905-804-6099 | 5-17 | R109 | 5905-901-7883 | 5-33 | R1508 |
| 5905-804-6099 | 5-29 | R408 | 5905-901-7883 | 5-33 | R1538 |
| 5905-804-6099 | 5-32 | R556 | 5905-902-0676 | 5-15 | R54 |
| 5905-804-6100 | 5-17 | R13 | 5905-903-6828 | 5-29 | R445 |
| 5905-805-1432 | 5-29 | R427 | 5905-903-6829 | 5-14 | R37 |
| 5905-809-4788 | 5-31 | R510A | 5905-913-3072 | 5-14 | R39 |
| 5905-809-4788 | 5-31 | R510B | 5905-914-6435 | 5-26A | R336 |
| 5905-809-4788 | 5-33 | R540A/B | 5905-914-6435 | 5-32 | R570 |
| 5905-810-0507 | 5-33 | R1513 | 5905-916-7727 | 5-23A | R246 |
| 5905-810-0507 | 5-33 | R1543 | 5905-916-7727 | 5-23A | R260 |
| 5905-811-9399 | 5-11 | R424 | 5905-933-3787 | 5-15 | R80 |
| 5905-814-3871 | 5-33 | R1504 | 5905-933-3787 | 5-15 | R86 |
| 5905-814-7578 | 5-15 | R45 | 5905-936-1536 | 5-23A | R245 |
| 5905-814-7578 | 5-15 | R61 | 5905-936-1536 | 5-23A | R259 |
| 5905-814-8413 | 5-15A | R80 | 5905-936-1537 | 5-17A | R148 |
| 5905-814-8413 | 5-15A | R86 | 5905-936-1537 | 5-17A | R149 |
| 5905-814-8413 | 5-21A | R210 | 5905-936-1537 | 5-22A | R201 |
| 5905-817-7971 | 5-15 | R78 | 5905-936-1537 | 5-22A | R213 |
| 5905-817-7971 | 5-15 | R79 | 5905-936-1539 | 5-17A | R171 |
| 5905-817-7971 | 5-15 | R84 | 5905-936-1540 | $5-31 \mathrm{~A}$ | R523 |
| 5905-817-7971 | 5-15 | R85 | 5905-936-1540 | 5-31A | R524 |
| 5905-817-7971 | 5-31 | R525 | 5905-936-1540 | $5-31 \mathrm{~A}$ | R584 |
| 5905-817-7971 | 5-31 | R576 | 5905-936-1540 | $5-31 \mathrm{~A}$ | R585 |
| 5905-817-7971 | 5-33 | R1512 | 5905-950-2856 | 5-12 | R460 |
| 5905-817-7971 | 5-33 | R1515 | 5905-951-1478 | 5-14 | R11 |
| 5905-817-7971 | 5-33 | R1518 | 5905-951-1478 | 5-14 | R16 |
| 5905-817-7971 | 5-33 | R1542 | 5905-951-1478 | 5-15 | R47 |
| 5905-817-7971 | 5-33 | R1545 | 5905-951-1478 | 5-15 | R63 |
| 5905-817-7971 | 5-33 | R1548 | 5905-951-4930 | 5-33 | R1502 |
| 5905-818-7071 | 5-31 | R575 | 5905-951-4930 | 5-33 | R1532 |
| 5905-841-7440 | 5-11 | R421 | 5905-951-4930 | 5-33 | R1533 |
| 5905-842-5895 | 5-9 | R95 | 5905-951-4930 | 5-33 | R1534 |
| 5905-847-4306 | 5-13 | R368 | 5905-951-8520 | 5-33 | R1501 |
| 5905-852-4474 | 5-29 | R410 | 5905-951-8520 | 5-33 | R1531 |
| 5905-852-4474 | 5-29 | R412 | 5905-954-9088 | 5-25 | R348 |
| 5905-852-4476 | 5-17 | R131 | 5905-957-0445 | 5-25 | R346 |
| 5905-855-4075 | 5-11 | R403 | 5905-957-0446 | 5-21 | R234 |
| 5905-855-4075 | 5-11 | R424 | 5905-969-5857 | 5-33 | R1516 |
| 5905-855-7207 | $5-31 \mathrm{~A}$ | R518 | 5905-969-5857 | 5-33 | R1546 |
| 5905-855-7207 | 5-31A | R522 | 5905-975-1273 | 5-29A | R432 |
| 5905-855-7207 | 5-31A | R532 | 5905-975-1273 | 5-29 | R446 |
| 5905-855-7207 | 5-31A | R533 | 5905-975-1300 | 5-29A | R433 |
| 5905-880-2206 | 5-18A | R1007 | 5905-975-4347 | 5-27A | R362 |

## SECTION VII. INDEX-FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE TO FIGURE AND ITEM NUMBER OR REFERENCE DESIGNATION (CONTINUED)

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { FEDERAL } \\ & \text { STOCK } \\ & \text { NUMBER } \end{aligned}$ | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FEDERAL } \\ & \text { STOCK } \\ & \text { NUMBER } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5905-975-4347 | 5-27A | R365 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1534 |
| 5905-975-4358 | 5-17 | R152 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1536 |
| 5905-975-4362 | 5-23A | R276 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1538 |
| 5905-978-7402 | 5-33 | R1510 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1547 |
| 5905-978-7402 | 5-33 | R1540 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1548 |
| 5905-983-5479 | 5-33 | R1509 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1551 |
| 5905-983-5479 | 5-33 | R1539 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1552 |
| 5905-983-5819 | 5-23A | R248 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1555 |
| 5905-983-5819 | 5-23A | R251 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1556 |
| 5905-983-7147 | 5-13 | R216 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1559 |
| 5905-984-1993 | 5-32A | R563 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1560 |
| 5905-984-1993 | 5-32A | R565 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1563 |
| 5905-984-1993 | 5-32A | R566 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1564 |
| 5905-984-1993 | 5-32A | R568 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1567 |
| 5905-985-6058 | 5-26 | R335 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1569 |
| 5905-985-6058 | 5-26 | R342 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1571 |
| 5905-985-6058 | 5-29 | R413 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1573 |
| 5905-985-6059 | 5-22 | R203 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1575 |
| 5905-985-6059 | 5-33 | R1505 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1577 |
| 5905-985-6059 | 5-33 | R1535 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1579 |
| 5905-988-0143 | 5-25 | R343 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1581 |
| 5905-988-0149 | 5-18A | R1018 | 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1590 |
| 5905-988-0149 | 5-18A | R1019 | 5910-280-9608 | 5-27 | C312 |
| 5905-988-0149 | 5-18A | R1020 | 5910-280-9608 | 5-27 | C313 |
| 5905-988-2251 | 5-29 | R425 | 5910-284-4756 | 5-34 | C1592 |
| 5905-989-5579 | 5-17 | R174 | 5910-284-4756 | 5-34 | C1594 |
| 5905-990-5020 | 5-22 | R204 | 5910-543-0821 | 5-17 | C117 |
| 5905-990-5020 | 5-23 | R247 | 5910-543-0823 | 5-17 | C110 |
| 5905-990-5020 | 5-33 | R1506 | 5910-543-0823 | 5-33 | C1540 |
| 5905-990-5020 | 5-33 | R1536 | 5910-543-0823 | 5-33 | C1541 |
| 5905-990-9556 | 5-21 | R236 | 5910-543-0823 | 5-33 | C1544 |
| 5905-993-5953 | 5-25 | R353 | 5910-543-0823 | 5-33 | C1545 |
| 5905-993-5968 | 5-18 | R1017 | 5910-543-0823 | 5-34 | C1587 |
| 5905-993-5987 | 5-25 | R345 | 5910-556-9427 | 5-33 | C1511 |
| 5910-052-2025 | 5-9 | C425 | 5910-556-9427 | 5-33 | C1514 |
| 5910-064-2344 | 5-14 | C9 | 5910-556-9427 | 5-33 | C1554 |
| 5910-088-0385 | 5-17 | C132 | 5910-556-9427 | 5-33 | C1557 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C151 | 5910-556-9440 | 5-17 | C121 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C1506 | 5910-556-9440 | 5-22 | C204 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C1507 | 5910-577-7925 | 5-33 | C1503 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C1522 | 5910-577-7925 | 5-33 | C1546 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C1525 | 5910-578-1623 | 5-16 | C28 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C1529 | 5910-578-1623 | 5-16 | C29 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C1533 | 5910-578-1623 | 5-22 | C201 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C1537 | 5910-578-1623 | 5-22 | C207 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C1549 | 5910-578-1623 | 5-23 | C211 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C1550 | 5910-578-1623 | 5-23 | C213 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C1561 | 5910-578-1623 | 5-18 | C1010 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C1565 | 5910-578-1623 | 5-18 | C1012 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C1568 | 5910-578-1623 | 5-18 | C1014 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C1572 | 5910-578-1623 | 5-18 | C1016 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C1576 | 5910-578-5543 | 5-15 | C31 |
| 5910-195-5157 | 5-33 | C1580 | 5910-578-5543 | 5-23 | C216 |
| 5910-275-6419 | 5-15 | C20 | 5910-578-5543 | 5-32 | C509 |
| 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1504 | 5910-578-5543 | 5-32 | C510 |
| 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1505 | 5910-615-9519 | 5-10A | C411 |
| 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1508 | 5910-615-9519 | 5-10A | C420 |
| 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1509 | 5910-686-6603 | 5-27 | C307 |
| 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1512 | 5910-686-6603 | 5-27 | C308 |
| 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1513 | 5910-686-6603 | 5-27 | C309 |
| 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1516 | 5910-686-6603 | 5-27 | C311 |
| 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1517 | 5910-688-2822 | 5-31 | C517 |
| 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1520 | 5910-688-2822 | 5-31 | C518 |
| 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1521 | 5910-717-0169 | 5-17 | C114 |
| 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1524 | 5910-717-0169 | 5-33 | C1523 |
| 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1526 | 5910-717-0169 | 5-33 | C1566 |
| 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1530 | 5910-725-4795 | 5-18 | C1009 |
| 5910-275-6419 | 5-33 | C1532 | 5910-725-7647 | 5-27 | C314 |
|  |  |  | 5910-725-7647 | 5-18 | C1015 |

## SECTION VII. INDEX-FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE TO FIGURE AND ITEM NUMBER OR REFERENCE DESIGNATION (CONTINUED)



| NUMBER |  | NUMBER |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5910-725-7647 | 5-33 | C1510 | 5910-827-0175 | 5-11 | C410 |
| 5910-725-7647 | 5-33 | C1553 | 5910-838-0869 | 5-26A | C303 |
| 5910-727-3554 | 5-17A | C109 | 5910-851-7794 | 5-26 | C304 |
| 5910-727-3554 | 5-17 | C134 | 5910-857-7280 | 5-10A | C403 |
| 5910-727-3554 | 5-17A | C134 | 5910-867-0118 | 5-23 | C212 |
| 5910-727-9848 | 5-18 | C1003 | 5910-867-0118 | 5-23 | C214 |
| 5910-728-2144 | 5-21 | C202 | 5910-874-6903 | 5-26 | C305 |
| 5910-728-2144 | 5-26 | C302 | 5910-879-4764 | 5-23 | C222 |
| 5910-728-2144 | 5-29 | C409 | 5910-883-4781 | 5-26 | C303 |
| 5910-728-2144 | 5-29 | C412 | 5910-883-4781 | 5-33 | C1588 |
| 5910-728-2144 | 5-29 | C417 | 5910-883-4781 | 5-33 | C1595 |
| 5910-728-2144 | 5-33 | C1501 | 5910-883-4781 | 5-34 | C1591 |
| 5910-728-2144 | 5-33 | C1502 | 5910-889-4777 | 5-14 | C11 |
| 5910-728-2212 | 5-12 | C306 | 5910-889-4777 | 5-18 | C1011 |
| 5910-728-2212 | 5-12 | C315 | 5910-892-7395 | 5-17 | C107 |
| 5910-754-6956 | 5-9 | C425 | 5910-893-7514 | 5-33 | C1527 |
| 5910-760-7924 | 5-25 | C318 | 5910-893-7514 | 5-33 | C1570 |
| 5910-762-2945 | 5-18A | C1004 | 5910-926-8036 | 5-46A | C1500 |
| 5910-803-2880 | 5-29 | C419 | 5910-926-8036 | 5-33 | C1503 |
| 5910-804-2372 | 5-26 | C316 | 5910-926-8036 | 5-33 | C1506 |
| 5910-804-2372 | 5-26 | C317 | 5910-926-8036 | 5-46A | C1543 |
| 5910-804-2377 | 5-33 | C1515 | 5910-926-8036 | 5-46A | C1546 |
| 5910-804-2377 | 5-33 | C1519 | 5910-926-8036 | 5-46A | C1549 |
| 5910-804-2377 | 5-33 | C1558 | 5910-926-8036 | 5-33 | C1589 |
| 5910-804-2377 | 5-33 | C1562 | 5910-934-0327 | 5-14 | C2 |
| 5910-805-2327 | 5-30 | MP505 | 5910-934-0327 | 5-14 | C7 |
| 5910-805-2327 | 5-30 | MP506 | 5910-934-0327 | 5-14 | C8 |
| 5910-806-3772 | 5-33 | C1539 | 5910-934-0327 | 5-14 | C10 |
| 5910-806-3772 | 5-33 | C1582 | 5910-934-0327 | 5-14 | C12 |
| 5910-807-2595 | 5-17A | C124 | 5910-934-0327 | 5-14 | C13 |
| 5910-807-2595 | 5-17 | C133 | 5910-934-0327 | 5-17 | C138 |
| 5910-807-2595 | 5-17A | C133 | 5910-934-0327 | 5-24 | C221 |
| 5910-807-2595 | 5-18 | C1013 | 5910-934-0327 | 5-28 | C404 |
| 5910-807-5570 | 5-23 | C215 | 5910-934-0327 | 5-28 | C405 |
| 5910-807-5570 | 5-28 | C407 | 5910-934-0327 | 5-28 | C406 |
| 5910-807-5570 | 5-29 | C426 | 5910-936-7514 | 5-18 | C1008 |
| 5910-807-9305 | 5-17A | C124 | 5910-952-9440 | 5-18 | C1006 |
| 5910-807-9305 | 5-18 | C1004 | 5910-959-4596 | 5-18 | C1007 |
| 5910-809-1121 | 5-10 | C403 | 5910-976-3686 | 5-21A | C202 |
| 5910-809-4773 | 5-10 | C401 | 5910-976-3686 | 5-21A | C302 |
| 5910-809-4773 | 5-11 | C408 | 5910-976-3686 | 5-29A | C409 |
| 5910-809-4773 | 5-10 | C416 | 5910-976-3686 | 5-29A | C412 |
| 5910-809-4774 | 5-10 | C411 | 5910-976-3686 | 5-29A | C417 |
| 5910-809-4773 | 5-10 | C420 | 5910-976-3686 | 5-46A | C1501 |
| 5910-816-6613 | 5-15 | C32 | 5910-976-3686 | 5-46A | C1502 |
| 5910-816-6613 | 5-17 | C109 | 5910-990-6796 | 5-33 | C1535 |
| 5910-816-6613 | 5-17 | C143 | 5910-990-6796 | 5-33 | C1578 |
| 5910-816-6613 | 5-22 | C205 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-14 | C1 |
| 5910-816-9909 | 5-10 | C1531 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-14 | C14 |
| 5910-816-9909 | 5-33 | C1574 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-14 | C15 |
| 5910-819-5745 | 5-26 | C301 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-15 | C21 |
| 5910-819-5745 | 5-18 | C1002 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-15 | C22 |
| 5910-820-6114 | 5-18 | C1001 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-15 | C25 |
| 5910-822-5682 | 5-20 | C103 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-15 | C26 |
| 5910-822-5682 | 5-17 | C106 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-15 | C27 |
| 5910-822-5682 | 5-17 | C123 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-15 | C30 |
| 5910-822-5682 | 5-17 | C136 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-15 | C33 |
| 5910-822-5682 | 5-19 | C130 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-15 | C34 |
| 5910-822-5682 | 5-31 | C522 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-15 | C35 |
| 5910-822-5682 | 5-31 | C523 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-19 | C101 |
| 5910-823-1056 | 5-34 | C1592 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-20 | C104 |
| 5910-823-1056 | 5-34 | C1594 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-17 | C116 |
| 5910-823-1068 | 5-15 | C23 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-17 | C122 |
| 5910-823-1068 | 5-15 | C24 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-17 | C135 |
| 5910-823-1068 | 5-17 | C102 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-17 | C137 |
| 5910-826-1203 | 5-17 | C108 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-17A | C138 |
| 5910-825-4546 | 5-17 | C105 | 5910-993-8367 | 5-17 | C139 |

## SECTION VII. INDEX-FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE TO FIGURE AND ITEM NUMBER OR REFERENCE DESIGNATION (CONTINUED)

| FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION | $\begin{gathered} \text { FEDERAL } \\ \text { STOCK } \\ \text { NUMBER } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-17 | C140 | 5935-052-2899 | 5-9 | XV305 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-17 | C141 | 5935-082-0481 | 5-9 | J1 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-17 | C142 | 5935-149-3534 | 1-1 | CP603 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-24 | C206 | 5935-149-3534 | 1-1 | CP604 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-26 | C310 | 5935-201-6511 | 5-36 | P2001 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-29 | C413 | 5935-237-6457 | 5-9 | XV305 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-29 | C418 | 5935-258-1767 | 5-13 | E101 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-29A | C418 | 5935-258-1767 | 5-13 | E102 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-31 | C503 | 5935-258-1767 | 5-13 | E104 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-31 | C504 | 5935-258-1767 | 5-13 | E201 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-32 | C506 | 5935-258-1767 | 5-13 | E301 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-32 | C507 | 5935-258-1767 | 5-13 | E302 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-32 | C508 | 5935-258-1767 | 5-13 | E501 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-32 | C511 | 5935-258-1767 | 5-13 | E502 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-32 | C515 | 5935-258-1767 | 5-36 | E2001 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-31 | C516 | 5935-258-1767 | 5-36 | E2002 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-32 | C519 | 5935-258-5811 | 5-30 | P501 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-34 | C1593 | 5935-295-6950 | 5-12 | J105 |
| 5910-993-8367 | 5-36 | C2001 | 5935-502-0342 | 5-35A | E704 |
| 5915-809-9638 | 5-12 | FL401 | 5935-502-5151 | 5-13 | J301 |
| 5920-280-4465 | 5-10 | F404 | 5935-502-5151 | 5-13 | J302 |
| 5920-280-4465 | 5-10 | F405 | 5935-552-7660 | 5-13 | Jio01 |
| 5920-280-8344 | 5-11 | F403 | 5935-552-7660 | 5-13 | J102 |
| 5920-295-9270 | 5-11 | F406 | 5935-552-7660 | 5-13 | J104 |
| 5920-519-7733 | 5-11 | F401 | 5935-552-7660 | 5-13 | J203 |
| 5920-519-7733 | 5-11 | F402 | 5935-552-7660 | 5-30 | J501 |
| 5920-660-6705 | 5-11 | XF401 | 5935-552-7660 | 5-30 | J502 |
| 5920-660-6705 | 5-11 | XF402 | 5935-552-7660 | 5-36 | J2001 |
| 5920-660-6705 | 5-11 | XF403 | 5935-552-7660 | 5-36 | J2002 |
| 5920-660-6705 | 5-11 | XF404 | 5935-577-2281 | 1-1 | P601 |
| 5920-660-6705 | 5-11 | XF405 | 5935-577-2281 | 1-1 | P602 |
| 5920-660-6705 | 5-11 | XF406 | 5935-577-2281 | 1-1 | P603 |
| 5920-894-4556 | 5-11 | F401 | 5935-577-2281 | 1-1 | P604 |
| 5920-894-4556 | 5-11 | F402 | 5935-683-7892 | 1-1 | CP605 |
| 5930-054-0356 | 5-18A | A1000 | 5935-683-7892 | 1-1 | CP606 |
| 5930-054-0358 | 5-34 | A500 | 5935-687-1779 | 5-26A | XV304 |
| 5930-057-5260 | 5-33 | A1502 | 5935-687-1779 | 5-26A | XV307 |
| 5930-057-5260 | 5-33 | A1503 | 5935-688-3404 | 5-26A | XV301 |
| 5930-655-1508 | 5-36 | S2001 | 5935-688-3404 | 5-26A | XV306 |
| 5930-655-1508 | 5-36 | S2002 | 5935-688-3404 | 5-26A | XV310 |
| 5930-655-1514 | 5-13 | S201 | 5935-688-3404 | 5-26A | XV311 |
| 5930-655-1515 | 5-36 | S2001 | 5935-753-7565 | 5-26 | XV308 |
| 5930-655-1575 | 5-13 | S401 | 5935-753-7565 | 5-26 | XV309 |
| 5930-655-1582 | 5-36 | S2002 | 5935-763-2258 | 5-32 | XV507 |
| 5930-757-3076 | 5-19 | S101 | 5935-763-2258 | 5-32 | X9508 |
| 5930-757-3077 | 5-20 | S102 | 5935-805-4991 | 1-1 | P402 |
| 5930-757-3078 | 5-21 | S202 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-14 | XV1 |
| 5930-757-3079 | 5-18 | S1001 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-14 | XV4 |
| 5930-757-3080 | 5-34 | S505 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-14 | XV5 |
| 5930-757-3081 | 5-30 | S506 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-15 | XV7 |
| 5930-757-3081 | 5-30 | S507 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-15 | XV10 |
| 5930-757-7699 | 5-25 | S302 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-15 | XV11 |
| 5930-757-7702 | 5-33 | S502 | 5935-878-9569 | 5-17 | XV101 |
| 5930-757-7702 | 5-33 | S504 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-17 | XV103 |
| 5930-757-7702 | 5-33 | S504 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-17 | XV104 |
| 5930-790-4889 | 5-11 | S402 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-17 | XV105 |
| 5930-795-9384 | 5-30 | S506 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-17 | XV107 |
| 5930-795-9384 | 5-30 | S507 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-17 | XV109 |
| 5930-795-9386 | 5-33 | S502 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-17 | XV113 |
| 5930-795-9386 | 5-33 | S504 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-17 | XV114 |
| 5930-795-9388 | 5-33 | S501 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-17 | XV115 |
| 5930-795-9388 | 5-33 | S503 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-24 | XV201 |
| 5930-809-4792 | 5-13 | S1 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-24 | XV202 |
| 5930-861-0412 | 5-33 | S501 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-23 | XV203 |
| 5930-861-0412 | 5-33 | S503 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-23 | XV204 |
| 5930-895-6393 | 5-11 | S402 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-23 | XV2C5 |
| 5930-936-3789 | 5-13 | S1 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-23 | XV206 |
| 5930-960-0158 | 5-20 | S102 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-23 | XV207 |
| 5930-960-0159 | 5-19 | S101 | 5935-808-9569 | 5-26 | XV301 |

## SECTION VII. INDEX-FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE TO FIGURE AND ITEM NUMBER OR REFERENCE DESIGNATION (CONTINUED)

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { FEDERAL } \\ & \text { STOCK } \\ & \text { NUMBER } \end{aligned}$ | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FEDERAL } \\ & \text { STOCK } \\ & \text { NUMBER } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5935-808-9569 | 5-26 | XV306 | 5940-543-8538 | 5-30 | MP521 |
| 5935-808-9569 | 5-26 | XV310 | 5940-543-8538 | 5-30 | MP522 |
| 5935-808-9569 | 5-26 | XV311 | 5940-543-8538 | 5-30 | MP523 |
| 5935-808-9569 | 5-31 | XV501 | 5940-543-8538 | 5-30 | MP524 |
| 5935-808-9569 | 5-31 | XV502 | 5940-543-8538 | 5-30 | MP525 |
| 5935-808-9569 | 5-31 | XV504 | 5950-052-0748 | 5-17 | L102 |
| 5935-808-9569 | 5-31 | XV505 | 5950-052-0748 | 5-17 | L103 |
| 5935-823-0639 | 1-1 | CP601 | 5950-052-2905 | 5-14A | L4 |
| 5935-823-0639 | 1-1 | CP602 | 5950-052-2905 | 5-14A | L6 |
| 5935-841-7102 | 5-32A | XV507 | 5950-053-8245 | 5-14A | L3 |
| 5935-841-7102 | 5-32A | XV508 | 5950-053-8245 | 5-14A | L5 |
| 5935-843-7362 | 1-1 | P401 | 5950-053-8245 | 5-15A | L21 |
| 5935-843-9008 | 5-13 | J101 | 5950-053-8245 | 5-15A | L22 |
| 5935-843-9008 | 5-13 | J102 | 5950-053-8245 | 5-31A | L514 |
| 5935-843-9008 | 5-13 | J104 | 5950-053-8245 | $5-31 \mathrm{~A}$ | L515 |
| 5935-843-9006 | 5-13 | J201 | 5950-053-8245 | 5-31A | L518 |
| 5935-843-9008 | 5-13 | J301 | 5950-053-8245 | 5-31A | L519 |
| 5935-843-9008 | 5-13 | J302 | 5950-059-3904 | 5-17A | L101 |
| 5935-843-9008 | 5-30 | J501 | 5950-504-6500 | 5-11 | L402 |
| 5935-843-9008 | 5-30 | J502 | 5950-504-6500 | 5-11 | L404 |
| 5935-843-9008 | 5-36 | J2001 | 5950-504-6505 | 5-9 | T401 |
| 5935-843-9008 | 5-36 | J2002 | 5950-504-6510 | 5-31 | L501 |
| 5935-849-9455 | 5-14 | XV2 | 5950-504-6510 | 5-31 | L502 |
| 5935-849-9455 | 5-14 | XV3 | 5950-504-6510 | 5-31 | L511 |
| 5935-849-9455 | 5-15 | XV6 | 5950-504-6510 | 5-31 | L512 |
| 5935-849-9455 | 5-15 | XV12 | 5950-701-5926 | 5-14A | L9 |
| 5935-849-9455 | 5-15 | XV13 | 5950-701-5926 | 5-15A | L14 |
| 5935-849-9455 | 5-31 | XV503 | 5950-701-5926 | 5-15A | L17 |
| 5935-849-9455 | 5-31 | XV506 | 5950-701-5926 | 5-31A | L503 |
| 5935-850-6567 | 5-29A | XV401 | 5950-701-5926 | 5-31A | L505 |
| 5935-856-6987 | 5-26 | XV304 | 5950-701-5926 | 5-31A | L508 |
| 5935-856-6987 | 5-26 | XV307 | 5950-701-5926 | 5-31A | L510 |
| 5935-856-6987 | 5-29 | XV401 | 5950-724-6209 | 5-15A | L13 |
| 5935-856-9441 | 1-1 | CP607 | 5950-724-6209 | 5-15A | L16 |
| 5935-856-9441 | 1-1 | CP608 | 5950-728-5333 | 5-14 | L1 |
| 5935-856-9441 | 1-1 | CP609 | 5950-728-5333 | 5-14 | L2 |
| 5935-856-9441 | 1-1 | CP610 | 5950-752-3549 | 5-31 | L516 |
| 5935-962-8580 | 1-1 | CP607 | 5950-752-3549 | 5-31 | L517 |
| 5935-962-8580 | 1-1 | CP608 | 5950-754-9896 | 5-14 | L3 |
| 5935-962-8580 | 1-1 | CP609 | 5950-754-9896 | 5-14 | L5 |
| 5935-962-8580 | 1-1 | CP610 | 5950-754-9896 | 5-15 | L21 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-14 | XV1 | 5950-754-9896 | 5-15 | L22 |
| 5935-990-2827 | $5-14 \mathrm{~A}$ | XV4 | 5950-754-9896 | 5-31 | L514 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-14A | XV5 | 5950-754-9896 | 5-31 | LS15 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-15A | XV7 | 5950-754-9896 | 5-31 | L518 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-15A | XV10 | 5950-754-9896 | 5-31 | L519 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-15A | XV11 | 5950-757-7700 | 5-9 | T301 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-17A | XV101 | 5950-757-7703 | 5-33 | T501 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-17A | XV103 | 5950-773-8948 | 5-15A | L19 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-17A | XV104 | 5950-773-8948 | 5-15A | L20 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-17A | XV105 | 5950-795-9381 | 5-33 | T501 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-17A | XV107 | 5950-795-9383 | 5-9 | T401 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-17A | XV109 | 5950-801-1525 | 5-15 | L19 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-17A | XV113 | 5950-801-1525 | 5-15 | L20 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-17A | XV114 | 5950-802-0913 | 5-26 | L301 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-17A | XV115 | 5950-802-0913 | 5-32 | L513 |
| 5935-990-2827 | $5-24 \mathrm{~A}$ | XV201 | 5950-802-1805 | 5-17 | L101 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-24A | XV202 | 5950-809-4459 | 5-23 | L201 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-23A | XV203 | 5950-809-4459 | 5-23 | L202 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-23A | XV204 | 5950-809-4797 | 5-10 | L406 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-23A | XV205 | 5950-810-0824 | 5-10 | L403 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-23A | XV206 | 5950-810-0824 | 5-10 | L405 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-23A | XV207 | 5950-810-4611 | 5-14 | L10 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-31A | XV501 | 5950-810-4611 | 5-14A | L10 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-31A | XV502 | 5950-812-2760 | 5-15 | L13 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-31A | XV504 | 5950-812-2760 | 5-15 | L16 |
| 5935-990-2827 | 5-31A | XV505 | 5950-823-1209 | 5-31 | L503 |
| 5940-543-8538 |  | MP420 | 5950-823-1209 | 5-31 | L505 |
| 5940-543-8538 | 5-30 | MP520 | 5950-823-1209 | 5-31 | L508 |

## SECTION VII. INDEX-FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE TO FIGURE AND ITEM NUMBER OR REFERENCE DESIGNATION (CONTINUED)

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { FEDERAL } \\ & \text { STOCK } \\ & \text { NUMBER } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION | FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER | FIGURE NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR REF. DESIGNATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5950-823-1209 | 5-31 | L510 | 5961-082-4201 | 5-17 | CR101 |
| 5950-852-5167 | 5-14 | L9 | 5961-082-4202 | 5-17 | CR104 |
| 5950-852-5167 | 5-15 | L14 | 5961-082-4203 | 5-10 | Q403 |
| 5950-852-5167 | 5-15 | L17 | 5961-082-4203 | 5-10 | Q404 |
| 5950-880-0347 | 5-26A | L301 | 5961-082-4203 | 5-10 | Q405 |
| 5950-880-0347 | 5-32A | L513 | 5961-082-4203 | 5-10 | Q409 |
| 5950-892-8209 | 5-31A | L516 | 5961-082-4203 | 5-10 | Q413 |
| 5950-892-8209 | 5-31A | L517 | 5961-082-4203 | 5-10 | Q416 |
| 5950-893-1607 | 5-15 | L15 | 5961-082-4203 | 5-10 | Q418 |
| 5950-893-1607 | 5-15 | L18 | 5961-082-4203 | 5-10 | Q419 |
| 5950-893-1608 | 5-14 | L4 | 5961-752-5229 | 5-29 | Q401 |
| 5950-893-1608 | 5-14 | L6 | 5961-752-5229 | 5-29A | Q401 |
| 5950-936-7655 | 5-15A | L15 | 5961-752-5229 | 5-29 | Q402 |
| 5950-936-7655 | 5-15A | L18 | 5961-752-5229 | 5-29A | Q402 |
| 5950-957-3013 | 5-14A | L1 | 5961-752-5229 | 5-29A | Q406 |
| 5950-957-3013 | 5-14A | L2 | 5961-752-5229 | 5-29 | Q407 |
| 5960-262-0185 | 5-6 | V307 | 5961-752-5229 | 5-29A | Q407 |
| 5960-262-0286 | 5-6 | V401 | 5961-752-5229 | 5-29 | Q408 |
| 5960-272-8553 | 5-6 | V308 | 5961-752-5229 | 5-29A | Q408 |
| 5960-272-8553 | 5-6 | V309 | 5961-752-5229 | 5-29 | Q412 |
| 5960-272-8553 | 5-6 | V310 | 5961-752-5229 | 5-29A | Q412 |
| 5960-272-8553 | 5-6 | V311 | 5961-752-5229 | 5-29 | Q414 |
| 5960-615-0243 | 5-6 | V109 | 5961-752-5229 | 5-29A | Q414 |
| 5960-615-0243 | 5-6 | V204 | 5961-752-5229 | 5-29 | Q415 |
| 5960-615-0243 | 5-6 | V205 | 5961-752-5229 | 5-29A | Q415 |
| 5960-615-0243 | 5-6 | V207 | 5961-811-5799 | 5-10 | CR414 |
| 5960-669-6861 | 5-6 | V304 | 5961-811-5799 | 5-10 | CR415 |
| 5960-686-8087 | 5-30 | MP517 | 5961-814-0768 | 5-17 | CR102 |
| 5960-686-8087 | 5-30 | MP518 | 5961-814-0768 | 5-31 | CR501 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V1 | 5961-814-0768 | 5-32 | CR502 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V2 | 5961-814-0768 | 5-32 | CR503 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V3 | 5961-814-0768 | 5-32 | CR504 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V4 | 5961-814-0768 | 5-31 | CR505 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V5 | 5961-814-0768 | 5-36 | CR2001 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-15 | V6 | 5961-846-7338 | 5-10 | Q417 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-15 | V7 | 5961-851-5923 | 5-29 | Q406 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-15 | V10 | 5961-851-5923 | 5-29 | Q410 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-15 | vil | 5961-851-5923 | 5-29A | Q410 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-15 | V12 | 5961-851-5923 | 5-29 | Q411 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-15 | V13 | 5961-851-5923 | 5-29A | Q411 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | vi01 | 5961-852-7549 | 5-17 | CR103 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V103 | 5961-852-7549 | 5-29 | CR413 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V104 | 5961-852-7549 | 5-29 | CR416 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V105 | 5961-883-4798 | 5-28 | CR401 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V107 | 5961-883-4798 | 5-28 | CR402 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V113 | 5961-883-4798 | 5-28 | CR403 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V114 | 5961-883-4798 | 5-28 | CR404 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V115 | 5961-883-4798 | 5-28 | CR405 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V201 | 5961-883-4798 | 5-28 | CR406 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V202 | 5961-883-4798 | 5-28 | CR407 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V203 | 5961-883-4798 | 5-28 | CR408 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V206 | 5961-883-4798 | 5-28 | CR409 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V301 | 5961-883-4798 | 5-28 | CR410 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V306 | 5961-883-4798 | 5-28 | CR411 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V501 | 5961-883-4798 | 5-28 | CR412 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V502 | 5961-892-0748 | 5-32 | CR506 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V503 | 5961-934-3002 | 5-10 | Q403 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V504 | 5961-934-3002 | 5-10 | Q404 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V505 | 5961-934-3002 | 5-10 | Q405 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V506 | 5961-934-3002 | 5-10 | Q409 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V507 | 5961-934-3002 | 5-10 | Q413 |
| 5960-806-5614 | 5-6 | V508 | 5961-934-3002 | 5-10 | Q416 |
| 5960-881-6636 | 5-6 | V305 | 5961-934-3002 | 5-10 | Q418 |
| 5961-062-2320 | 5-23 | Q201 | 5961-934-3002 | 5-10 | Q419 |
| 5961-062-2320 | 5-23 | Q202 | 5995-045-4579 | 5-9 | DL301 |
| 5961-062-2320 | 5-31 | Q501 | 5995-752-8781 | 1-1 | A603 |
| 5961-062-2320 | 5-31 | Q502 | 5995-752-8781 | 1-1 | A604 |
| 5961-062-2320 | 5-31 | Q503 | 5995-985-7744 | 1-1 | A403 |
| 5961-062-2320 | 5-31 | Q504 | 6105-134-9996 | $5-11 \mathrm{~A}$ | B401 |

SECTION VII. INDEX-FEDERAL STOCK NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE TO FIGURE AND ITEM NUMBER OR REFERENCE DESIGNATION (CONTINUED)

| FEDERAL <br> STOCK | FIGURE <br> NUMBER | ITEM NUMBER OR <br> REF. DESIGNATION |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NUMBER |  |  |  |  |  |  |

SECTION VIII. INDEX- REFERENCE DESIGNATION CROSS REFERENCE TO PAGE NUMBER (CONTINUED)

| REFERENCE DESIGNATION | PAGE NUMBER | REFERENCE DESIGNATION | PAGE <br> NUMBER | REFERENCE DESIGNATION | PAGE NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | 3 | C110 | 7 | C412 | 16 |
| A2 | 4 | C114 | 7 | C413 | 16 |
| A3 | 6 | C116 | 7 | C416 | 19 |
| A5 | 24 | C117 | 7 | C417 | 16 |
| A100 | 6 | C118 | 7 | C418 | 16 |
| A101 | 6 | C119 | 7 | C419 | 16 |
| A103 | 10 | C121 | 7 | C420 | 19 |
| A200 | 10 | C122 | 7 | C425 | 19 |
| A201 | 11 | C123 | 6 | C426 | 16 |
| A202 | 11 | C124 | 7 | C503 | 25 |
| A203 | 12 | C130 | 6 | C504 | 25 |
| A300 | 13 | C132 | 7 | C506 | 26 |
| A301 | 13 | C133 | 7 | C507 | 26 |
| A302 | 15 | C134 | 7 | C508 | 26 |
| A401 | 16 | C135 | 7 | C509 | 26 |
| A402 | 16 | C136 | 6 | C510 | 26 |
| A403 | 18 | C137 | 7 | C511 | 26 |
| A500 | 24 | C138 | 7 | C515 | 26 |
| A501 | 25 | C139 | 7 | C516 | 25 |
| A502 | 26 | C140 | 7 | C517 | 25 |
| A503 | 27 | C141 | 7 | C518 | 25 |
| A601 | 2,30 | C142 | 7 | C519 | 26 |
| A602 | 2,30 | C143 | 7 | C522 | 25 |
| A603 | 18 | C201 | 11 | C523 | 25 |
| A604 | 18 | C202 | 10 | C1001 | 18 |
| A1000 | 18 | C204 | 11 | C1002 | 18 |
| A1502 | 27 | C205 | 11 | C1003 | 18 |
| A1503 | 27 | C206 | 12 | C1004 | 18 |
| A2000 | 30 | C207 | 11 | C1006 | 18 |
| B401 | 19 | C211 | 11 | C1007 | 18 |
| C1 | 3 | C212 | 11 | C1008 | 18 |
| C2 | 3 | C213 | 11 | C1009 | 18 |
| C7 | 3 | C214 | 11 | C1010 | 18 |
| C8 | 3 | C215 | 11 | C1011 | 18 |
| C9 | 3 | C216 | 11 | C1012 | 18 |
| C10 | 3 | C221 | 12 | C1013 | 18 |
| C11 | 3 | C222 | 11 | C1014 | 18 |
| C12 | 3 | C301 | 14 | C1015 | 18 |
| C13 | 3 | C302 | 14 | C1016 | 18 |
| C14 | 3 | C303 | 14 | C1500 | 27 |
| C15 | 3 | C304 | 14 | C1501 | 27 |
| C20 | 4 | C305 | 14 | C1502 | 27 |
| C21 | 4 | C306 | 19 | C1503 | 27 |
| C22 | 4 | C307 | 15 | C1504 | 27 |
| C23 | 4 | C308 | 15 | C1505 | 27 |
| C24 | 4 | C309 | 15 | C1506 | 27 |
| C25 | 4 | C310 | 14 | C1507 | 28 |
| C26 | 4 | C311 | 15 | C1508 | 27 |
| C27 | 4 | C312 | 15 | C1509 | 27 |
| C28 | 6 | C313 | 15 | C1510 | 28 |
| C29 | 6 | C314 | 15 | C1511 | 28 |
| C30 | 4 | C315 | 19 | C1512 | 27 |
| C31 | 4 | C316 | 14 | C1513 | 27 |
| C32 | 5 | C317 | 14 | C1514 | 28 |
| C33 | 4 | C318 | 13 | C1515 | 28 |
| C34 | 4 | C401 | 19 | C1516 | 27 |
| C35 | 4 | C402 | 19 | C1517 | 27 |
| C101 | 6 | C403 | 19 | C1518 | 28 |
| C102 | 6 | C404 | 16 | C1519 | 28 |
| C103 | 10 | C405 | 16 | C1520 | 27 |
| C104 | 10 | C406 | 16 | C1521 | 27 |
| C105 | 6 | C407 | 16 | C1522 | 28 |
| C106 | 6 | C408 | 19 | C1523 | 28 |
| C107 | 7 | C409 | 16 | C1524 | 27 |
| C108 | 7 | C410 | 19 | C1525 | 28 |
| C109 | 7 | C411 | 19 | C1526 | 27 |

SECTION VIII. INDEX- REFERENCE DESIGNATION CROSS REFERENCE TO PAGE NUMBER (CONTINUED)

| REFERENCE <br> DESIGNATION | PAGE <br> NUMBER | REFERENCE <br> DESIGNATION | PAGE <br> NUMBER | REFERENCE <br> DESIGNATION | PAGE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | NUMBER |

SECTION VIII. INDEX- REFERENCE DESIGNATION CROSS REFERENCE TO PAGE NUMBER (CONTINUED)

| REFERENCE DESIGNATION | PAGE <br> NUMBER | REFERENCE DESIGNATION | PAGE <br> NUMBER | REFERENCE DESIGNATION | PAGE NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MP147 | 2,20 | Q413 | 21 | R69 | 5 |
| MP201 | 21 | Q414 | 16 | R70 | 5 |
| MP202 | 20 | Q415 | 16 | R71 | 5 |
| MP203 | 20 | Q416 | 21 | R75 | 6 |
| MP301 | 21 | Q417 | 21 | R76 | 6 |
| MP302 | 21 | Q418 | 21 | R77 | 5 |
| MP303 | 21 | Q419 | 21 | R78 | 5 |
| MP304 | 21 | Q501 | 25 | R79 | 5 |
| MP306 | 21 | Q502 | 25 | R80 | 5 |
| MP307 | 21 | Q503 | 25 | R81 | 6 |
| MP319 | 21 | Q504 | 25 | R82 | 6 |
| MP320 | 21 | R1 | 3 | R83 | 5 |
| MP321 | 21 | R2 | 3 | R84 | 5 |
| MP322 | 21 | R3 | 3 | R85 | 5 |
| MP402 | 21 | R4 | 3 | R86 | 5 |
| MP419 | 21 | R5 | 4 | R87 | 21 |
| MP420 | 21 | R6 | 4 | R88 | 21 |
| MP505 | 29 | R7 | 4 | R89 | 5 |
| MP506 | 29 | R8 | 4 | R90 | 5 |
| MP507 | 29 | R9 | 4 | R91 | 6 |
| MP508 | 29 | R11 | 4 | R92 | 5 |
| MP509 | 29 | R12 | 4 | R93 | 5 |
| MP510 | 29 | R13 | 21 | R94 | 6 |
| MP511 | 29 | R14 | 4 | R95 | 21 |
| MP512 | 29 | R16 | 4 | R96 | 21 |
| MP513 | 29 | R18 | 3 | R97 | 6 |
| MP514 | 29 | R19 | 3 | R98 | 6 |
| MP515 | 29 | R20 | 4 | R99 | 21 |
| MP516 | 29 | R21 | 3 | R101 | 6 |
| MP517 | 29 | R22 | 3 | R102 | 6 |
| MP518 | 29 | R23 | 4 | R103 | 10 |
| MP520 | 30 | R24 | 4 | R104 | 10 |
| MP521 | 30 | R25 | 4 | R106 | 10 |
| MP522 | 30 | R26 | 3 | R107 | 7 |
| MP523 | 30 | R27 | 4 | R108 | 7 |
| MP524 | 30 | R28 | 4 | R109 | 8 |
| MP525 | 30 | R29 | 4 | R110 | 8 |
| MP605 | 21 | R30 | 3 | R111 | 8 |
| MP606 | 21 | R31 | 4 | R112 | 8 |
| MP607 | 21 | R32 | 4 | R113 | 8 |
| MP608 | 21 | R36 | 4 | R114 | 21 |
| MP609 | 2,21 | R37 | 4 | R115 | 8 |
| MP2001 | 30 | R38 | 4 | R116 | 8 |
| MP2002 | 30 | R39 | 4 | R117 | 7 |
| P401 | 18 | R40 | 4 | R118 | 8 |
| P402 | 18 | R41 | 4 | R119 | 8 |
| P501 | 30 | R45 | 5 | R120 | 8 |
| P601 | 18 | R46 | 5 | R121 | 8 |
| P602 | 18 | R47 | 5 | R122 | 7 |
| P603 | 18 | R48 | 5 | R123 | 8 |
| P604 | 18 | R49 | 5 | R124 | 7 |
| P2001 | 30 | R50 | 5 | R125 | 8 |
| Q201 | 11 | R51 | 5 | R130 | 8 |
| Q202 | 11 | R52 | 5 | R131 | 8 |
| Q401 | 16 | R53 | 5 | R132 | 8 |
| Q402 | 16 | R54 | 5 | R133 | 8 |
| Q403 | 21 | R55 | 5 | R135 | 8 |
| Q404 | 21 | R56 | 5 | R136 | 7 |
| Q405 | 21 | R61 | 5 | R137 | 8 |
| Q406 | 16 | R62 | 5 | R138 | 8 |
| Q407 | 16 | R63 | 5 | R139 | 8 |
| Q408 | 16 | R64 | 5 | R140 | 7 |
| Q409 | 21 | R65 | 5 | R141 | 8 |
| Q410 | 16 | R66 | 5 | R142 | 8 |
| Q411 | 16 | R67 | 5 | R143 | 7 |
| Q412 | 16 | R68 | 5 | R144 | 8 |

SECTION VIII. INDEX- REFERENCE DESIGNATION CROSS REFERENCE TO PAGE NUMBER (CONTINUED)

| REFERENCE DESIGNATION | PAGE <br> NUMBER | REFERENCE DESIGNATION | PAGE <br> NUMBER | REFERENCE DESIGNATION | PAGE <br> NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R145 | 8 | R234 | 7 | R328 | 15 |
| R146 | 8 | R235 | 7 | R330 | 22 |
| R147 | 8 | R236 | 7 | R331 | 15 |
| R148 | 8 | R237 | 10 | R332 | 15 |
| R149 | 8 | R238 | 10 | R333 | 15 |
| R150 | 7 | R239 | 10 | R334 | 15 |
| R151 | 7 | R240 | 10 | R335 | 14 |
| R152 | 9 | R241 | 10 | R336 | 14 |
| R153 | 9 | R242 | 10 | R337 | 15 |
| R154 | 7 | R243 | 21 | R338 | 15 |
| R155 | 7 | R244 | 11 | R339 | 15 |
| R156 | 9 | R245 | 11 | R340 | 15 |
| R157 | 8 | R246 | 11 | R341 | 13 |
| R158 | 9 | R247 | 11 | R342 | 14 |
| R159 | 9 | R248 | 11 | R343 | 13 |
| R160 | 9 | R249 | 12 | R344 | 13 |
| R161 | 6 | R250 | 12 | R345 | 13 |
| R162 | 6 | R251 | 12 | R346 | 13 |
| R163 | 21 | R252 | 11 | R347 | 13 |
| R164 | 6 | R253 | 12 | R348 | 13 |
| R165 | 9 | R254 | 12 | R349 | 13 |
| R167 | 7 | R255 | 12 | R350 | 13 |
| R168 | 9 | R256 | 12 | R351 | 13 |
| R169 | 9 | R257 | 12 | R352 | 13 |
| R170 | 8 | R258 | 12 | R353 | 13 |
| R171 | 9 | R259 | 11 | R354 | 13 |
| R172 | 9 | R260 | 11 | R355 | 15 |
| R173 | 7 | R264 | 11 | R356 | 15 |
| R174 | 9 | R265 | 22 | R357 | 15 |
| R175 | 7 | R266 | 12 | R358 | 16 |
| R176 | 9 | R267 | 12 | R359 | 16 |
| R177 | 9 | R268 | 12 | R360 | 16 |
| R178 | 21 | R269 | 12 | R361 | 21 |
| R179 | 9 | R270 | 22 | R362 | 16 |
| R180 | 9 | R271 | 12 | R363 | 22 |
| R181 | 7 | R272 | 12 | R364 | 16 |
| R182 | 9 | R273 | 12 | R365 | 16 |
| R186 | 7 | R274 | 12 | R366 | 16 |
| R187 | 7 | R275 | 12 | R367 | 15 |
| R188 | 9 | R276 | 12 | R368 | 22 |
| R189 | 7 | R277 | 13 | R400 | 22 |
| R190 | 9 | R278 | 12 | R401 | 22 |
| R201 | 11 | R302 | 14 | R402 | 22 |
| R202 | 11 | R303 | 14 | R403 | 22 |
| R203 | 11 | R304 | 14 | R405 | 22 |
| R204 | 11 | R305 | 14 | R406 | 22 |
| R205 | 12 | R306 | 14 | R407 | 22 |
| R206 | 12 | R308 | 14 | R408 | 16 |
| R207 | 12 | R309 | 14 | R409 | 16 |
| R208 | 12 | R310 | 22 | R410 | 16 |
| R209 | 10 | R311 | 22 | R411 | 22 |
| R210 | 10 | R312 | 14 | R412 | 16 |
| R211 | 21 | R313 | 15 | R413 | 17 |
| R212 | 11 | R314 | 15 | R415 | 17 |
| R213 | 11 | R315 | 15 | R416 | 17 |
| R214 | 13 | R316 | 15 | R417 | 17 |
| R215 | 12 | R317 | 15 | R421 | 22 |
| R216 | 21 | R318 | 15 | R422 | 22 |
| R217 | 13 | R319 | 14 | R423 | 22 |
| R218 | 13 | R321 | 22 | R424 | 22 |
|  |  | R322 | 15 | R425 | 17 |
| R221 | 13 | R323 | 15 | R426 | 17 |
| R222 | 13 | R324 | 22 | R427 | 17 |
| R223A/B | 21 | R325 | 15 | R428 | 17 |
| R224 | 13 | R326 | 15 | R429 | 17 |
| R233 | 10 | R327 | 15 | R430 | 17 |
| 46 |  |  |  |  |  |

SECTION VIII. INDEX- REFERENCE DESIGNATION CROSS REFERENCE TO PAGE NUMBER (CONTINUED)


SECTION VIII. INDEX- REFERENCE DESIGNATION CROSS REFERENCE TO PAGE NUMBER (CONTINUED)

| REFERENCE DESIGNATION | PAGE NUMBER | REFERENCE DESIGNATION | PAGE <br> NUMBER | REFERENCE DESIGNATION | PAGE <br> NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S102 | 10 | V304 | 23 | XV301 | 15 |
| S201 | 23 | V305 | 23 | XV502 | 26 |
| S202 | 10 | V306 | 23 | XV503 | 26 |
| S302 | 13 | V307 | 23 | XV504 | 26 |
| S401 | 23 | V308 | 23 | XV505 | 26 |
| S402 | 23 | V309 | 23 | XV506 | 22 |
| S501 | 29 | V310 | 23 | XV507 | 27 |
| S502 | 24 | V311 | 23 | XV508 | 27 |
| S503 | 29 | V401 | 23 | XV304 | 15 |
| S504 | 24 | V501 | 30 | XV305 | 24 |
| S505 | 24 | V502 | 30 | XV306 | 18 |
| S506 | 30 | V503 | 30 | XV307 | 15 |
| S507 | 26 | V504 | 30 | XV308 | 15 |
| S1001 | 19 | V505 | 30 | XV309 | 15 |
| S2001 | 30 | V506 | 30 | XV310 | 15 |
| S2002 | 30 | V507 | 30 | XV311 | 15 |
| T301 | 23 | V508 | 30 | XV401 | 18 |
| T401 | 23 29 | V509 W401 | 27 18 | XV501 | 26 |
| TB1 | 23 | W603 | 2,30 |  |  |
| тв2 | 23 | W604 | 2,30 |  |  |
| TB201 | 10 | W605 | 18 |  |  |
| TB301 | 23 | W606 | 18 |  |  |
| TB401 | 23 | W701 | 2,31 |  |  |
| TB402 | 23 | W702 | 29 |  |  |
| TB403 | 25 | XDS401 | 23 |  |  |
| TB404 | 23 | XDS403 | 24 |  |  |
| TB405 | 23 | XDS404 | 24 |  |  |
| TB406 | 23 | XDS405 | 24 |  |  |
| TB408 | 23 | XDS406 | 24 |  |  |
| TB2001 | 30 4 | XDS 1001 XDS2001 | 24 30 |  |  |
| V2 | 4 | XF401 | 24 |  |  |
| V3 | 4 | XF402 | 24 |  |  |
| V4 | 4 | XF403 | 24 |  |  |
| V5 | 4 | XF404 | 24 |  |  |
| V6 | 6 | XF405 | 24 |  |  |
| V7 | 6 | XF406 | 24 |  |  |
| V8 | 6 6 | XV1 $\times \mathrm{V} 2$ | 4 4 |  |  |
| V10 | 6 | xv3 | 4 |  |  |
| V11 | 6 | XV4 | 4 |  |  |
| V12 | 6 | XV5 | 4 |  |  |
| V13 | ${ }^{6}$ | XV6 | 6 |  |  |
| V101 | 23 | XV7 | 6 |  |  |
| V102 | 9 23 | XV10 XV11 | 6 |  |  |
| V104 | 23 | XV12 | 6 |  |  |
| V105 | 23 | XV13 | 6 |  |  |
| V107 | 23 | XV101 | 9 |  |  |
| V109 | $\stackrel{23}{9}$ | XV103 | 9 |  |  |
| V110 | 9 | XV104 | 9 |  |  |
| V111 | 9 23 | XV105 XV107 | 9 9 |  |  |
| V114 | 23 | XV109 | 9 |  |  |
| V115 | 23 | XV113 | 9 |  |  |
| V116 | 9 | XV114 | 9 |  |  |
| V201 |  | XV115 | 9 |  |  |
| V202 | 23 | XV201 | 13 |  |  |
| V203 | 23 | XV202 | 13 |  |  |
| V204 | 23 | XV203 | 12 |  |  |
| V205 | 23 | XV204 | 12 |  |  |
| V206 | 23 | XV205 | 12 |  |  |
| V207 V 301 | 23 23 | XV206 | 10 |  |  |
| V301 | 23 15 | XV207 XV301 | 12 15 |  |  |
| *U S GOVERNMEN | VTING 198 | 1-647/3592 |  |  |  |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { TEST } \\ \text { POINT } \end{gathered}$ | volts |
| :---: | :---: |
| A4-A5 | 6 mv |
| A20-A22 | 10 mv |
| A22-A25 | 11 |
| -A | 11 |
| A26 | 675 |
| A4-Gnd | 4.5 mv |
| A13-A16 | 20 mv |
| A16-A18 | 10 |
| A4-A18 | 11 |
| A19 | 475 |
| A3-Gnd | 2 mv |
| A6-A9 | m |
| A9-A11 | 8 v |
| $\mathrm{A}^{12}$ | 425 |
| $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ - ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 2.5 mv |
| A27-A28 | 75. mv |
| A28-A30 | 1.2 V |
| A1-A30 | 1.2 |



Figure 4-3. Low-Voltage Power Supply Functional and Servicing Block Diagram

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Typif } \\ \text { Rippl } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| A |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| A26 | 675 v |
| A4-Gnd |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| A19 |  |
| A3-Gnd |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| A12 | 425 |
| A1-A2 |  |
| A27-A |  |
| A28-A30 |  |
| A1-A30 | 1.2 v |
|  |  |




Figure 4-4. High-Voltage Power Supply Functional and Servicing Block Diagram


| Test Point | Location | $\begin{gathered} \text { (Spot } 2 \mathrm{~cm} \text { High) } \\ \text { Voltage (Spot Center) } \\ \text { (Spot } 2 \mathrm{~cm} \text { Low) } \end{gathered}$ | Test Point | Location | Voltage | (Spot 2 cm High) <br> (Spot Center) <br> (Spot 2 cm Low) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{\text {E } 1}$ | v1(2) | $\begin{gathered} -1.87 \\ \hline-2.07 \\ -2.28 \end{gathered}$ | None | v7(6) |  | $\xrightarrow[\substack{+2.4 \\+0.55 \\+0.55}]{+}$ |
| E2 | v1(7) | -2.28 -2.07 -1.87 | E11 | V11(7) |  | $\xrightarrow[\substack{+0.75 \\+2.5}]{+0.5}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {E3 }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{1}(3) \end{aligned}$ | -0.12 -0.38 -.055 | E12 | v11(2) |  | $\begin{gathered} +2.5 \\ +1.65 \\ +0.75 \end{gathered}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {E4 }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{v}(8) \\ & \mathrm{v}(\mathrm{t}) \end{aligned}$ | -0.55 -0.33 -0.12 | E13 | v11(6) |  | $\underset{\substack{+99.5 \\+94.1 \\+9.1}}{+9.5}$ |
| None | V2(6) | + $+\substack{+71.6 \\+72.8 \\+7.8}$ | E14 | v11(1) |  | $\underset{\substack{+99.1 \\+94.5}}{+9.5}$ |
| None | v3(6) | $\xrightarrow[\substack{+72 \\+71.8 \\+71.6}]{+}$ | None | V11(8) |  | + $\begin{aligned} & +2.5 \\ & +3.3 \\ & +4.0 \\ & +4.0\end{aligned}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {e5 }}$ | $\underbrace{\mathrm{V} 2(1)}_{\text {V6(2) }}$ | - - -190 -151 | None | V11(3) |  | + $\begin{gathered}+4.0 \\ +3.3 \\ +2.5 \\ +2.5\end{gathered}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {E6 }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { V3(1) } \\ \text { V6(7) }}}^{\text {(2) }}$ | +151 +150 +149 +1 | E15 | v12(1) |  | +187 +181 +185 |
| E9 | v6(3) | $\underset{\substack{\text { +150 } \\+151 \\+152}}{ }$ | E16 | v13(1) |  | $\xrightarrow{+185} \begin{aligned} & \text { +181 } \\ & +189\end{aligned}$ |
| E10 | v6(8) | $\begin{aligned} & \substack{+152 \\ +151 \\ +150} \\ & +150 \end{aligned}$ | E18 | v10(8) |  | $\begin{aligned} & +3.1 \\ & +4.0 \\ & +4.8 \end{aligned}$ |
| None | v7(1) | $\begin{aligned} & +0.75 \\ & +1.55 \\ & +2.4 \end{aligned}$ | E19 | v10(3) |  | $\begin{aligned} & +4.8 \\ & +4.0 \\ & +3.0 \end{aligned}$ |

Conditions of Measurement: Spot set to the three positions using the Vertic AL
Position control. The voitages shown on the schematic correspond to spot center


Figure 4-8. Main Vertical Amplifier Functional and Servicing Block Diagram

| Test Point | Location | Voltage vs Spot Location 2 cm Left Center 2 cm Right |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C4 | V201(7) | -3.3 | -3.1 | -2.9 |
| ${ }^{\text {c5 }}$ | $\mathrm{V} 202(2)^{2}$ | 0.058 |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {c7 }}$ | V202(8) | $\stackrel{+}{+2.3}$ | ${ }_{+2.2}^{+2.2}$ | $\stackrel{+}{+2.3}+$ |
| C8 | Q201(E) | +2.1 | ${ }_{+2.2}^{+2.2}$ | ${ }_{+2.3}^{+2.1}$ |
| c9 | Q202(E) | +2.3 | +2.2 | +2.1 |
| ${ }^{\text {c10 }}$ | Q201(B), Q202(B) | +1.9 | +2.0 | +2.1 |
| ${ }^{\text {c11 }}$ | Q201( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }_{+}^{+14.8}$ | +13.8 | $\begin{array}{r}+12.8 \\ +148 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| ${ }_{C 13}$ | ${ }^{\text {Q20 }}$ V204(2,9) | ${ }_{-12}^{+12.8}$ | ${ }_{-11}^{+13.8}$ | ${ }_{-10}^{+14.8}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {c14 }}$ | V205 (2,9) | -10 | -11 | -12 |
| C15 | ${ }_{\text {V206 ( }} \mathrm{V}$ (1), $\mathrm{V} 205(1)$ | - $\begin{array}{r}-8.0 \\ +217.5\end{array}$ | ${ }_{\text {- }}^{-8.0}$ | -8.0 |
| C17 | V206(2) | +73 | +142 | +217.5 |
| C18 | R245-R246 | +63 | +42. | +21 |
| ${ }^{\text {c19 }}$ | ${ }^{\text {R259-R260 }}$ | +21 | +42. | +63 |
| ${ }^{\text {c20 }}$ | ${ }^{2} 206(8)$ | +225 | +147 | ${ }^{775}$ |
| C21 | V2066(3) | +75 | +147 | +225 |
| None | "+370 (B)" | +322 | +311 | +294 |

Conditions of Measurement: Soot set to the three positions using the HORIZONTAL
POSITION control; HORIZONTAL DISPLAY switch set to $1 \mathrm{MV} / \mathrm{CM}$; application of the voltmeter test probe shall deflect the spot. The voltages shown on schematic correspond to spot center.


Supplementary
Non-Opuberateshooting Swepp Votages for


| Test Point | Location |  | Test Puin | Location |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{\text {D6 }}$ | ${ }^{\text {R171 }}$ | -38. | ${ }^{\text {D15 }}$ | v105(7) | -51. |
| ${ }^{\text {D7 }}$ | v104(7) | ${ }_{-0.3}^{-0.36 \mathrm{y}}$ | ${ }^{17}$ | ${ }^{\text {R175 }}$ | ${ }_{-}^{-75.4}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {D8 }}$ | ${ }^{\text {v1044 }}$ ) | -100. + c | ${ }^{\text {D18 }}$ | V114(8) | $-66$. |
|  | ${ }^{\text {104(6) }}$ | +10. | D19 | V 1137 7 | -66. |
| None | V104(2) | $\stackrel{-22.9}{+50.6}$ |  | ) | ${ }^{-3}$ |
| D9 | v105(2) | +50.6 | D20 | V113(8) | ${ }_{-0.04}^{-38 .}$ |
|  |  | -17. | ${ }^{21}$ | vi13(1) | -7. |
| D10 | v105(3) | -1.8 | ${ }^{\text {D22 }}$ | see D19 | +82. |
| ${ }^{\text {D11 }}$ | v105(1) | -4.2 | ${ }^{\text {D23 }}$ | v107(2) |  |
| D12 | ${ }^{\text {R151 }}$ | -4.6 | D24 | v107(3) | - $\begin{array}{r}-16 . \\ \hline-52\end{array}$ |
| D13 | V1096; | +66. ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | ${ }^{\text {025 }}$ | v107(7) | $-15$. |
|  |  | +332. | D26 | V107(8) | 0 |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { R157 jurc- }}$ (ican with |  |  | ${ }^{2} 26$ | (1078) | +53. |
| $\underbrace{\text { Lead }}_{\text {Wht-ORN }}$ |  |  | ${ }^{2} 27$ | v114(2) | - $\begin{gathered}-51 . \\ +80\end{gathered}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {D14 }}$ | R155 | - $\begin{gathered}-58 . \\ +83 .\end{gathered}$ | D28 | v114(3) | - ${ }_{\text {- }}^{\text {- }}$ +81. |
| D15 | ${ }^{1115(8)}$ | - 51. |  |  |  |


| (16) $\sim \underbrace{-17 v}_{-38 v}$ | (105)(08) | - ${ }_{-50 \mathrm{~V}}+$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (07) wir $\sim \ldots)^{-188 v}$ | (17) | - $\begin{array}{r}-250 \\ -75 V\end{array}$ |
|  | (20) | -13 V -38 V |
|  | (118)(19)(202) | 人 ${ }_{-58 \mathrm{l}}^{-18 \mathrm{~V}}$ |
| (13) $\sim L_{+66 \mathrm{~V}}^{+174 \mathrm{~V}}$ | (103)(29)(205) | \% 5 - ${ }_{-281}$ |
| (10) $\sim \sim-{ }_{-58 \mathrm{~V}}^{+5 \mathrm{~V}}$ | (32) | - ${ }_{\text {+ }}^{\text {ov }}$ |



Figure 4-11. Sweep Generator Functional and Servicing Block Diagram


Figure 4-13. Vertical Plug-in Functional and Servicing Block Diagram



Figure 5-37. Main Vertical Amplifier Schematic Diagram



|  | 曾品 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |






Figure 5-39. Sweep-Time Switch, Functional Schematic Diagram
UNCLASSIFIED
5-63, 5-64


Figure 5-39A. Sweep-Time Switch, Functional Schematic Diagram, AN/USM-140C



|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 穹罟 |  |


| Test Point | Loation | Voltage vs Spot Location 2 cm Left Center 2 cm Righ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{\text {c4 }}$ | v2017) | ${ }^{-3.3}$ |  |  |
| c | v22221 | 0.058 |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {c6 }}$ | ${ }^{\text {V2223) }}$ | +2.1 | +2.2 | ${ }^{2.3}$ |
| cf <br> Cl | (1020 | +2.2. | + +2.2 | +2.3 |
| c9 | Q202E) | +2.3 | +2.2 | +2.1 |
| $\mathrm{cl}_{10}$ | Q201[B) $2202[$ [B] | +1.9 | +2.0 |  |
| C11 | Q2011C) | +14.8 | +13.8 | +12.8 |
| $\mathrm{Cl2}$ | Q222C | +12.8 | +13.8 |  |
| C 13 | V2041,9) | -12 | -11 | -10 |
| $\mathrm{Cl}_{1}$ | v2551.9) | -10 | 11 |  |
| $\mathrm{Cl}_{15}$ | V20441) , v20 | -8.0 | -8.0 |  |
| $\mathrm{Cl}$ | v2067) | +217.5 |  |  |
| c17 | V20621 | 43 |  | 227.5 |
| $\mathrm{Cl8}$ | ${ }^{1245}$-246 | ${ }_{6} 63$ | +22. | $\stackrel{21}{ }$ |
| C19 |  |  | +42. | +63 |
| c20 | v2068) | $\stackrel{225}{ }$ | ${ }_{147}$ | -75 |
|  |  | +75 | +147 |  |
|  | : 2780 (B) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 432 |  |  |

Conditions of Measurenent:





|  |  |  | ণi <br>  <br>  <br>  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \#\% |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 逼总 |  |  |  |  |



Figure 5-14A. Horizontal Amplifier Schematic Diagram, ANJUSM-140C
NCLASSIFII

|  | $\underset{\substack{\text { schematic } \\ \text { Location }}}{\text { ate }}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Schematic } \\ \text { Location }}}{\text { a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| c301 | ${ }^{\text {B8 }}$ | ${ }^{\text {R3355 }}$ | ${ }^{\text {C3 }}$ |
| (c302 ${ }_{\text {c }}^{\text {c303 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {A5 }}^{\text {A }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { R } \\ \text { R337 }}}^{\text {R36 }}$ | ¢2 |
| ${ }_{\text {c }} \mathbf{c} 304$ | ${ }_{\text {D7 }}$ | R338 |  |
|  | ${ }_{\text {clid }}^{\text {F11 }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { R } \\ \text { R349 }}}^{\text {R39 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{\text {D4 }}$ |
| coick | ${ }_{\text {chi }}$ | R3341 | ${ }_{84}^{\text {H3 }}$ |
| C310 | ${ }_{\text {F9, }}$ | ${ }_{\text {R343 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {E5 }}$ |
| $\substack{\text { C311 } \\ \text { C312 }}^{\text {cen }}$ | $\underset{\text { F12 }}{\substack{\mathrm{Fr} 12}}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {F6 }}^{66}$ |
| C313 | cile |  | ${ }_{\text {F6 }}^{\text {F6 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {C315 }}$ | c10 | ${ }_{\substack{\text { R3488 } \\ \text { R34 }}}$ | ${ }_{66}^{\text {G6 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {c317 }}$ | ${ }_{C 4}$ | ${ }_{\text {R350 }}$ | ${ }_{66}$ |
|  | ${ }_{\text {F17 }}^{\text {c7 }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { R } \\ \text { R352 } \\ \text { 352 }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {H6 }}^{\text {H6 }}$ |
| ${ }_{31}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }_{\text {cli }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { R353 } \\ \text { R354 }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {F7 }}^{\text {E7 }}$ |
| 3105 <br> .302 <br> 102 | ${ }_{\text {ET }}^{\text {ET }}$ | ${ }_{\text {R }}^{\text {R } 3545}$ | ${ }_{\text {c14 }}$ |
| ${ }_{1301}$ | ${ }^{\text {A5 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {R }}^{\text {R356 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {F14 }}$ |
|  | ${ }_{\text {AT }}^{\text {A6 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {rasem }}^{\text {R35 }}$ | ${ }^{813}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {R304 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {B7 }}^{\text {B7 }}$ | R339 | ${ }_{\text {B13 }}{ }_{13}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {R3365 }}$ | ${ }_{87}$ | R361 | ${ }^{114}$ |
| $\substack{\text { R308 } \\ \text { R309 }}_{\text {Res }}$ | ${ }_{\text {D7 }}{ }^{\text {D7 }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Rrab } \\ \text { R363 }}}^{\text {Ref }}$ | ${ }_{\text {A15 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { R3311 } \\ \text { R312 }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {F9 }}$ | $\substack{\text { Re364 } \\ \text { R365 }}^{\text {Red }}$ | ${ }_{\text {P14 }}^{\text {F14 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {R313 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {F11 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {R366 }}^{\text {R36 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {A14 }}{ }^{14}$ |
| R314 R315 | ${ }_{\text {F11 }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { R337 } \\ \text { R368 }}}^{\substack{\text { a }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {c4 }}^{\text {c7 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { P3316 } \\ \text { R3317 } \\ \text { R317 }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {E11 }}^{\text {E11 }}$ | ( ${ }_{\substack{\text { s302 } \\ \text { T301 }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {Fer }}^{\text {F66 }}$ |
| R318 | ${ }_{\text {c11 }}$ | T301 | ${ }^{\text {c8 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { R3319 } \\ \text { R321 }}}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { A8 } \\ \text { B9 }}}$ |  | ${ }_{87}^{86}$ |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { R322 } \\ \text { R323 }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {c12 }}^{\text {D12 }}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {c6 }}$ |
| R324 | - | ${ }_{\substack{\text { v305 } \\ \text { V306A }}}^{\substack{\text { a }}}$ | ${ }_{c}^{\text {c13 }}$ |
| Re326 R327 R32 | $\underset{\substack{\text { E12 } \\ \text { E12 }}}{\text { ciel }}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {p5 }}^{\text {p5 }}$ |
|  | cil |  | ${ }_{\text {c5 }}^{\text {c5 }}$ |
|  |  |  | - |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { Ra32 } \\ \text { R333 }}}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { F13 } \\ \text { c13 }}}{ }$ | ( $\begin{gathered}\text { V310 } \\ \text { v311 }\end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{\text {c9 }}^{\text {c9 }}$ |
| R334 | ${ }_{\text {G14 }}$ |  |  |



Figure 5-43. High Voltage Power Supply and Calibrator Schematic Diagram.
$\underset{\text { ORIGINAL }}{\text { UNCLASIIFIED }} \underset{5-71,5-72}{ }$

|  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Schematic } \\ \text { Location }}}{\text { and }}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { SCHEMATIC } \\ \text { LOCATION }}}{ }$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| c301 | ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | R335 | ${ }^{\text {c3 }}$ |
| C302 | ${ }^{\text {D } 6}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { R336 } \\ \text { R337 }}}$ | ${ }^{\text {D3 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {c }}^{\text {c } 304}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { D7 } \\ \text { cin }}}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { R } \\ \text { R339 }}}^{\text {R39 }}$ | - ${ }_{\text {D }}$ |
| (c307 | ${ }_{\text {F11 }}^{\text {F11 }}$ | (r340 | ${ }_{\text {D4 }}^{\text {¢ }}$ |
| C309 | ${ }^{\text {Dr1 }}$ |  | ${ }_{\substack{\text { B4 } \\ \text { E5 }}}^{\text {H }}$ |
| C311 | ${ }_{\text {F12 }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { r34 } \\ \text { R34 }}}^{\text {r3, }}$ | ${ }_{\text {E6 }}^{65}$ |
| c312 | ${ }_{\text {F14 }}^{\text {F14 }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { R3345 } \\ \text { R34 }}}^{\text {Ren }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { F6 } \\ \text { F6 }}}$ |
| C314 | ${ }_{\substack{1614 \\ c 10}}^{\text {c10 }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { R3347 } \\ \text { R348 }}}$ | ${ }_{66}{ }_{66}$ |
| -316 | ${ }_{\text {c }}$ | Re399 | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{\text {G6 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {c318 }}$ | ${ }_{67}$ | ${ }_{\text {R351 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {H6 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { DLL301 } \\ 11}}$ | ${ }_{\text {cil }}^{\text {cil }}$ | ${ }_{\text {R }}^{\text {R } 353}$ | ${ }_{\text {E7 }}^{\text {H6 }}$ |
| J105 .302 $J 302$ | ${ }_{\text {ET }}^{\text {ET }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { R3354 } \\ \text { R35 }}}^{\text {Res }}$ | ${ }_{\text {F }}^{\text {F7 }}$ |
| (1301 | ${ }_{\text {A }}^{\text {A }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { R356 } \\ \text { R357 }}}^{\text {R3, }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { F14 } \\ \text { F14 }}}$ |
| (R302 | ${ }_{\text {A7 }}{ }^{\text {A }}$ | ${ }_{\text {R358 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {B13 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { R304 } \\ \text { R305 }}}$ | (127 | ${ }_{\substack{\text { R339 } \\ \text { R360 }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {A13 }}{ }_{\text {B13 }}$ |
|  | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{\text {B7 }}$ | $\substack{\text { R3361 } \\ \text { R362 }}_{\text {and }}$ | ${ }_{\text {A14 }}^{\text {A14 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {R }}$ | ${ }_{\text {D7 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {R36 }}$ | ${ }^{\text {A15 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {R312 }}^{\text {R312 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {Bra }}^{\text {Bro }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { R364 } \\ \text { R365 }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {A14 }}^{\text {F14 }}$ |
|  | ${ }_{\text {Fr }}^{\text {F }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { R366 } \\ \text { R367 }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {Al4 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { R3314 } \\ \mathrm{R} 315}}$ | $\underset{\text { F11 }}{\text { F11 }}$ | $\underbrace{\text { che }}_{\substack{\text { R3367 } \\ \text { R368 }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {ct }}^{\text {c }}$ |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { R3316 } \\ \text { R317 }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {P11 }}^{\text {E11 }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{5302 \\ \text { T301 }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {F16 }}^{\text {E6 }}$ |
|  | ${ }_{\text {cli }}^{\text {cli }}$ | ${ }_{\text {cta }}^{\text {T301 }}$ V301A | c8 ${ }_{\text {c6 }}^{68}$ |
|  |  | $\underbrace{\text { V }}_{\substack{\text { V3013 } \\ \text { V303 }}}$ | ${ }^{88}{ }^{87}$ |
|  | ¢12 | - v304 | ${ }_{\text {c6 }}^{\text {c }}$ |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { R324 } \\ \text { R325 }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {D12 }}^{\text {D12 }}$ | V306A | ${ }_{\text {c2 }}$ |
| $\underbrace{\text { cen }}_{\substack{\text { R3326 } \\ \text { R327 }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {E12 }}^{\text {E12 }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { V306B } \\ \text { V307A }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {D5 }}^{\text {B5 }}$ |
| (R328 |  |  | c5 |
|  |  | - ${ }_{\text {V309 }}^{\text {V30 }}$ | ${ }^{\text {D9 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { Re332 } \\ \text { R333 }}}^{\text {R3, }}$ | ${ }_{\text {cis }}^{\text {ci3 }}$ | V311 | ${ }_{\text {c9 }}^{\text {G9 }}$ |
| R334 | ${ }_{\text {c14 }}$ |  |  |



Figure 5-43A. High Voltage Power Supply and Calibrator Schematic Diagram.
ANUSM-140C
UNCLASSIFIED
CHANGE $1 \quad$ 5-72.1

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$\underset{\text { ORIGINAL }}{\text { UNCLASIIFIED }} 5$

| REF. | ${ }_{\text {S }}^{\substack{\text { Schematic } \\ \text { Location }}}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{\text {A401 }}$ | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {A }}^{4020}$ | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{\text {A }}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {Cr4401 }}$ | ${ }^{\text {A3 }}$ |
| CR402 | ${ }_{\text {A }}^{\text {B4 }}$ |
| crion | - ${ }_{\text {B3 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {CR406 }}$ | ${ }_{C 4}$ |
| CR407 | ${ }_{\text {D3 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {CR209 }}$ CR410 | ${ }_{\text {D }}^{\text {D }}$ |
| CR411 | ${ }_{\text {E3 }}$ |
| CR412 | ${ }_{\text {F }}^{\text {F30 }}$ |
| CR414 | ${ }_{\text {H3 }}^{\text {G3 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { CR416 } \\ \text { C401 }}}^{\text {cen }}$ | ${ }_{\text {c9 }}$ |
|  | A94 ${ }_{\text {d }}$ |
| ctice | ${ }_{\text {A3 }}$ |
| C405 | ${ }_{\text {c3 }}^{\text {c3 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {C407 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {H3 }}^{4}$ |
| C409 | ${ }_{\text {c9 }}$ |
| (c410 | c5 |
| ${ }^{4} 412$ | ${ }^{\text {A }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {C417 }}^{\text {C417 }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { E4 } \\ \text { E8 }}}$ |
| c418 | ${ }_{\text {E9 }}^{\text {E8 }}$ |
| cictic | ${ }_{\text {E5 }}^{\text {E11 }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {C425 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {G4 }}^{\text {G }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {DS401 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {E2 }}$ |
| (istion | ${ }_{\text {ci4 }}^{\text {E2 }}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {DS404 }}$ | H14 |
| ${ }_{\text {DS406 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {H15 }}$ |


|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |




Figure 5-44A. Low Voltage Power Supply Schematic Diagram, AN/USM-140C. $\underset{\text { CHANGE } 1}{ }{ }_{5-74 .}$



Figure 5-46. MX-2930B Dual Trace Preamplifier Schematic Diagram
$\underset{\substack{\text { UNCLASSIFIED } \\ 5-77,5-78}}{\text { ORIGINAL }}$

| 睌 |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \left.\frac{7}{y_{n} 0} \right\rvert\, \end{array}\right\|$ | 縭 |  | 如蓸 |  | 嚧 |  | 䊩 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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| Ft Carson (25) | 11-157 (2) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ft Knox (12) | 11-158 (2) |
| Ft Devens (5) | 11-215 (2) |
| JCA, Ft Ritchie (5) | 11-216 (2) |
| Army Dep (2) except | 11-225 (2) |
| LBAD (14) | 11-226 (2) |
| SAAD (30): | 11-500 AA-AC (2) |
| TOAD (14) | 11-587 (2) |
| FTWOAD (10) | 11.592 (2) |
| LEAD (7) | 11-597 (2) |
| SHAD (3) | 17 (2) |
| NAAD (5) | 17-100 (2) |
| SVAD (5) | 29-1 (2) |
| CHAD (3) | 29-11 (2) |
| ATAD (10) | 29-15 (2) |
| GENDEP (OS) (2) | 29-16 (2) |
| Sig Sec, GENDEP (OS) (5) | 29-21 (2) |
| Sig Dep (OS) (12) | 29-25 (2) |
| Sig Fld Maint Shops (2) | 29-26 (2) |
| AMS (1) | 29-35 (2) |
| USAERDAA (2) | 29-36 (2) |
| USAERDAW (13) | 29-41 (2) |
| USACRREL (2) | 29-51 (2) |
| USAEHA (5) | 29-55 (2) |
| USAPA (5) | 29-56 (2) |
| MAAG, Taiwan (5) | 29-75 (23 |
| MAAG, Vietnam (53 | 29-85 (2) |
| USA Comm Agcy, Taiwan (5) | 29-86 (2) |
| AFIP (5) | 29-87 (2) |
| Ft Monmouth Sig Spt Fac (5) | 29-105 (2) |
| FGH (5) | 29-109 (2) |
| Units org under fol TOE: | 31-105 (2) |
| 1-307 (2) | 32-56 (2) |
| 6-101 (2) | 32-77 (2) |
| 6-615 (2) | 32-500 (2) |
| 6-616 (2) | 37 (2) |
| 7 (2) | 37-100 (23 |
| 7-100 (2) | 44-235 (2) |
| 11-6 (2) | 44-236 (2) |
| 11-35 (2) | 44-536 (2) |
| 11-36 (2) | 44-547 (2) |
| 11-37 (2) | 44-548 (2) |
| 11-38 (2) | 44-568 (2) |
| 11-39 (2) | 47 (2) |
| 11-56 (2) | 55-50 (2) |
| 11-57 (2) | 55-89 (2) |
| 11-97 (2) | 55-99 (2) |
| 11-98 (2) | 55-405 (2) |
| 11-105 (2) | 55-407 (2) |
| 11-106 (2) | 55-417 (2) |
| 11-117 (2) | 55-457 (2) |
| 11-127 (2) | 55-458 (2) |
| 11-155 (2) | 57 (2) |
| 11-156 (2) | 57-100 (2) |

NG: State AG (3); Units-same as Active Army except allowance is one copy to each unit. USAR: None.
For explanation of abbreviations used, see AR 320-50


## The Metric System and Equivalents

## Linear Measure

1 centimeter $=10$ millimeters $=.39$ inch
1 decimeter = 10 centimeters = 3.94 inches
1 meter = 10 decimeters = 39.37 inches
1 dekameter = 10 meters = 32.8 feet
1 hectometer = 10 dekameters $=328.08$ feet
1 kilometer = 10 hectometers = 3,280.8 feet

## Weights

1 centigram = 10 milligrams = .15 grain
1 decigram = 10 centigrams $=1.54$ grains
1 gram = 10 decigram = 035 ounce
1 decagram = 10 grams $=.35$ ounce
1 hectogram = 10 decagrams = 3.52 ounces
1 kilogram = 10 hectograms = 2.2 pounds
1 quintal $=100$ kilograms $=220.46$ pounds
1 metric ton $=10$ quintals $=1.1$ short tons

1 centiliter = 10 milliters = $\mathbf{3 4} \mathrm{fl}$. ounce
1 deciliter $=10$ centiliters $=3.38$ fl. ounces
1 liter = 10 deciliters = 33.81 fl . ounces
1 dekaliter = 10 liters $=2.64$ gallons
1 hectoliter = 10 dekaliters = 26.42 gallons
1 kiloliter = 10 hectoliters $=\mathbf{2 6 4 . 1 8}$ gallons
Square Measure
1 sq. centimeter $=100$ sq. millimeters $=.155$ sq. inch
1 sq. decimeter $=100$ sq. centimeters $=15.5$ sq. inches
1 sq. meter (centare) $=100$ sq. decimeters $=10.76$ sq. feet
1 sq. dekameter (are) = 100 sq. meters = 1,076.4 sq. feet
1 sq. hectometer (hectare) $=100$ sq. dekameters $=2.47$ acres
1 sq. kilometer $=100$ sq. hectometers $=\mathbf{~} \mathbf{3 8 6}$ sq. mile

Cubic Measure

1 cu. centimeter $=1000$ cu. millimeters = . 06 cu. inch 1 cu . decimeter $=1000 \mathrm{cu}$. centimeters $=61.02 \mathrm{cu}$. inches 1 cu. meter = 1000 cu. decimeters = 35.31 cu. feet

## Approximate Conversion Factors

| To change | To | Multiply by | To change | To | Multiply by |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| inches | centimeters | 2.540 | ounce-inches | Newton-meters | . 007062 |
| feet | meters | . 305 | centimeters | inches | . 394 |
| yards | meters | . 914 | meters | feet | 3.280 |
| miles | kilometers | 1.609 | meters | yards | 1.094 |
| square inches | square centimeters | 6.451 | kilometers | miles | . 621 |
| square feet | square meters | . 093 | square centimeters | square inches | . 155 |
| square yards | square meters | . 836 | square meters | square feet | 10.764 |
| square miles | square kilometers | 2.590 | square meters | square yards | 1.196 |
| acres | square hectometers | . 405 | square kilometers | square miles | . 386 |
| cubic feet | cubic meters | . 028 | square hectometers | acres | 2.471 |
| cubic yards | cubic meters | . 765 | cubic meters | cubic feet | 35.315 |
| fluid ounces | milliliters | 29,573 | cubic meters | cubic yards | 1.308 |
| pints | liters | . 473 | milliliters | fluid ounces | . 034 |
| quarts | liters | . 946 | liters | pints | 2.113 |
| gallons | liters | 3.785 | liters | quarts | 1.057 |
| ounces | grams | 28.349 | liters | gallons | . 264 |
| pounds | kilograms | . 454 | grams | ounces | . 035 |
| short tons | metric tons | . 907 | kilograms | pounds | 2.205 |
| pound-feet | Newton-meters | 1.356 | metric tons | short tons | 1.102 |
| pound-inches | Newton-meters | . 11296 |  |  |  |

${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \quad$ Fahrenheit $\quad$ 5/9 (after $\quad$ Celsius ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

PIN: 017243-000

## K4XL's BAMA

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